

**§ 3017.305**

any mitigating factors shall be considered in making any debarment decision.

**§ 3017.305 Causes for debarment.**

Debarment may be imposed in accordance with the provisions of §§ 3017.300 through § 3017.314 for:

(a) Conviction of or civil judgment for:

(1) Commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public or private agreement or transaction;

(2) Violation of Federal or State anti-trust statutes, including those proscribing price fixing between competitors, allocation of customers between competitors, and bid rigging;

(3) Commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, receiving stolen property, making false claims, or obstruction of justice; or

(4) Commission of any other offense indicating a lack of business integrity or business honesty that seriously and directly affects the present responsibility of a person.

(b) Violation of the terms of a public agreement or transaction so serious as to affect the integrity of an agency program, such as:

(1) A willful failure to perform in accordance with the terms of one or more public agreements or transactions;

(2) A history of failure to perform or of unsatisfactory performance of one or more public agreements or transactions; or

(3) A willful violation of a statutory or regulatory provision or requirement applicable to a public agreement or transaction.

(c) Any of the following causes:

(1) A nonprocurement debarment by any Federal agency taken before March 1, 1989, the effective date of these regulations or a procurement debarment by any Federal agency taken pursuant to 48 CFR Subpart 9.4;

(2) Knowingly doing business with a debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded person, in connection with a covered transaction, except as permitted in § 3017.215 or § 3017.220;

(3) Failure to pay a single substantial debt, or a number of outstanding debts (including disallowed costs and overpayments, but not including sums owed the Federal Government under the Internal Revenue Code) owed to any Federal agency or instrumentality, provided the debt is uncontested by the debtor or, if contested, provided that the debtor's legal and administrative remedies have been exhausted;

(4) Violation of a material provision of a voluntary exclusion agreement entered into under § 3017.315 or of any settlement of a debarment or suspension action; or

(5) Violation of any requirement of Subpart F of this part, relating to providing a drug-free workplace, as set forth in § 3017.615 of this part.

(d) Any other cause of so serious or compelling a nature that it affects the present responsibility of a person.

[54 FR 4731, Jan. 30, 1989, as amended at 54 FR 4952, Jan. 31, 1989]

**§ 3017.310 Procedures.**

USDA shall process debarment actions as informally as practicable, consistent with the principles of fundamental fairness, using the procedures in §§ 3017.311 through 3017.314.

**§ 3017.311 Investigation and referral.**

Information concerning the existence of a cause for debarment from any source shall be promptly reported, investigated, and referred, when appropriate, to the debarring official for consideration. After consideration, the debarring official may issue a notice of proposed debarment.

(a) The decision to utilize agency personnel, the Office of Inspector General (OIG), or other appropriate resources to conduct the investigation and develop the documentation required by paragraph (b) of this section is the responsibility of the agency possessing the information.

(b) Basic documentation shall be developed that includes but is not limited to:

(1) The name of the specific respondent(s) against whom the action is being proposed or taken;

(2) The reason(s) for proposing the debarment;

(3) The specific cause(s) for debarment from § 3017.305;

(4) A short narrative stating the facts and/or describing other evidence supporting the reason(s) for the need to debar;

(5) The recommended time period for the debarment;

(6) The potential effect and/or consequences that the debarment will have on the respondent(s);

(7) Copies of any relevant support documentation identified under this section.

(c) The debarring official shall be responsible for deciding whether or not to proceed with the action.

(d) The Office of the General Counsel (OGC) is responsible for:

(1) Reviewing the documentation and notices for legal sufficiency, and

(2) Providing any necessary coordination with the Department of Justice (DOJ).

[54 FR 4722 and 4731, Jan. 30, 1989, as amended at 54 FR 4732, Jan. 30, 1989]

**§ 3017.312 Notice of proposed debarment.**

A debarment proceeding shall be initiated by notice to the respondent advising:

(a) That debarment is being considered;

(1) Information on the specific debarment action proposed must be given.

(b) Of the reasons for the proposed debarment in terms sufficient to put the respondent on notice of the conduct or transaction(s) upon which it is based;

(c) Of the cause(s) relied upon under § 3017.305 for proposing debarment;

(d) Of the provisions of §§ 3017.311 through 3017.314, and any other USDA procedures, if applicable, governing debarment decisionmaking; and

(e) Of the potential effect of a debarment.

In USDA, the notice to the respondent shall be signed by the debarring official and transmitted by certified mail, return receipt requested. OGC will be consulted on all proposed debarment actions prior to the notice being sent to the respondent.

[54 FR 4722 and 4731, Jan. 30, 1989, as amended at 54 FR 4732, Jan. 30, 1989]

**§ 3017.313 Opportunity to contest proposed debarment.**

(a) *Submission in opposition.* Within 30 days after receipt of the notice of proposed debarment, the respondent may submit, in person, in writing, or through a representative, information and argument in opposition to the proposed debarment.

(b) *Additional proceedings as to disputed material facts.* (1) In actions not based upon a conviction or civil judgment, if the debarring official finds that the respondent's submission in opposition raises a genuine dispute over facts material to the proposed debarment, respondent(s) shall be afforded an opportunity to appear with a representative, submit documentary evidence, present witnesses, and confront any witness the agency presents.

(2) A transcribed record of any additional proceedings shall be made available at cost to the respondent, upon request, unless the respondent and the agency, by mutual agreement, waive the requirement for a transcript.

**§ 3017.314 Debarring official's decision.**

(a) *No additional proceedings necessary.* In actions based upon a conviction or civil judgment, or in which there is no genuine dispute over material facts, the debarring official shall make a decision on the basis of all the information in the administrative record, including any submission made by the respondent. The decision shall be made within 45 days after receipt of any information and argument submitted by the respondent, unless the debarring official extends this period for good cause.

(1) In USDA debarment actions where respondent(s) fail(s) to timely provide any submission in opposition, the action will be considered decided.

(b) *Additional proceedings necessary.* (1) In actions in which additional proceedings are necessary to determine disputed material facts, written findings of fact shall be prepared. The debarring official shall base the decision on the facts as found, together with any information and argument submitted by the respondent and any other information in the administrative record.