

§ 868.1170

dioxide in blood to aid in determining the patient's circulatory, ventilatory, and metabolic status.

(b) *Classification.* Class III (premarket approval).

(c) *Date PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required.* No effective date has been established of the requirement for premarket approval. See § 868.3.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982; 47 FR 40410, Sept. 14, 1982, as amended at 52 FR 17735, May 11, 1987]

§ 868.1170 Indwelling blood hydrogen ion concentration (pH) analyzer.

(a) *Identification.* An indwelling blood hydrogen ion concentration (pH) analyzer is a device that consists of a catheter-tip pH electrode and that is used to measure, in vivo, the hydrogen ion concentration (pH) in blood to aid in determining the patient's acid-base balance.

(b) *Classification.* Class III (premarket approval).

(c) *Date PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required.* No effective date has been established of the requirement for premarket approval. See § 868.3.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 52 FR 17735, May 11, 1987]

§ 868.1200 Indwelling blood oxygen partial pressure (P_{O₂}) analyzer.

(a) *Identification.* An indwelling blood oxygen partial pressure (P_{O₂}) analyzer is a device that consists of a catheter-tip P_{O₂} transducer (e.g., P_{O₂} electrode) and that is used to measure, in vivo, the partial pressure of oxygen in blood to aid in determining the patient's circulatory, ventilatory, and metabolic status.

(b) *Classification.* Class III (premarket approval).

(c) *Date PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required.* No effective date has been established of the requirement for premarket approval. See § 868.3.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982; 47 FR 40410, Sept. 14, 1982, as amended at 52 FR 17735, May 11, 1987]

§ 868.1400 Carbon dioxide gas analyzer.

(a) *Identification.* A carbon dioxide gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of carbon dioxide in a gas mixture to aid in de-

21 CFR Ch. I (4-1-01 Edition)

termining the patient's ventilatory, circulatory, and metabolic status. The device may use techniques such as chemical titration, absorption of infrared radiation, gas chromatography, or mass spectrometry.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1430 Carbon monoxide gas analyzer.

(a) *Identification.* A carbon monoxide gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of carbon monoxide in a gas mixture to aid in determining the patient's ventilatory status. The device may use techniques such as infrared absorption or gas chromatography.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1500 Enflurane gas analyzer.

(a) *Identification.* An enflurane gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of enflurane anesthetic in a gas mixture.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1575 Gas collection vessel.

(a) *Identification.* A gas collection vessel is a container-like device intended to collect a patient's exhaled gases for subsequent analysis. It does not include a sampling pump.

(b) *Classification.* Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1119, Jan. 16, 1996]

§ 868.1620 Halothane gas analyzer.

(a) *Identification.* A halothane gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of halothane anesthetic in a gas mixture. The device may use techniques such as mass spectrometry or absorption of infrared or ultraviolet radiation.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1640 Helium gas analyzer.

(a) *Identification.* A helium gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of helium in a gas