Dated: November 15, 2010. David O. Carson, General Counsel. [FR Doc. 2010–29139 Filed 11–17–10; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE P

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

Records Schedules; Availability and Request for Comments

AGENCY: National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). **ACTION:** Notice of availability of proposed records schedules; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) publishes notice at least once monthly of certain Federal agency requests for records disposition authority (records schedules). Once approved by NARA, records schedules provide mandatory instructions on what happens to records when no longer needed for current Government business. They authorize the preservation of records of continuing value in the National Archives of the United States and the destruction, after a specified period, of records lacking administrative, legal, research, or other value. Notice is published for records schedules in which agencies propose to destroy records not previously authorized for disposal or reduce the retention period of records already authorized for disposal. NARA invites public comments on such records schedules, as required by 44 U.S.C. 3303a(a).

DATES: Requests for copies must be received in writing on or before December 20, 2010. Once the appraisal of the records is completed, NARA will send a copy of the schedule. NARA staff usually prepare appraisal memorandums that contain additional information concerning the records covered by a proposed schedule. These, too, may be requested and will be provided once the appraisal is completed. Requesters will be given 30 days to submit comments.

ADDRESSES: You may request a copy of any records schedule identified in this notice by contacting the Life Cycle Management Division (NWML) using one of the following means:

Mail: NARA (NWML), 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740–6001.

E-mail: request.schedule@nara.gov. FAX: 301–837–3698.

Requesters must cite the control number, which appears in parentheses after the name of the agency which submitted the schedule, and must provide a mailing address. Those who desire appraisal reports should so indicate in their request.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Laurence Brewer, Director, Life Cycle Management Division (NWML), National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740–6001. Telephone: 301–837–1539. E-mail: *records.mgt@nara.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Each year Federal agencies create billions of records on paper, film, magnetic tape, and other media. To control this accumulation, agency records managers prepare schedules proposing retention periods for records and submit these schedules for NARA's approval, using the Standard Form (SF) 115, Request for Records Disposition Authority. These schedules provide for the timely transfer into the National Archives of historically valuable records and authorize the disposal of all other records after the agency no longer needs them to conduct its business. Some schedules are comprehensive and cover all the records of an agency or one of its major subdivisions. Most schedules, however, cover records of only one office or program or a few series of records. Many of these update previously approved schedules, and some include records proposed as permanent.

The schedules listed in this notice are media neutral unless specified otherwise. An item in a schedule is media neutral when the disposition instructions may be applied to records regardless of the medium in which the records are created and maintained. Items included in schedules submitted to NARA on or after December 17, 2007, are media neutral unless the item is limited to a specific medium. (*See* 36 CFR 1225.12(e).)

No Federal records are authorized for destruction without the approval of the Archivist of the United States. This approval is granted only after a thorough consideration of their administrative use by the agency of origin, the rights of the Government and of private persons directly affected by the Government's activities, and whether or not they have historical or other value.

Besides identifying the Federal agencies and any subdivisions requesting disposition authority, this public notice lists the organizational unit(s) accumulating the records or indicates agency-wide applicability in the case of schedules that cover records that may be accumulated throughout an

agency. This notice provides the control number assigned to each schedule, the total number of schedule items, and the number of temporary items (the records proposed for destruction). It also includes a brief description of the temporary records. The records schedule itself contains a full description of the records at the file unit level as well as their disposition. If NARA staff has prepared an appraisal memorandum for the schedule, it too includes information about the records. Further information about the disposition process is available on request.

Schedules Pending

1. Department of Agriculture, Departmental Administration (N1–16– 10–2, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system used to track the management of radiation safety records. Included are permits and approvals to obtain and use radioactive materials or x-ray equipment.

2. Department of Agriculture, Risk Management Agency (N1–258–09–7, 5 items, 5 temporary items). Records relating to legal matters such as appeals and litigation case files, witness request files, sanctions case files, insurance provider litigation cases, and special litigation documentation.

3. Department of the Army, Agencywide (N1–AU–10–19, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system containing meteorological conditions data for use by field artillery units.

4. Department of the Army, Agencywide (N1–AU–10–21, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system used to track and manage military mailing operations.

⁵. Department of the Army, Agencywide (N1–AU–10–39, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system containing cost estimates and supporting documentation for military construction projects.

6. Department of the Army, Agencywide (N1–AU–10–42, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system used to provide battle command simulation training for instructors and trainers at the brigade level. Included are budget information, contract data, and training facility requirements.

7. Department of the Army, Agencywide (N1–AU–10–61, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system used to identify and analyze training requirements. 8. Department of the Army, Agencywide (N1–AU–10–84, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system containing telecom service information such as billing details, service contracts, and budget data.

9. Department of the Army, Agencywide (N1-AU-10-87, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system used to track and maintain the serviceability of mobility items. Included are stock transactions, item and shelf life information including price, date of expiration, and condition codes.

