promptly contact debtors who are delinquent on debt settlement payments and find out their reasons for not making payments when due, and their plans for completing their agreements. In instances in which the debtor is delinquent under the terms of the debt settlement and is likely to be financially unable to meet the terms of the debt settlement agreement, FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 may cancel the existing agreement and process a different type of settlement more consistent with the debtor's repayment ability, provided the facts in the case justify such action. This settlement will be processed in accordance with the procedure for the new agreement. An extension may be given by FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 to extend for 90 days the time for making the payments when the circumstances of the case justify an extension. Extensions for a greater period of time may be made by the State Director upon recommendation of the County Committee (for FP loans) and the employee in charge of the account. A decision not to extend the time for making payments is not appealable. When an adjustment agreement is cancelled, the debtor will be notified of the reasons in writing. The cancellation of an adjustment offer is appealable. If an agreement is cancelled, any payments received shall be retained as payments on the debt owed at the time of the adjustment offer.

[58 FR 21345, Apr. 21, 1993]

§ 1956.97 Disposition of promissory notes.

(a) Notes evidencing debts settled by completed adjustments, completed compromise with or without signature, or canceled with signature will be returned to the debtor or to the debtor's legal representative. The original and copies of notes will be stamped ''Satisfied by Approved Compromise,'' ''Satisfied by Approved Cancellation,'' or ''Satisfied by Completed Adjustment Offer.'' In such cases, the security instrument(s) will be released of record according to State law.

(b) Notes evidencing debts canceled without application will be placed in the debtor's case folder and disposed of pursant to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 Instruction 2033–A (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 office). However, if the debtor requests the notes, they may be stamped ''Satisfied By Approved Cancellation'' and returned.

(c) Notes evidencing charged off debts will be retained in the servicing office and will not be stamped or returned to the debtor. They will be destroyed six years after charged off pursuant to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 Instruction 2033–A (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 office).

(d) In case of a transfer of security with assumption for less than the debt, the promissory note will be attached to the assumption agreement covered by the note and kept in the transferee's file.

[56 FR 10147, Mar. 11, 1991. Redesignated and amended at 58 FR 21346, Apr. 21, 1993]

§ 1956.98 [Reserved]

§ 1956.99 Exception authority.

The Administrator may, in individual cases, make an exception to any requirement or provision of this subpart which is not inconsistent with the authorizing statute or other applicable law if the Administrator determines that application of the requirement or provision would adversely affect the Government's interest. The Administrator will exercise this authority only at the request of the State Director and on the recommendation of the appropriate program Assistant Administrator. Requests for exceptions must be made in writing by the State Director and supported with documentation to explain the adverse affect on the Government's interest, propose alternative courses of action, and show how the adverse affect will be eliminated or minimized if the exception is granted. Any settlement actions approved by the Administrator under this section will be documented on Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 1956–1 and returned to the State Office for submission to the Finance Office.