#### **Installation or Replacement**

(f) Within 7,500 flight hours or 60 months after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs earlier: Install or replace with improved parts, as applicable, the bonding straps between the metallic frame of the fillet and the wing leading edge ribs, on both the left and right sides of the airplane, in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions of the applicable service bulletin identified in Table 1 of this AD.

# Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(g)(1) The Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested in accordance with the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19.

(2) Before using any AMOC approved in accordance with § 39.19 on any airplane to which the AMOC applies, notify the appropriate principal inspector in the FAA Flight Standards Certificate Holding District Office.

#### **Material Incorporated by Reference**

(h) You must use McDonnell Douglas DC-10 Service Bulletin 53-109, Revision 4, dated October 7, 1992; or McDonnell Douglas DC-10 Service Bulletin 53-111, Revision 3, dated August 24, 1992; as applicable, to perform the actions that are required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise. The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of these documents in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Contact Boeing Commercial Airplanes, Long Beach Division, 3855 Lakewood Boulevard, Long Beach, California 90846, Attention: Data and Service Management, Dept. C1-L5A (D800-0024), for a copy of this service information. You may review copies at the Docket Management Facility, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Room PL-401, Nassif Building, Washington, DC; on the Internet at http://dms.dot.gov; or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at the NARA. call (202) 741-6030, or go to http://www. archives.gov/federal\_register/code\_of\_ federal\_regulations/ibr\_locations.html.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on July 21, 2006.

## Ali Bahrami,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. E6-12299 Filed 8-2-06; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

# **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2004–NE-10-AD; Amendment 39-14704; AD 2006-16-04]

#### RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Rolls-Royce Corporation (Formerly Allison Engine Company, Allison Gas Turbine Division, and Detroit Diesel Allison) (RRC) 250–B and 250–C Series Turboshaft and Turboprop Engines

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The FAA is superseding an existing airworthiness directive (AD) for RRC 250-B and 250-C series turboshaft and turboprop engines. That AD currently requires a onetime inspection of the fuel nozzle screen for contamination, and if contamination is found, inspection and cleaning of the entire aircraft fuel system before further flight. That AD also requires replacing the fuel nozzle with a new design fuel nozzle, at the next fuel nozzle overhaul or by June 30, 2006, whichever occurs first. This AD requires the same actions, but would add additional part numbers (P/Ns) to the list of affected fuel nozzles. This AD would also explain that the existing AD, as worded, allows certain part number (P/N) fuel nozzles back into service. Those fuel nozzles must not be allowed back into service. This AD is prompted by the discovery that several P/Ns of fuel nozzles were inadvertently left out of AD 2004-24-09. We are issuing this AD to minimize the risk of sudden loss of engine power and uncommanded shutdown of the engine due to fuel contamination and collapse of the screen in the fuel nozzle.

**DATES:** This AD becomes effective September 7, 2006.

ADDRESSES: You may examine the AD docket at the FAA, New England Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Tallarovic, Aerospace Engineer, Chicago Aircraft Certification Office, FAA, 2300 East Devon Avenue, Des Plaines, IL 60018–4696; telephone (847) 294–8180; fax (847) 294–7834.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The FAA proposed to amend 14 CFR part 39 with a proposed airworthiness directive (AD). The proposed AD applies to RRC 250–B and 250–C series turboshaft and turboprop engines. We published the

proposed AD in the **Federal Register** on October 18, 2005 (70 FR 60453). That action proposed to require a onetime inspection of the fuel nozzle screen for contamination, and if contamination is found, inspection and cleaning of the entire aircraft fuel system before further flight. That AD also proposed to require replacing the fuel nozzle with a new design fuel nozzle, at the next fuel nozzle overhaul.

#### **Examining the AD Docket**

You may examine the AD Docket (including any comments and service information), by appointment, between 8 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. See ADDRESSES for the location.

#### Comments

We provided the public the opportunity to participate in the development of this AD. We have considered the comments received.

# Listing of Rule in DMS

One commenter believes that we should have listed the proposed action in "dms". We do not agree. Although the commenter did not define "dms," the only relevant system is the Docket Management System (DMS). When we began this proposed rule early in 2004, we were not using the DMS and we could not list it in the system.

#### **Change Goodrich Aerospace to Delavan**

One commenter notes that Goodrich Aerospace acquired the company with the Parts Manufacturer Approval (PMA) cited in the proposed AD (Delavan) and suggests changing the name in the final rule. We agree and have changed the name to Goodrich Delavan (Delavan was misspelled in the proposed rule.)