10. Department of the Army, Agencywide (N1–AU–10–88, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system used to automate, combine, and track inventory management functions and associated financial processes. Included are yearly reports, organizational data, and stockade listings.

11. Department of the Army, Agencywide (N1-AU-10-105, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system used for receipt, issue, replenishment, and storage operations of army supplies. Included are stock management data, asset information, demand history, and electronic transactions.

12. Department of the Army, Agencywide (N1–AU–11–3, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system used to capture and store financial and manpower data used to formulate budgets and monitor execution.

13. Department of the Army, Agencywide (N1–AU–11–4, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system containing structure and composition data for conventional munitions.

14. Department of the Army, Agencywide (N1–AU–11–5, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system used to track the performance, reliability, and safety characteristics of stockpiled ammunition.

15. Department of Defense, Joint Staff (N1–218–10–3, 2 items, 2 temporary items). Master files of an electronic information system used to record assistance provided by the Inspector General, U.S. European Command. Included are narrative details, resolution descriptions, points of contact, and case closure information.

16. Department of Defense, Office of the Secretary of Defense (N1–330–09–2, 2 items, 2 temporary items). Records relating to the National Language Service Corps, including applications, self-assessments, and certification data. 17. Department of Defense, Office of the Secretary of Defense (N1–330–09–8, 3 items, 2 temporary items). Routine interrogation and detainee debriefing case files including video recordings, interrogator notes, and summary reports. Proposed for permanent retention are case files relating to detainees of high value or notoriety.

18. Department of Education, Office of Planning, Evaluation, and Policy Development (N1–441–09–18, 3 items, 3 temporary items). Records of the Family Policy Compliance office, including case files on inquiries and complaints made pursuant to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, the Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment, and the military recruiter provisions of the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001. Also included are master files of an electronic information system used to process and track complaints.

19. Department of Education, Agencywide (N1-441-09-25, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Records relating to the Computer Matching Agreements used to locate loan recipients who have defaulted on a student loan. Included are agreements, reports, cost-benefit analyses, program procedures, agreement audit records, closeout documentation for completed agreements, and other related records.

20. Department of Health and Human Services, Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (N1–510–09–2, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system containing information about quality measures used by external sources to assess the degree to which health care services increase the likelihood of desired health outcomes.

21. Department of Health and Human Services, Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (N1–510–09–3, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system containing information for the public about the innovative strategies that health care providers use to find more effective ways of delivering health care.

22. Department of Health and Human Services, Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (N1–510–09–4, 2 items, 1 temporary item). Master files of electronic information systems used to collect and disseminate longitudinal hospital care data from participating State and local healthcare organizations. Proposed for permanent retention are non-sensitive aggregate hospital care data sets.

23. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Coast Guard (N1–26–10–1, 3 items, 3 temporary items). Master files and outputs of an electronic information system used to provide Search and Rescue authorities with accurate information on the positions and characteristics of vessels near a reported distress.

24. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (N1–567–10–12, 2 items, 2 temporary items). Master files of an electronic information system containing asset tracking information regarding firearms, scopes, batons, body armor, and related law enforcement equipment.

25. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation (N1–65–10–15, 8 items, 7 temporary items). Legal records, including administrative and non-significant legal opinions and advice, legal assistance records, and working files. Proposed for permanent retention are significant program legal advice and opinion files. This schedule does not include litigation case files.

26. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation (N1–65–10–26, 8 items, 7 temporary items). Records of the Laboratory Division Hazardous Material Response Team, including internal and external training records and response team files. Proposed for permanent retention are policy files, threat assessments, and hazmat operations.

27. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation (N1–65–10–36, 4 items, 4 temporary items). Master files, outputs, audit logs, and administrative records of an electronic information system containing intelligence and investigative data.

28. Department of State, Bureau of Administration (N1–59–10–21, 3 items, 3 temporary items). Records associated with a Web site and television channel that broadcast content about the Department of State to employees. Records include an intranet site containing video clips; master files of a content management system used to catalog video clips for the Web site; and a video clip collection. Substantive video clips have been previously approved as permanent.

29. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration (N1– 237–10–17, 5 items, 2 temporary items). Inputs and outputs of an electronic information system containing lessons learned from transport airplane accidents. Proposed for permanent retention are system master files and system documentation.

30. Export-Import Bank of the United States, Agency-wide (N1–275–10–3, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system used by the public to file claim applications.

31. Social Security Administration, Agency-wide (N1–047–10–1, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master files of an electronic information system used to track administrative forms.

