

§ 558.360

(7) Monensin may also be used in combination with decoquinatone alone or with tylosin as in § 558.195.

[40 FR 13959, Mar. 27, 1975]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting § 558.355, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

§ 558.360 Morantel tartrate.

(a) *Approvals.* Type A medicated articles: 88 grams per pound to 000069 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(b) *Related tolerances.* See § 556.425 of this chapter.

(c) *Special considerations.* (1) Do not use in Type B or Type C medicated feeds containing bentonite.

(2) Consult your veterinarian before using in severely debilitated animals and for assistance in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism.

(d) *Conditions of use*—(1) *Amount.* 0.44 to 4.4 grams of morantel tartrate per pound of feed.

(2) *Indications for use*—(i) *Cattle.* For removal and control of mature gastrointestinal nematode infections of cattle including stomach worms (*Haemonchus* spp., *Ostertagia* spp., *Trichostrongylus* spp.), worms of the small intestine (*Cooperia* spp., *Trichostrongylus* spp., *Nematodirus* spp.), and worms of the large intestine (*Oesophagostomum radiatum*).

(ii) *Goats.* For removal and control of mature gastrointestinal nematode infections of goats including *Haemonchus contortus*, *Ostertagia (Teladorsagia) circumcincta*, and *Trichostrongylus axei*.

(3) *Limitations.* Feed as a single therapeutic treatment at 0.44 gram of morantel tartrate per 100 pounds of body weight. Fresh water should be available at all times. When medicated feed is consumed, resume normal feeding. Conditions of constant worm exposure may require retreatment in 2 to 4 weeks. Do not treat cattle within 14 days of slaughter; do not treat goats within 30 days of slaughter.

[46 FR 50950, Oct. 16, 1981, as amended at 47 FR 53352, Nov. 26, 1982; 51 FR 7399, Mar. 3, 1986; 51 FR 9005, Mar. 17, 1986; 52 FR 11642, Apr. 10, 1987; 59 FR 17922, Apr. 15, 1994]

21 CFR Ch. I (4–1–01 Edition)

§ 558.363 Narasin.

(a) *Approvals.* Type A medicated articles containing specified levels of narasin approved for sponsors identified in § 510.600(c) of this chapter for use as in paragraph (d) of this section are as follows:

(1) To 000986: 36, 45, 54, 72, and 90 grams per pound, paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this section.

(2) To 000986: 36, 45, 54, 72, and 90 grams per pound, with 10, 20, 50, and 80 percent roxarsone, paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this section.

(3) To 000986: 36 grams per pound, with 36 grams per pound nicarbazin, paragraph (d)(1)(iii) of this section.

(4) To 012799: 36, 45, 54, 72, and 90 grams per pound, with 2 and 10 grams per pound bambamycin, paragraph (d)(1)(iv) of this section.

(5) To 012799: 45 grams per pound, with 4 and 10 grams per pound bambamycin, and 45.4, 90, and 227 grams per pound roxarsone, paragraph (d)(1)(vii) of this section.

(6) To 046573: 45 grams per pound with 10, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, or 75 grams per pound bacitracin methylene disalicylate and 45.4, 90, or 227 grams per pound roxarsone, paragraphs (d)(1)(viii) and (d)(1)(ix) of this section.

(7) To 063238: 36, 45, 54, 72, or 90 grams per pound, with 10, 25, 40, or 50 grams per pound bacitracin zinc, paragraph (d)(1)(x) of this section.

(b) *Tolerances.* See § 556.428 of this chapter.

(c) [Reserved]

(d) *Conditions of use.* It is used as follows:

(1) *Broiler chickens*—(i) *Amount per ton.* Narasin, 54 to 72 grams.

(A) *Indications for use.* For prevention of coccidiosis caused by *Eimeria necatrix*, *E. tenella*, *E. acervulina*, *E. brunetti*, *E. mivati*, and *E. maxima*.

(B) *Limitations.* For broiler chickens only. Feed continuously as sole ration. Do not allow adult turkeys, horses, or other equines access to narasin formulations. Ingestion of narasin by these species has been fatal.

(ii) *Amount per ton.* Narasin, 54 to 72 grams, plus roxarsone 45.4 grams (0.005 percent).

(A) *Indications for use.* For the prevention of coccidiosis in broiler chickens caused by *Eimeria tenella*, *E.*