

§ 1477.205

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unharvested, as determined by an appraisal.

§ 1477.205 Calculation of acreage for crop losses other than prevented planted.

(a) Subject to paragraph (b) of this section, the acreage of a crop planted in each planting period shall be considered a different crop for the purpose of determining disaster benefits under this subpart.

(b) In cases where there is a repeat crop, double crop or a multiple planting, each of these crops may be considered different crops if the county committee determines that:

(1) Both the initial and subsequent planted crops were planted with an intent to harvest;

(2) The subsequent crop was planted after the time when the initial crop would normally have been harvested;

(3) Both the initial and subsequent planted crops were planted within the normal planting period for that crop; and

(4) Both the initial and subsequent planted crops meet all other eligibility provisions of this part including good farming practices.

(c) In cases where an initial crop is planted and fails due to an eligible disaster condition and it is generally considered too late to replant and a subsequent crop is planted on the same acreage within its normal planting period in the same crop year and also failed because of an eligible disaster condition, both crops are eligible for disaster assistance if they meet all other eligibility provisions of this part.

§ 1477.206 Calculation of prevented planted acreage.

(a) When determining losses under this subpart, prevented-planted acreage will be considered separately from planted acreage of the same crop.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, for insured crops, disaster payments under this subpart for prevented-planted acreage shall not be made unless RMA documentation indicates that the eligible producer received a prevented planting payment under the RMA-administered program.

(c) For insured crops, disaster payments under this subpart for pre-

vented-planted acreage will be made available for the following crops for which prevented planting coverage was not available and for which the county committee will make an eligibility determination according to paragraph (d) of this section: California safflowers; peanuts; peppers; popcorn; Central/Southern potatoes; sweet corn (fresh market); tomatoes (fresh market); tomatoes (processing).

(d) For uninsured or noninsurable crops, or the insured crops listed in paragraph (c) of this section, the producer must prove, to the satisfaction of the county committee, an intent to plant the crop and that such crop could not be planted because of an eligible disaster. The county committee must be able to determine the producer was prevented from planting the crop by an eligible disaster that both:

(1) Prevented most producers from planting on acreage with similar characteristics in the surrounding area; and

(2) Unless otherwise allowed by the Deputy Administrator, began no earlier than the planting season for the 1998 crop.

(e) Prevented planted disaster benefits under this subpart shall not apply to:

(1) Aquaculture, including ornamental fish; perennial forage crops grown for hay, seed, or grazing; ginseng root and ginseng seed; honey; maple sap; millet; nursery crops; sweet potatoes; tobacco; trees; turfgrass sod; and tree and vine crops;

(2) Any acreage which is double-cropped, even if the producer has a history of double-cropping acreage;

(3) Uninsured crop acreage that is unclassified for insurance purposes;

(4) Acreage that is used for conservation purposes or intended to be left unplanted under any USDA program;

(5) The same acreage from which any benefit is derived under any program administered by the USDA on which a crop is planted and fails during the crop year except as provided in 1477.106(f) of this part;

(6) Any acreage on which a crop other than a cover crop was harvested, hayed, or grazed during the crop year;

(7) Any acreage for which a cash lease payment is received for the use of the acreage the same crop year unless