

§ 868.1860

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1860 Peak-flow meter for spirometry.

(a) *Identification*. A peak-flow meter for spirometry is a device used to measure a patient's maximum ventilatory flow rate.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1870 Gas volume calibrator.

(a) *Identification*. A gas volume calibrator is a device that is intended for medical purposes and that is used to calibrate the output of gas volume measurement instruments by delivering a known gas volume.

(b) *Classification*. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1119, Jan. 16, 1996]

§ 868.1880 Pulmonary-function data calculator.

(a) *Identification*. A pulmonary-function data calculator is a device used to calculate pulmonary-function values based on actual physical data obtained during pulmonary-function testing.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1890 Predictive pulmonary-function value calculator.

(a) *Identification*. A predictive pulmonary-function value calculator is a device used to calculate normal pulmonary-function values based on empirical equations.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1900 Diagnostic pulmonary-function interpretation calculator.

(a) *Identification*. A diagnostic pulmonary-function interpretation calculator is a device that interprets pulmonary study data to determine clinical significance of pulmonary-function values.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).

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§ 868.1910 Esophageal stethoscope.

(a) *Identification*. An esophageal stethoscope is a nonpowered device that is inserted into a patient's esophagus to enable the user to listen to heart and breath sounds.

(b) *Classification*. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to § 868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 65 FR 2313, Jan. 14, 2000]

§ 868.1920 Esophageal stethoscope with electrical conductors.

(a) *Identification*. An esophageal stethoscope with electrical conductors is a device that is inserted into the esophagus to listen to a patient's heart and breath sounds and to monitor electrophysiological signals. The device may also incorporate a thermistor for temperature measurement.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1930 Stethoscope head.

(a) *Identification*. A stethoscope head is a weighted chest piece used during anesthesia to listen to a patient's heart, breath, and other physiological sounds.

(b) *Classification*. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 54 FR 25048, June 12, 1989]

§ 868.1965 Switching valve (ploss).

(a) *Identification*. A switching valve (ploss) is a three-way valve located between a stethoscope placed over the heart, a blood pressure cuff, and an ear-piece. The valve allows the user to eliminate one sound channel and listen only to a patient's heart or korotkoff (blood pressure) sounds through the other channel.

(b) *Classification*. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter. The device is also exempt from the current good manufacturing practice regulations in part 820 of this chapter, with the exception of