

Temp. Duty Travel Allowances

§ 301-70.102

- 301-70.701 Who has the authority to grant exemptions to mandatory use of Government contractor-issued travel charge card for official travel?
- 301-70.702 Must we notify the Administrator of General Services when we grant an exemption?
- 301-70.703 If we grant an exemption, does that prevent the employee from using the card on a voluntary basis?
- 301-70.704 What expenses and/or classes of employees are exempt from the mandatory use of the Government contractor-issued travel charge card?
- 301-70.705 What methods of payment for official travel expenses may we authorize when an exemption from use of the Government contractor-issued travel charge card is granted?
- 301-70.706 May an employee use the Government contractor-issued travel charge card for purposes other than those associated with official travel?
- 301-70.707 What are the consequences of using the Government contractor-issued travel charge card for non-official travel purposes?

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 5707; 40 U.S.C. 486(c); Sec. 2, Pub. L. 105-264, 112 Stat. 2350 (5 U.S.C. 5701 note).

SOURCE: 63 FR 15971, Apr. 1, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General Policies and Procedures

§ 301-70.1 How must we administer the authorization and payment of travel expenses?

You must limit the authorization and payment of travel expenses to travel that is necessary to accomplish your mission in the most economical and effective manner, in accordance with the rules stated throughout this chapter. Consideration should be given, but not limited, to budget constraints, adherence to travel policies, and reasonableness of expenses. You should always consider alternatives, including teleconferencing, prior to authorizing travel.

SUBPART B—POLICIES AND PROCEDURES RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION

§ 301-70.100 How must we administer the authorization and payment of transportation expenses?

You must:

- (a) Limit authorization and payment of transportation expenses to those expenses that result in the greatest advantage to the Government;
- (b) Ensure that travel is by the most expeditious means practicable.

§ 301-70.101 What factors must we consider in determining which method of transportation results in the greatest advantage to the Government?

In selecting a particular method of transportation you must consider:

- (a) The total cost to the Government, including per diem, overtime, lost worktime, actual transportation cost, total distance of travel, number of points visited, the number of travelers and energy conservation. As stated in 5 U.S.C. 5733, “travel of an employee shall be by the most expeditious means of transportation practicable and shall be commensurate with the nature and purpose of the duties of the employee requiring such travel.”

- (b) Travel by common carrier (air, rail, bus) is considered the most advantageous method to perform official travel. Other methods of transportation may be authorized as advantageous only when the use of common carrier transportation would interfere with the performance of official business or impose an undue hardship upon the traveler, or when the total cost by common carrier exceeds the cost by another method of transportation. A determination that another method of transportation is more advantageous to the Government than common carrier will not be made on the basis of personal preference or inconvenience to the traveler.

§ 301-70.102 What governing policies must we establish for authorization and payment of transportation expenses?

You must establish policies and procedures governing:

- (a) Who will determine what method of transportation is more advantageous to the Government;
- (b) Who will approve any of the following:
- (1) Use of premium class service under § 301-10.123, § 301-10.124, § 301-10.162 and § 301-10.183 of this chapter;