

Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA

§ 1427.16

institution and such person or firm as joint payees; or

(ii) The person, firm, or financial institution which made the loan or loan deficiency payment advances to the producers.

(2) The documents shall be accompanied by Form CCC-825, Transmittal Schedule of Loan and Loan Deficiency Payment Documents, in original and two copies, numbered serially for each county office by the person, firm, or financial institution which made the loan or loan deficiency payment advance. The Form CCC-825 shall show the amounts invested by the person, firm, or financial institution in the loans or loan deficiency payments.

(3) Upon receipt of the loan or loan deficiency payment documents and Form CCC-825, the county office will stamp one copy of the Form CCC-825 to indicate receipt of the documents and return this copy to the person, firm, or financial institution.

(d) County offices will review the loan or loan deficiency payment documents prior to disbursement and will return to the person, firm, or financial institution any documents determined not to be acceptable because of errors or illegibility. County offices will disburse the loans or loan deficiency payments for which loan or loan deficiency payment documents are acceptable by issuance of one check to the payee indicated on the applicable form and will mail the check to the address shown for such payee on the applicable form with a copy of Form CCC-825. The Form CCC-825 will show the date of disbursement by a county office and amount of interest earned by the person, firm, or financial institution.

(e) The person, firm, or financial institution shall be deemed to have invested funds in the loans or loan deficiency payment as of the date loan or loan deficiency payment documents acceptable to CCC were delivered to a county office or, if received by mail, the date of mailing as indicated by postmark or the date of receipt in a county office if no postmark date is shown. Patron postage meter date stamp will not be recognized as a postmark date.

(f) Interest will be computed on the total amount invested by the person,

firm, or financial institution in the loan or loan deficiency payment represented by accepted documents from and including the date of investment of funds by the person, firm, or financial institution to, but not including, the date of disbursement by a county office.

(1) Interest will be paid at the rate in effect for CCC loans as provided in part 1405 of this chapter.

(2) Interest earned by the person, firm, or financial institution on the investment in loans disbursed during a month will be paid by county offices after the end of the month.

§ 1427.16 Reconciliation of cotton.

(a) CCC may under certain conditions, before loan maturity, compress, store, insure, or reinsure the cotton against any risk, or otherwise handle or deal with the cotton as it may deem necessary or appropriate for the purpose of protecting the interest therein of the producer or CCC.

(b) CCC may reconcentrate the cotton pledged for the loan from one CCC-approved warehouse to another with the written consent of the producer and upon the request of the local warehouse and certification that there is congestion and lack of storage facilities in the area. However, if CCC determines such loan cotton is improperly warehoused and subject to damage, or if any of the terms of the loan agreement are violated, or if carrying charges are substantially in excess of the average of carrying charges available elsewhere and the local warehouse, after notice, declines to reduce such charges, such written consent need not be obtained.

(1) The county office, loan servicing agent, or CMA shall arrange for reconcentration of the cotton under the direction of the Kansas City Commodity Office.

(2) Any fees, costs, or expenses incident to such actions shall be charges against the cotton.

(3) After the cotton is reconcentrated, the Kansas City Commodity Office shall obtain new warehouse receipts, allocate to individual bales, shipping and other charges incurred against the cotton, and return new

§ 1427.17

warehouse receipts and reconcentration charges applicable to each bale to the county office, loan servicing agent, or CMA. Such reconcentration charges shall be added to bale loan amounts and must be repaid for bales redeemed from loan.

§ 1427.17 Custodial offices.

Forms CCC-Cotton A and CCC-Cotton A-1, collateral warehouse receipts and related documents will be maintained in the custody of CCC, the county office, the loan servicing agent, or the servicing agent bank, whichever disbursed the loan evidenced by such documents.

§ 1427.18 Liability of the producer.

(a)(1) If a producer makes any fraudulent representation in obtaining a loan or loan deficiency payment or in maintaining or settling a loan, or disposes of or moves the loan collateral without the prior written approval of CCC, such loan or loan deficiency payment shall be payable upon demand by CCC. The producer shall be liable for:

- (i) The amount of the loan or loan deficiency payment;
- (ii) Any additional amounts paid by CCC with respect to the loan or loan deficiency payment;
- (iii) All other costs which CCC would not have incurred but for the fraudulent representation or the unauthorized disposition or movement of the loan collateral;
- (iv) Applicable interest on such amounts;
- (v) Liquidated damages in accordance with paragraph (e); and
- (vi) With regard to amounts due for a loan, the payment of such amounts may not be satisfied by the forfeiture of loan collateral to CCC of cotton with a settlement value that is less than the total of such amounts or by repayment of such loan at the lower loan repayment rate as prescribed in § 1427.19.

(2) Notwithstanding any provision of the note and security agreement, if a producer has made any such fraudulent representation or if the producer has disposed of, or moved, the loan collateral without prior written approval from CCC, the value of such collateral delivered to or acquired by CCC shall be equal to the sales price of the cotton

7 CFR Ch. XIV (1-1-01 Edition)

less any costs incurred by CCC in completing the sale.

(b) If the amount disbursed under a loan, or in settlement thereof, or loan deficiency payment exceeds the amount authorized by this subpart, the producer shall be liable for repayment of such excess, plus interest. In addition, the commodity pledged as collateral for such loan shall not be released to the producer until such excess is repaid.

(c) If the amount collected from the producer in satisfaction of the loan or loan deficiency payment is less than the amount required in accordance with this subpart, the producer shall be personally liable for repayment of the amount of such deficiency plus applicable interest.

(d) If more than one producer executes a note and security agreement or loan deficiency payment application with CCC, each such producer shall be jointly and severally liable for the violation of the terms and conditions of the note and security agreement or loan deficiency payment application and the regulations set forth in this subpart. Each such producer shall also remain liable for repayment of the entire loan or loan deficiency payment amount until the loan is fully repaid without regard to such producer's claimed share in the cotton pledged as collateral for the loan or for which the loan deficiency payment was made. In addition, such producer may not amend the note and security agreement or loan deficiency payment application with respect to the producer's claimed share in such cotton after execution of the note and security agreement or loan deficiency payment application by CCC.

(e) The producer and CCC agree that it will be difficult, if not impossible, to prove the amount of damages to CCC if a producer makes any fraudulent representation in obtaining a loan or loan deficiency payment or in maintaining or settling a loan or disposing of or moving the loan collateral without the prior written approval of CCC. Accordingly, if CCC determines that the producer has violated the terms or conditions of Form CCC-Cotton A, Form CCC-Cotton AA, or Form CCC-709, as applicable, liquidated damages shall be