## Combine Tables 3 and 4

One commenter requests we combine Tables 3 and 4. The commenter believes that the nozzles listed in Table 3 manufactured under the PMA, which require an inspection within 50 operating hours, should be treated in the same manner as the nozzles listed in Table 4, which do not require an inspection until 150 operating hours. We do not agree. Operators have already inspected the nozzles listed in Table 4 under the requirements of AD 2004-24-09. After we published that AD, we found that we omitted some fuel nozzle part numbers from the list of parts requiring inspection. This proposed rule adds those omitted part numbers and includes both Rolls-Royce Corporation and PMA parts. Because we omitted these parts from AD 2004-24-09, operators have not inspected them yet.

Based on that, we intentionally shortened the compliance time for inspecting them. We have not changed this AD.

## **Correct Applicability Errors**

One commenter asks that we correct errors and omissions in the listing of aircraft models on which the affected engines are installed in Table 2. We agree and we have corrected this information in Table 2 and in the Applicability.

#### Change in Required Compliance Time

We have changed the compliance time required in paragraph (h) of the proposed rule from, "At the next fuel nozzle overhaul after the effective date of this AD, or by June 30, 2006, whichever occurs first \* \* \*", to "At the next fuel nozzle overhaul after the effective date of this AD \* \* \*", because the June 30, 2006 date has past.

#### Conclusion

We have carefully reviewed the available data, including the comments received, and determined that air safety and the public interest require adopting the AD with the changes described previously. We have determined that these changes will neither increase the economic burden on any operator nor increase the scope of the AD.

# **Costs of Compliance**

We estimate that this AD will affect 10,000 engines installed on aircraft of U.S. registry. We also estimate that it will take about one work-hour per engine to perform the required actions, and that the average labor rate is \$65 per work-hour. In addition, operators can either replace the fuel nozzle with a new one at a cost of about \$2,595 or have the existing nozzle overhauled at a cost of about \$850. We estimate that about 80 percent of the fuel nozzles will be overhauled and 20 percent will be replaced with a new nozzle. Therefore, we estimate that the required parts will cost, on average, about \$1,200 per engine. Based on these figures, we estimate the total cost of the AD to U.S. operators to be \$12,650,000.

## Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

We are issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in subtitle VII, part A, subpart III, section 44701, "General requirements." Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

#### **Regulatory Findings**

We have determined that this AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this AD:

(1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866;

(2) Is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and

(3) Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

We prepared a summary of the costs to comply with this AD and placed it in the AD Docket. You may get a copy of this summary by sending a request to us at the address listed under **ADDRESSES**. Include "AD Docket No. 2004–NE–10–AD" in your request.

#### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

# **Adoption of the Amendment**

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

# § 39.13 [Amended]

■ 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by removing Amendment 39–13885 (69 FR 69807, December 1, 2004) and by adding a new airworthiness directive, Amendment 39–14704, to read as follows:

2006–16–04 Rolls-Royce Corporation (formerly Allison Engine Company,

Allison Gas Turbine Division, and Detroit Diesel Allison): Amendment 39– 14704. Docket No. 2004–NE–10–AD.

#### Effective Date

(a) This airworthiness directive (AD) becomes effective September 7, 2006.

#### Affected ADs

(b) This AD supersedes AD 2004–24–09, Amendment 39–13885.

## **Applicability**

(c) This AD applies to Rolls-Royce Corporation (formerly Allison Engine Company, Allison Gas Turbine Division, and Detroit Diesel Allison) (RRC) 250–B and 250– C series turboshaft and turboprop engines in the following Table 1:

# TABLE 1.—250-B AND 250-C SERIES TURBOSHAFT AND TURBOPROP EN-GINES AFFECTED

-B15A -B15E -B15G -B17 -B17B -B17C -B17D -B17E -B17F -B17F/1 -B17F/2 -C10 -C10B -C10D -C18 -C18A -C18B -C18C -C20 -C20B -C20C -C20F -C20J -C20R -C20R/1 -C20R/2 -C20R/4 -C20S -C20W -C28 -C28B -C28C -C30 -C30G -C30G/2 -C30M -C30P -C30R -C30R/1 -C30R/3 -C30R/3M -C30S -C30U -C40B

-C47B

-C47M

These engines are installed on, but not limited to, the aircraft listed in the following Table 2:

