

**§ 522.863 Ethylisobutrazine hydrochloride injection.**

(a) *Specifications.* The drug is a sterile aqueous solution. Each milliliter contains 50 milligrams of ethylisobutrazine hydrochloride.

(b) *Sponsor.* See No. 000061 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Conditions of use.* (1) It is used in dogs as a tranquilizer.<sup>1</sup>

(2) It is administered intramuscularly at a dosage level of 2 to 5 milligrams of ethylisobutrazine hydrochloride per pound of body weight for profound tranquilization. It is administered intravenously at a dosage level of 1 to 2 milligrams of ethylisobutrazine hydrochloride per pound of body weight to effect.<sup>1</sup>

(3) It is not to be used in conjunction with organophosphates and/or procaine hydrochloride because phenothiazines may potentiate the toxicity of organophosphates and the activity of procaine hydrochloride.<sup>1</sup>

(4) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.<sup>1</sup>

[40 FR 13858, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 46 FR 48642, Oct. 2, 1981; 61 FR 8873, Mar. 6, 1996; 62 FR 61625, Nov. 19, 1997]

**§ 522.883 Etorphine hydrochloride injection.**

(a) *Chemical name.* 6,7,8,14 - tetrahydro - alpha - methyl - alpha - propyl - 6,14 - endo-ethenooripavine-alpha-methanol hydrochloride.

(b) *Specifications.* Each milliliter of etorphine hydrochloride injection, veterinary, contains 1 mg of etorphine hydrochloride in sterile aqueous solution.

(c) *Sponsors.* See No. 053923 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(d) *Conditions of use.* (1) The drug is used for the immobilization of wild and exotic animals.

(2) It is administered intramuscularly by hand syringe or syringe dart at a suitable dosage level depending upon the species.

<sup>1</sup>These conditions are NAS/NRC reviewed and deemed effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by § 514.111 of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.

(3) Do not use the drug unless diprenorphine hydrochloride injection, veterinary, as provided for in § 522.723, is available for use in reversing the effects of etorphine hydrochloride injection, veterinary.

(4) For use in wild or exotic animals only. Do not use in domestic food-producing animals. Do not use 30 days before, or during, the hunting season in free-ranging wild animals that might be used for food.

(5) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian. Distribution is restricted to veterinarians engaged in zoo and exotic animal practice, wildlife management programs, and researchers.

[40 FR 13858, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 48 FR 16241, Apr. 15, 1983; 61 FR 260, Jan. 4, 1996]

**§ 522.900 Euthanasia solution.**

(a) [Reserved]

(b)(1) *Specifications.* Each milliliter of nonsterile solution contains 390 milligrams of pentobarbital sodium and 50 milligrams of phenytoin sodium.

(2) *Sponsor.* Nos. 000061 and 059079 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(3) *Conditions of use*—(i) *Indications for use.* For the humane, painless, and rapid euthanasia of dogs.

(ii) *Amount.* One milliliter (390 milligrams of pentobarbital sodium and 50 milligrams of phenytoin sodium) for each 10 pounds of body weight.

(iii) *Limitations.* For intravenous injection or intracardiac injection when intravenous use is impractical. Do not use for therapeutic purposes. Do not use in animals intended for food. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

(c)(1) *Specifications.* Each milliliter of nonsterile, aqueous solution contains 400 milligrams of secobarbital sodium and 25 milligrams of dibucaine hydrochloride.

(2) *Sponsor.* See 000033 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(3) *Conditions of use*—(i) *Indications for use.* To induce rapid, humane, painless euthanasia of dogs.

(ii) *Amount.* For dogs, 1 milliliter for each 10 pounds of body weight.

(iii) *Limitations.* For intravenous injection. Do not use for therapeutic purposes. Do not use in animals intended for food. Federal law restricts this drug

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to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[46 FR 23232, Apr. 24, 1981, as amended at 47 FR 15327, Apr. 9, 1982; 48 FR 16241, Apr. 15, 1983; 52 FR 7832, Mar. 13, 1987; 56 FR 9623, Mar. 7, 1991; 59 FR 14367, Mar. 28, 1994]

### § 522.914 Fenprostalene solution.

(a) *Specifications*—(1) *Cattle*. Each milliliter of sterile solution contains 0.5 milligram of fenprostalene.

(2) *Swine*. Each milliliter of sterile solution contains 0.25 milligram of fenprostalene.

(b) *Sponsor*. See 000856 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Related tolerances*. See § 556.277 of this chapter.

(d) *Special considerations*. Labeling shall bear the following statements: Women of childbearing age, asthmatics, and persons with bronchial and other respiratory problems should exercise extreme caution when handling this product. It is readily absorbed through the skin and may cause abortion and/or bronchospasms. Accidental spillage on the skin should be washed off immediately with soap and water.

(e) *Conditions of use*—(1) *Cattle*—(i) *Amount*. 1 milligram (2 milliliters) subcutaneously per animal.

(ii) *Indications for use*. For feedlot heifers to induce abortion when pregnant 150 days or less. For beef or nonlactating dairy cattle for estrus synchronization.

(iii) *Limitations*. Subcutaneous use in cattle only. Feedlot heifers to induce abortion, single dose. Beef or nonlactating dairy cattle for estrus synchronization, a single dose or two doses 11 to 13 days apart. Do not use in pregnant animals unless abortion is desired. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

(2) *Swine*—(i) *Amount*. 0.25 milligram (1 milliliter) subcutaneously once per animal.

(ii) *Indications for use*. For sows and gilts pregnant at least 112 days for the induction of parturition.

(iii) *Limitations*. Subcutaneous use in swine only. Federal law restricts this

drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[48 FR 7164, Feb. 18, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 26715, June 29, 1984; 54 FR 400, Jan. 6, 1989; 61 FR 5506, Feb. 13, 1996]

### § 522.940 Colloidal ferric oxide injection.

(a) *Specifications*. Each milliliter of the drug contains colloidal ferric oxide equivalent to 100 milligrams of iron stabilized with a low-viscosity dextrin and contains 0.5 percent phenol as a preservative.

(b) *NAS/NRC status*. Use of this drug has been NAS/NRC reviewed and found effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by § 514.111 of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.

(c)(1) *Sponsor*. See Nos. 010042 and 017800 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(2) *Conditions of use*. It is used in baby pigs as follows:

(i) For the prevention of anemia due to iron deficiency, administer an initial intramuscular injection of 1 milliliter of the drug to each animal at any time between 2 to 5 days of age. Dosage may be repeated at 2 weeks of age.

(ii) For the treatment of anemia due to iron deficiency, administer an intramuscular injection of from 1 to 2 milliliters of the drug to each animal at any time between 5 to 28 days of age.

[40 FR 13858, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 49 FR 38938, Oct. 2, 1984; 50 FR 23298, June 3, 1985; 50 FR 25216, June 18, 1985; 51 FR 14989, Apr. 22, 1986; 51 FR 18314, May 19, 1986]

### § 522.955 Florfenicol solution.

(a) *Specifications*. Each milliliter of sterile solution contains 300 milligrams of florfenicol.

(b) *Sponsor*. See 000061 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Related tolerance*. See § 556.283 of this chapter.

(d) *Conditions of use*—(1) *Cattle*—(i) *Treatment of disease*—(A) *Amount*. 20 milligrams per kilogram of body weight (3 milliliters per 100 pounds) as an intramuscular injection. A second dose should be given 48 hours later. Alternatively, 40 milligrams per kilogram of body weight (6 milliliters per 100 pounds) as a single subcutaneous injection may be used.