

percent butterfat, that are intended to be used as beverages. Such products include, but are not limited to: Milk, fat-free milk, low fat milk, light milk, reduced fat milk, milk drinks, eggnog and cultured buttermilk, including any such beverage products that are flavored, cultured, modified with added nonfat milk solids, sterilized, concentrated or reconstituted. As used in this Part, the term *concentrated milk* means milk that contains not less than 25.5 percent, and not more than 50 percent, total milk solids.

(b) The term *fluid milk product* shall not include:

(1) Plain or sweetened evaporated milk/skim milk, sweetened condensed milk /skim milk, formulas especially prepared for infant feeding or dietary use (meal replacement) that are packaged in hermetically-sealed containers, any product that contains by weight less than 6.5 percent nonfat milk solids, and whey; and

(2) The quantity of skim milk equivalent in any modified product specified in paragraph (a) of this section that is greater than an equal volume of an unmodified product of the same nature and butterfat content.

[65 FR 16121, Mar. 27, 2000]

§ 1301.15 Fluid cream product.

Fluid cream product means cream (other than plastic cream or frozen cream), including sterilized cream, or a mixture of cream and milk or skim milk containing nine percent or more butterfat, with or without the addition of other ingredients.

§ 1301.16 Filled milk.

Filled milk means any combination of nonmilk fat (or oil) with skimmed milk (whether fresh, cultured, reconstituted, or modified by the addition of nonfat milk solids), with or without milk fat, so that the product (including stabilizers, emulsifiers, or flavoring) resembles milk or any other fluid milk product, and contains less than six percent nonmilk fat (or oil).

§ 1301.17 Cooperative association.

Cooperative association means any cooperative marketing association of producers which the Secretary of Agri-

culture of the United States determines is qualified under the provisions of the Capper-Volstead Act, has full authority in the sale of milk of its members and is engaged in marketing milk or milk products for its members. A federation of two or more cooperatives incorporated under the laws of any state will be considered a cooperative association if all member cooperatives meet the requirements of this section.

[65 FR 16121, Mar. 27, 2000]

§ 1301.18 Person.

Person means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other business unit.

§ 1301.19 Route disposition.

Route disposition means distribution of Class I milk by a handler to retail or wholesale outlets, which include vending machines but do not include plants or distribution points. The route disposition of a handler shall be attributed to the processing and packaging plant from which the Class I milk is moved to retail or wholesale outlets without intermediate movement to another processing and packaging plant.

§ 1301.20 Distributing plant.

Distributing plant means a processing and packaging plant.

§ 1301.21 Supply plant.

Supply plant means a plant at which facilities are maintained and used for washing and sanitizing cans and to which milk is moved from dairy farmers' farms in cans and is there accepted, weighed or measured, sampled, and cooled, or it is a plant to which milk is moved from dairy farmers' farms in tank trucks.

§ 1301.22 State dairy regulation.

State dairy regulation means any state regulation of dairy prices, and associated assessments, whether by statute, marketing order or otherwise.

§ 1301.23 Diverted milk.

Diverted milk means milk, other than that excluded under § 1301.11 from being considered as received from a producer, that meets the conditions set forth in paragraph (a) or (b) of this section and