## TABLE 2.—ENGINES INSTALLED ON, BUT NOT LIMITED TO

| Manufacturer                                | Model  |  |
|---|--|--|
| AeroSpace Technologies of Australia Pty Ltd | N22B, N22S, and N24A.  |  |
| Agusta                                      | A109, A109A, A109AII, and A109C.   |  |
| Arrow Falcon Exporters                      | OH-58A, OH-58A+, and OH-58C.   |  |
| Bell Helicopter Textron                     | 206A, 206A–1, 206B, 206L, 206L–1, 206L–3, 206L–4, 230, 407, and 430.           |  |
| B-N Group                                   | BN-2T and BN-2T-4R.  |  |
| Enstrom Helicopter                          | TH28, 480; and 480B.   |  |
| Eurocopter Canada Limited                   | BO 105 LS A-3.   |  |
| Eurocopter Deutschland                      | BO-105A, BO-105C, BO-105LS A-1, and BO-105S.                                   |  |
| Eurocopter France                           | AS355E, AS355F, AS355I, and AS355F2.   |  |
| FH-1100 Manufacturing Corporation           | 100, 420, and MX-7-420A.   |  |
| Garlick Helicopters                         | OH–58A, OH–58A+, OH–58C; Maule zm–7–420A, MT–7–420, MX–7–420, MX–7–420A.       |  |
| MD Helicopters Inc                          | 369, 369A, 369D, 369E, 369F, 369FF, 369H, 369HE, 369HM, 369HS, 500N, and 600N. |  |
| San Joaquin Helicopters                     | OH-58A, OH-58A+, and OH-58C.   |  |
| Schweizer                                   | TH269D.  |  |
| SIAI Marchetti s.r.l                        | SF600 and SF600A.  |  |
| Sikorsky Aircraft Corporation               | S-76A.   |  |
| Vulcanair S.p.A                             | AP68TP 300, and AP68TP 600.  |  |

#### **Unsafe Condition**

(d) This AD is prompted by the discovery that several part numbers (P/Ns) of fuel nozzles were inadvertently left out of AD 2004–24–09. That AD, as worded, allows certain P/N fuel nozzles back into service. Those fuel nozzles must not be allowed back into service. We are issuing this AD to

minimize the risk of sudden loss of engine power and uncommanded shutdown of the engine due to fuel contamination and collapse of the screen in the fuel nozzle.

#### Compliance

(e) You are responsible for having the actions required by this AD performed within

the compliance times specified unless the actions have already been done.

- (f) Perform a onetime inspection of the screens in fuel nozzles as follows:
- (1) For fuel nozzles with a P/N listed in Table 3 of this AD, inspect the screen for contamination within 50 operating hours after the effective date of this AD.

TABLE 3.—FUEL NOZZLES TO BE INSPECTED WITHIN 50 OPERATING HOURS

| Manufacturer   | P/N     | Corresponding<br>RRC vendor<br>P/N |
|--|---------|------------------------------------|
| RRC  | 6874959 | 5232815                            |
|  | 6894610 | 5233465                            |
|  | 6898531 | 5233585                            |
| Goodrich Delavan (Parts Manufacturer Approval (PMA)) | 47069   | N/A                                |
|  | 47101   | N/A                                |
|  | 49445   | N/A                                |

(2) For fuel nozzles with a P/N listed in Table 4 of this AD, inspect the screen for

contamination within 150 operating hours after January 5, 2005.

TABLE 4.—FUEL NOZZLES TO BE INSPECTED WITHIN 150 OPERATING HOURS

| Manufacturer | P/N                           | Corresponding<br>RRC vendor<br>P/N |
|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| RRC          | 6852020<br>6890917<br>6899001 | 5232480<br>5233333<br>5233600      |

- (g) If you find contamination on the screen, inspect and clean the entire aircraft fuel system before further flight.
- (h) At the next fuel nozzle overhaul after the effective date of this AD, do the following:
- (1) Remove from service fuel nozzles listed in Table 3 and Table 4 of this AD.
- (2) Replace with a serviceable fuel nozzle.

#### Definition

(i) For the purposes of this AD, a serviceable fuel nozzle is defined as a nozzle that has a P/N not specified in, or addressed by, this AD.

#### **Previous Credit**

(j) Previous credit is given for onetime inspections of fuel nozzles, RRC P/Ns

6852020, 6890917, and 6899001 using AD 2004–24–09.

# **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(k) The Manager, Chicago Aircraft Certification Office, has the authority to approve alternative methods of compliance for this AD if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19.

