

§ 729.302

7 CFR Ch. VII (1-1-01 Edition)

of such succession, have the same rights to the use of the marketing and identification cards and bear the same liability for penalties as the original producer would with respect to the disposition of the peanuts.

(f) *Data on marketing card and supplemental card*—(1) Before issuance, the following data and information must be recorded on the marketing card:

- (i) The name of each producer and the producer's share of the crop of peanuts;
- (ii) The effective farm poundage quota;
- (iii) The pounds of any additional peanuts contracted and the handler number of the contracting handler;
- (iv) The converted penalty rate, if applicable;
- (v) The name of any producer on the farm against whom a peanut poundage quota lien has been established and the unpaid balance of such lien;
- (vi) The name of any producer on the farm against whom a U.S. claim has been established and the unpaid amount of such claim;
- (vii) With respect to any farm with a producer that is ineligible for price support, an indication of such ineligibility; and
- (viii) An indication that the peanuts marketed from the farm are "Eligible for Buyback" if the farm operator authorizes the handler to purchase peanuts under the "Immediate Buyback" purchase in accordance with part 1446 of this title.

(2) A supplemental marketing card bearing the same name identification as shown on the original marketing card may be issued for a farm if an original or supplemental marketing card is returned to the county office. The balance of the poundage quota for the farm from the returned marketing card shall be recorded as the effective farm poundage quota on the supplemental card.

(3) Two or more marketing cards may be issued for a farm if the farm operator specifies in writing the amount of the effective quota (not to exceed the balance of effective quota available) which is to be assigned to each card.

(g) *Issuance of producer identification cards*—(1) Before issuance, the fol-

lowing information shall be recorded on the producer identification card:

- (i) Name and address of the farm operator, and
  - (ii) State, county code, and farm serial number.
- (2) A farm operator may receive as many identification cards as may be needed at any one time to accompany each lot of peanuts until such lot of peanuts has been marketed.
- (h) *Replacing a lost, stolen, or destroyed marketing card*. A new marketing card shall be issued to replace a card which has been determined by the county executive director who issued the card to have been lost, destroyed, or stolen, if the farm operator gives immediate written notice of such fact to the appropriate county FSA office and furnishes a satisfactory report of the quantity of peanuts which was marketed by use of such marketing card before such card was lost, stolen, or destroyed.

(i) *Invalid cards*. A marketing card shall be invalid under any one of the following conditions:

- (1) It is not issued or delivered in the form and manner prescribed.
- (2) Any entry is omitted or is incorrect.
- (3) It is lost, destroyed, or stolen.
- (4) An alteration has been made without the approval of the county executive director.
- (5) For a paper card, the card becomes illegible.

(j) *Validating invalid cards*. If a marketing card is known to be invalid, the farm operator or other producer shall return the marketing card to the county office. The county executive director shall issue a replacement marketing card or the marketing card may be made valid by entering data previously omitted or by correcting any incorrect data previously entered.

**§ 729.302 Identification of producer marketings.**

The producer must identify each lot of peanuts offered for marketing through a handler by furnishing to the handler the farm operator identification card FSA-1003, and the peanut marketing card FSA-1002, which was issued for the farm on which the peanuts were produced. The producer may

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at the producer's risk leave the peanut marketing card in the custody of the handler during the period between marketing lots of peanuts to the same handler; however, the marketing card shall not be left in the possession of the handler after the producer has completed marketings for the season.

### § 729.303 Designation of category for marketing peanuts.

Any marketings of peanuts which are not inspected by the Federal-State Inspection Service prior to marketing shall be deemed to be a marketing of quota peanuts. If a lot of peanuts is inspected by the Federal-State Inspection Service, the producer shall designate to the handler whether the lot of peanuts is to be marketed as quota loan, quota commercial, loan additional, or contract additional peanuts as defined in part 1446 of this title. The designation must be made within the time allowed by the handler but not later than the close of inspection of the third workday (excluding Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday) after the peanuts are inspected and graded. In the absence of a designation, any Segregation 1 peanuts shall be marketed and deemed to be marketed in the following order of priority:

(a) As quota loan or quota commercial peanuts, at the option of the buying point operator, to the extent of the unused poundage quota on the peanut marketing card which is used to identify the peanuts for marketing;

(b) As contract additional peanuts to the extent of the unused contract poundage balance on the peanut marketing card which is used to identify the peanuts for marketing if the peanuts are being marketed through the contracting handler; or

(c) As loan additional peanuts.

### § 729.304 Marketing card entries.

(a) Immediately after each lot of peanuts is marketed the buyer, or the buyer's representative, shall make the following entries on the marketing card from the FSA-1007:

- (1) The FSA-1007 serial number which identifies the lot of peanuts;
- (2) The net pounds marketed;
- (3) The unused poundage quota balance remaining after the marketing;

(4) The unused contract additional poundage balance remaining after the marketing;

(5) The handler's number, or for loan peanuts, the association number;

(6) The buying point number;

(7) The type of peanuts marketed; and

(8) Any penalties or claims collected.

(b) If noninspected peanuts are purchased at a buying point, the buyer, or the buyer's representative, shall make the following entries on the paper marketing card from the FSA-1030, Report of Purchase of Noninspected Peanuts;

(1) The date of marketing;

(2) The pounds purchased;

(3) The unused poundage quota balance remaining after the marketing;

(4) The unused contract additional poundage balance remaining after the marketing;

(5) The handler's number;

(6) The type of peanuts marketed; and

(7) Any penalties or claims collected.

### § 729.305 Peanuts on which penalties are due and refund of excess penalty collected.

(a) In addition to other remedies as may apply, a penalty is due from the person involved in a violation of this part and shall be assessed against such person at the basic penalty rate on:

(1) The quantity of peanuts which is marketed or considered to be marketed from a farm for domestic edible use in excess of the effective farm poundage quota for the farm.

(2) All peanuts produced on a farm for which the producer:

(i) Failed to report the peanut acreage as provided in accordance with part 718 of this chapter; or

(ii) Is responsible, if entry on the farm to authorized representatives of the Secretary for the purpose of determining the acreage of peanuts on the farm is refused or denied.

(3) The quantity of peanuts falsely identified, as determined by the county committee with the concurrence of the State committee. The quantity of peanuts subject to penalty under this provision shall be the quantity of peanuts determined by the county committee to have been falsely identified. Acts