

## Securities and Exchange Commission

## § 204.51

new paying agency before collection can be resumed.

(b) *Responsibility of the Commission as the paying agency*—(1) *Complete claim*. When the Commission receives a properly certified claim from a creditor agency, deductions should be scheduled to begin at the next officially established pay interval. The Commission must notify the employee in writing that the Commission has received a certified debt claim from the creditor agency (including the amount) and the date salary offset will begin and the amount of such deductions.

(2) *Incomplete claim*. When the Commission receives an incomplete certification of debt from a creditor agency, the Commission must return the debt claim with notice that procedures under 5 U.S.C. 5514 and subpart B of this part must be provided and a properly certified debt claim received before action will be taken to collect from the employee's current pay account.

(3) *Review*. The Commission is not authorized to review the merits of the creditor agency's determination with respect to the amount or validity of the debt certified by the creditor agency.

(4) *Employees who transfer from one paying agency to another*. If, after the creditor agency has submitted the debt claim to the Commission and before the Commission collects the debt in full, the employee transfers to another agency, the Commission must certify the total amount collected on the debt. One copy of the certification must be furnished to the employee and one copy to the creditor agency along with notice of the employee's transfer.

(c) *Responsibility of the Program Official*. (1) The Program Official shall coordinate debt collections and shall, as appropriate:

(i) Arrange for a hearing upon proper petition by a federal employee; and

(ii) Prescribe, upon consultation with the General Counsel, such practices and procedures as may be necessary to carry out the intent of this regulation.

(2) The Program Official shall be responsible for:

(i) Ensuring that each certification of debt sent to a paying agency is con-

sistent with the pre-offset notice (§204.33, Pre-offset notice).

(ii) Obtaining hearing officials from other agencies pursuant to §204.36, Granting of a pre-offset hearing.

(iii) Ensuring that hearings are properly scheduled.

### § 204.44 Interest, penalties, and administrative costs.

Charges may be assessed for interest, penalties, and administrative costs in accordance with the Federal Claims Collection Standards, 4 CFR 102.13.

## Subpart C—Tax Refund Offset

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 8347(a) and 8461(g), 31 U.S.C. 3720A.

SOURCE: 58 FR 64372, Dec. 7, 1993, unless otherwise noted.

### § 204.50 Purpose.

This subpart establishes procedures for the Commission to refer past-due legally enforceable debts to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) for offset against the income tax refunds of an individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, nonprofit organization or any other form of business association, (31 U.S.C. 3720A(4)) owing debts to the Commission. In the case of refunds of business associations, this section applies only to refunds payable on or after January 1, 1995 (31 U.S.C. 3720A(5)). It specifies the agency procedures and the rights of the debtor applicable to claims referred under the Federal Tax Refund Offset Program for the collection of debts owed to the Commission.

### § 204.51 Past-due legally enforceable debt.

A past-due legally enforceable debt for referral to the IRS is a debt that:

(a) Resulted from:

(1) Erroneous payments made under the Civil Service Retirement or the Federal Employees' Retirement Systems; or

(2) Unpaid health or life insurance premiums due under the Federal Employees' Health Benefits or Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance Programs; or

(3) Any other statute administered by the Commission;