#### §584.700

#### §584.700 Hydrophobic silicas.

- (a) *Product*. Amorphous fumed hydrophobic silica or precipitated hydrophobic silica (CAS Reg. No. 68611–0944–099, silane, dichlorodimethyl-, reaction products with silica).
- (b) Conditions of use. An anticaking/ free-flow agent in vitamin preparations for animal feed.
- (c) Limitations. Not to exceed 5 percent in the vitamin preparation. It shall be used in accordance with good manufacturing or feeding practices. It must be of purity suitable for intended use, and it must comply with the following specifications:
- (i) Amorphous fumed hydrophobic silica: Not less than 99.0 percent silicon dioxide after ignition. Not more than 3 ppm arsenic. Not more than 0.003 percent heavy metals (as lead). Not more than 10 ppm lead. Not more than 2.5 percent loss on drying. Not more than 2 percent loss on ignition after drying. Not more than 1 percent insoluble substances. Not more than 50 parts per million dichlorodimethylsilane.
- (ii) Precipated hydrophobic silica: Not less than 94.0 percent silicon dioxide after ignition. Not more than 3 ppm arsenic. Not more than 0.003 percent heavy metals (as lead). Not more than 10 ppm lead. Not more than 7 percent loss on drying. Not more than 8.5 percent loss on ignition after drying. Not more than 5 percent soluble ionizable salts (as sodium sulfate). Not more than 1 percent insoluble substances. Not more than 50 parts per million dichlorodimethylsilane.

[61 FR 43453, Aug. 23, 1996]

# PART 589—SUBSTANCES PROHIB-ITED FROM USE IN ANIMAL FOOD OR FEED

### Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec

589.1 Substances prohibited from use in animal food or feed.

#### Subpart B—Listing of Specific Substances Prohibited From Use in Animal Food or Feed

589.1000 Gentian violet.

589.1001 Propylene glycol in or on cat food. 589.2000 Animal proteins prohibited in ruminant feed. AUTHORITY: 21 U.S.C. 321, 342, 343, 348, 371.

# **Subpart A—General Provisions**

# § 589.1 Substances prohibited from use in animal food or feed.

- (a) The substances listed in this part have been prohibited from use in animal food or feed by the Food and Drug Administration because of a determination that they present a potential risk to the public health or have not been shown by adequate scientific data to be safe for use in such food or feed. Use of any of these substances in violation of this part causes the animal food or feed involved to be adulterated and in violation of the Act.
- (b) This part includes only a partial list of substances prohibited from use in animal food or feed; it is for easy reference purposes and is not a complete list of substances that may not lawfully be used in such animal food or feed. No substance may be used in animal food or feed unless it meets all applicable requirements of the Act.
- (c) The Food and Drug Administration either on its own initiative or on behalf of any interested person who has submitted a petition, may publish a proposal to establish, amend, or repeal a regulation under this part on the basis of new scientific evaluation or information. Any such petition shall include an adequate scientific basis to support the petition, shall be the form set forth in §571.1 of this chapter, and will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER for comment if it contains reasonable ground.

 $[45~{\rm FR}~28319,~{\rm Apr.}~29,~1980]$ 

# Subpart B—Listing of Specific Substances Prohibited From Use in Animal Food or Feed

## §589.1000 Gentian violet.

The Food and Drug Administration has determined that gentian violet has not been shown by adequate scientific data to be safe for use in animal feed. Use of gentian violet in animal feed causes the feed to be adulterated and in violation of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act), in the absence of a regulation providing for its