Dated: November 12, 2010. **Michael J. Kurtz,** Assistant Archivist for Records Services— Washington, DC. [FR Doc. 2010–29233 Filed 11–17–10; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 7515–01–P**

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50–341; NRC–2010–0357; FERMI, Unit 2]

Detroit Edison Company; Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is considering issuance of an exemption from Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR) part 20 Appendix G, Section III.E, for Facility Operating License No. NFP-43, issued to Detroit Edison Company (DECo, the licensee), for operation of Fermi, Unit 2 (Fermi-2) located in Monroe County, Michigan. Therefore, as required by 10 CFR 51.21, the NRC performed an environmental assessment. Based on the results of the environmental assessment, the NRC is issuing a finding of no significant impact.

Environmental Assessment

Identification of the Proposed Action

The proposed action would grant an exemption to extend the time period that can elapse during shipments of low-level radioactive waste before the licensee is required to investigate and file a report with the NRC. Specifically, the exemption would extend the time period for the licensee to receive acknowledgment that the low-level radioactive waste shipment has been received by the intended recipient from 20 days to 35 days.

The proposed action is in accordance with the licensee's application for an exemption dated February 5, 2010. The licensee has requested an exemption from certain control and tracking requirements in 10 CFR part 20, Appendix G, Section III.E, which require the licensee to investigate, and file a report with the NRC, if shipments of low-level radioactive waste are not acknowledged by the intended recipient within 20 days after transfer to the shipper.

The Need for the Proposed Action

DECo anticipates the increased use of rail as the method to ship radioactive waste. The licensee has experience with rail shipments from the Fermi-1 decommissioning project. Those rail shipments typically took more than 20 days to reach their destination in Clive, Utah. On April 26, 2010, the NRC granted a similar exemption extending the time period from 20 days to 35 days for radioactive shipments from Fermi-1 based on historical data submitted in support of that exemption request.

The licensee believes, and the NRC staff agrees, that the need to investigate, trace, and report to the NRC on the shipment of low-level waste packages not reaching their destination within 20 days does not serve the underlying purpose of the rule. The Commission finds that the underlying purpose of the Appendix G timing provision at issue is to investigate a late shipment that may be lost, misdirected or diverted. Furthermore, by extending the elapsed time for receipt acknowledgement to 35 days before requiring investigations and reporting, a reasonable upper limit on shipment duration (based on historical analysis) is still maintained if a breakdown of normal tracking systems were to occur. Therefore, the NRC staff finds that granting an exemption to extend the time period from 20 days to 35 days for mixed-mode or truck/rail or rail shipments of low-level radioactive waste will not result in an undue hazard to life or property.

Environmental Impacts of the Proposed Action

The NRC has completed its environmental assessment of the proposed action and concludes that the proposed action is procedural and administrative in nature. The staff has concluded that the changes would not significantly affect plant safety and would not have a significant adverse effect on the probability of an accident occurring. The proposed action would not result in an increased radiological hazard beyond those previously analyzed in the Updated Safety Analysis Report. There will be no change to radioactive effluents that affect radiation exposures to plant workers and members of the public. No changes will be made to plant buildings or the site property. Therefore, no changes or different types of radiological impacts are expected as a result of the proposed changes.

The proposed action does not result in changes to land use or water use, or result in changes to the quality or quantity of non-radiological effluents. No changes to the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System permit are needed. No effects on the aquatic or terrestrial habitat in the vicinity or the plant, or to threatened, endangered, or protected species under the Endangered Species Act, or impacts to essential fish habitat covered by the Magnuson-Stevens Act are expected. There are no impacts to the air or ambient air quality. There are no impacts to historical and cultural resources. There would be no noticeable effect on socioeconomic conditions in the region. Therefore, no changes or different types of nonradiological environmental impacts are expected as a result of the proposed action. Accordingly, the NRC concludes that there are no significant environmental impacts associated with the proposed action. The details of the NRC staff's safety evaluation will be provided in the exemption issued as part of the letter to the licensee approving the exemption to the regulation, if granted.

Environmental Impacts of the Alternatives to the Proposed Action

As an alternative to the proposed action, the NRC staff considered denial of the proposed action (*i.e.*, the "noaction" alternative). Denial of the application would result in no change in current environmental impacts. The environmental impacts of the proposed action and the alternative action are similar.

Alternative Use of Resources

The action does not involve the use of any different resources than those previously considered in the Final Environmental Statement for the Enrico Fermi Atomic Power Plant, Unit 2, NUREG–0769, dated August 1981, as supplemented with Addendum No. 1 in March 1982.

Agencies and Persons Consulted

In accordance with its stated policy, on September 21, 2010, the NRC staff consulted with the State official, Mr. Ken Yale, of the Michigan Department of Natural Resources and Environment regarding the environmental impact of the proposed action. The State official had no comments.

Finding of No Significant Impact

On the basis of the environmental assessment, the NRC concludes that the proposed action will not have a significant effect on the quality of the human environment. Accordingly, the NRC has determined not to prepare an environmental impact statement for the proposed action.

For further details with respect to the proposed action, see the licensee's letter dated February 5, 2010 (Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS) Accession No.