

### § 1651.3

precedence set forth in paragraph (a) of this section.

[62 FR 32429, June 13, 1997, as amended at 64 FR 31062, June 9, 1999]

### § 1651.3 Designation of beneficiary.

(a) *Filing requirements.* In order to designate a beneficiary of a TSP account, the participant must complete and file Form TSP-3, Designation of Beneficiary, unless Form TSP-11-B is used for this purpose. All Forms TSP-3 and TSP-11-B signed on or after January 1, 1995, must be received by the TSP record keeper on or before the participant's date of death. If the Form TSP-3 was received and accepted by the participant's employing agency before January 1, 1995, the TSP record keeper will process it and determine its validity when it is received from the employing agency. A valid Form TSP-3 remains in effect until it is properly canceled or changed as described in § 1651.4.

(b) *Eligible beneficiaries.* Any individual, firm, corporation, or legal entity, including the U.S. Government, may be designated as a beneficiary. Any number of beneficiaries can be named to share the death benefit. A beneficiary may be designated without the knowledge or consent of the beneficiary or the knowledge or consent of the participant's spouse.

(c) *Validity requirements.* In order to be valid, a Form TSP-3 must be signed by the participant in the presence of two witnesses, or the participant must acknowledge his or her signature on the Form TSP-3 in the presence of two witnesses. A witness must be age 21 or older, and a witness designated as a beneficiary on the Form TSP-3 will not be entitled to receive a death benefit payment. If a witness is the only named beneficiary, the Form TSP-3 is invalid. If more than one beneficiary is named, the share of the witness beneficiary will be allocated among the remaining beneficiaries *pro rata*.

(d) *Will.* A will, or any document other than Form TSP-3 or Form TSP-11-B, may not be used to designate a beneficiary(ies) of a TSP account.

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### § 1651.4 Change or cancellation of a designation of beneficiary.

(a) *Change.* In order to change a designation of beneficiary, the participant must properly complete a new Form TSP-3, which must be received by the TSP record keeper on or before the date of death of the participant under the same rules as set forth in § 1651.3(a). The TSP record keeper will honor the Form TSP-3 with the latest date signed by the participant which is otherwise valid under the rules set forth in § 1651.3. A change of beneficiary may be made at any time and without the knowledge or consent of the participant's spouse or any current or prior designated beneficiaries.

(b) *Cancellation.* A participant may cancel all prior designations of beneficiaries by sending the TSP record keeper either a new valid Form TSP-3 or a letter, signed and dated by the participant and witnessed in the same manner as a Form TSP-3, stating that all prior designations are canceled. In order to be effective, either of these documents must be received by the TSP record keeper on or before the date of death of the participant in accordance with the rules set forth in § 1651.3(a). The filing of either of these documents will cancel all earlier designations.

(c) *Will.* A will, or any document other than Form TSP-3 or Form TSP-11-B, may not be used to change or cancel a beneficiary(ies) of a TSP account.

### § 1651.5 Widow or widower.

For purposes of payment under § 1651.2(a)(2), the widow or widower of the participant is the person to whom the participant is married on the date of death. A person is considered to be married even if the parties are separated, unless a court decree of divorce or annulment has been entered. State law of the participant's domicile will be used to determine whether the participant was married at the time of death.

### § 1651.6 Child or children.

If the account is to be paid to the child or children, or to descendants of deceased children by representation, as