#### **Related Information**

(l) Information related to the subject of this AD can be found in Rolls-Royce Corporation Alert Commercial Engine Bulletins (CEBs), all at Revision 1, and all dated August 30, 2004, listed in the following Table 5:

# TABLE 5.—RELATED ALERT COMMERCIAL ENGINE BULLETINS

Issued in Burlington, Massachusetts, on July 27, 2006.

#### Francis A. Favara,

Manager, Engine and Propeller Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. E6–12420 Filed 8–2–06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### Food and Drug Administration

#### 21 CFR Parts 510 and 529

# New Animal Drugs; Change of Sponsor; Isoflurane

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to reflect a change of sponsor for an abbreviated new animal drug application (ANADA) for isoflurane, U.S.P., from Rhodia UK Ltd. to Nicholas Piramal India Ltd. UK. DATES: This rule is effective August 3, 2006.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

David R. Newkirk, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV–100), Food and Drug Administration, 7500 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 301–827–6967, e-mail: david.newkirk@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Rhodia UK Ltd., P.O. Box 46, St. Andrews Rd., Avonmouth, Bristol BS11 9YF, England, UK, has informed FDA that it has transferred ownership of, and all rights and interest in, ANADA 200–237 for isoflurane, U.S.P., to Nicholas Piramal India Ltd. UK, 1st Floor, Alpine House, Unit II, Honeypot Lane, London, NW99RX, England, UK. Accordingly, the regulations are amended in 21 CFR 529.1186 to reflect this change of sponsorship and a current format.

Following these changes of sponsorship, Rhodia UK Ltd. is no longer the sponsor of an approved application. In addition, Nicholas Piramal India Ltd. UK is not currently listed in the animal drug regulations as a sponsor of an approved application. Accordingly, 21 CFR 510.600(c) is being amended to remove the entries for Rhodia UK Ltd. to add entries for Nicholas Piramal India Ltd. UK.

This rule does not meet the definition of "rule" in 5 U.S.C. 804(3)(A) because it is a rule of "particular applicability." Therefore, it is not subject to the congressional review requirements in 5 U.S.C. 801–808.

#### List of Subjects

#### 21 CFR Part 510

Administrative practice and procedure, Animal drugs, Labeling, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

## 21 CFR Part 529

Animal drugs.

■ Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine, 21 CFR parts 510 and 529 are amended as follows:

# PART 510—NEW ANIMAL DRUGS

■ 1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 510 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 21 U.S.C. 321, 331, 351, 352, 353, 360b, 371, 379e.

■ 2. In § 510.600, in the table in paragraph (c)(1), alphabetically add an entry for "Nicholas Piramal India Ltd. UK" and remove the entry for "Rhodia UK Limited"; and in the table in paragraph (c)(2) remove the entry for "059258" and numerically add an entry for "066112" to read as follows:

# § 510.600 Names, addresses, and drug labeler codes of sponsors of approved applications.

\* \* \* \* \* (c) \* \* \* (1) \* \* \*

Firm name and address

Trug labeler code

(2) \* \* \*

| Drug labeler code |   | Firm name and address  |   |   |
|-------------------|---|--|---|---|
| *                 | * | *  | * | * |
| 066112            |   | Nicholas Piramal India Ltd.<br>UK, 1st Floor, Alpine<br>House, Unit II, Honeypot<br>Lane, London, NW99RX,<br>England, UK |   |   |
| *                 | * | *  | * | * |

# PART 529—OTHER DOSAGE FORM NEW ANIMAL DRUGS

■ 3. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 529 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 360b.

■ 4. In § 529.1186, in paragraph (b), remove "059258" and numerically add "066112"; and revise paragraph (a), the introductory text of paragraph (c), and paragraph (c)(3) to read as follows:

#### § 529.1186 Isoflurane.

- (a) *Specifications*. The drug is a clear, colorless, stable liquid.
- \* \* \* \* \* \*
- (c) *Conditions of use*. Administer by inhalation:
- (3) Limitations. Do not use in horses intended for human consumption. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

Dated: July 24, 2006.

# Bernadette A. Dunham,

Deputy Director, Office of New Animal Drug Evaluation, Center for Veterinary Medicine. [FR Doc. E6–12570 Filed 8–2–06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–S

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### **Food and Drug Administration**

# 21 CFR Part 520

## Oral Dosage Form New Animal Drugs; Kanamycin, Bismuth Subcarbonate, Activated Attapulgite

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Final rule; technical amendment.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to remove inactive ingredients from the specifications for an oral suspension and for tablets containing kanamycin, bismuth subcarbonate, and activated attapulgite; and to consolidate and reformat these sections. These actions are being taken to improve the accuracy