

document authorizing transfer or appointment at an isolated official station. However, storage may be approved subsequently if the employee or new appointee is otherwise eligible.

(f) *Allowable storage*—(1) *Place of storage*. Under regulations prescribed by the head of the agency concerned, the property may be stored either in available Government-owned storage space or in suitable commercial or privately owned space obtained by the Government if Government-owned space is not available or if commercial or privately owned space is more economical or suitable because of location, difference of transportation costs, or for other reasons.

(2) *Allowable costs*. Allowable costs for storing the property include the cost of necessary packing, crating, unpacking, uncrating, transportation to and from place of storage, charges while in storage, and other necessary charges directly relating to the storage.

(3) *Partial storage*. An eligible employee or new appointee may be authorized to have a portion of his/her household goods transported to the isolated official station and to have the remainder stored at Government expense. However, the weight of the goods stored plus the weight of the goods transported shall not exceed the maximum applicable weight allowance for which the employee is eligible.

(4) *Changes in type of storage*. Authority may be granted for the conversion of household goods from temporary to nontemporary storage and from storage at personal expense to nontemporary storage at Government expense.

(g) *Time limitations*. Nontemporary storage shall be authorized for periods of time not exceeding 1 year and extended as necessary in accordance with the length of an employee's assignment at an isolated official station. Appropriate periodic review shall be made to determine whether current conditions at the isolated locality with regard to availability of housing warrant continuation of the authority for nontemporary storage. Eligibility for nontemporary storage at Government expense shall terminate on the employee's last day of active duty at the isolated official station. When an em-

ployee ceases to be eligible, nontemporary storage at Government expense may continue until the beginning of the second month after the month in which his eligibility terminates. However, the period of nontemporary storage shall not exceed 3 years.

[54 FR 20328, May 10, 1989, as amended by FTR Amdt. 26, 57 FR 28636, June 26, 1992]

§ 302-9.2 Nontemporary storage during assignment outside the continental United States.

(a) *Eligibility*. Under regulations that may be prescribed by the head of the agency concerned, an employee stationed at an official station other than one located in the continental United States or an employee or new appointee transferred or appointed to such a station may be allowed nontemporary storage of his/her household goods while so assigned if:

(1) The official station is one to which he/she is not authorized to take, or at which he/she is unable to use, the household goods; or

(2) The storage is authorized in the public interest; or

(3) The estimated cost of storage would be less than the cost of round-trip transportation (including temporary storage) of the household goods to the new official station.

(b) *Authorization*. Normally, the authorization for nontemporary storage shall be contained in the travel order or other document authorizing the employee's change of station or authorizing a new appointee to report to his/her official station. However, storage may be approved subsequently if the employee or new appointee would otherwise be eligible.

(c) *Allowable storage*—(1) *Place of storage*. The property may be stored either in available Government-owned storage space or in suitable commercial or privately owned space if Government-owned space is not available or if commercial or privately owned space obtained by the Government is more economical or suitable because of location, difference of transportation costs, or other reasons.

(2) *Allowable costs*. Allowable costs for storing the property include the cost of necessary packing, crating, unpacking,

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uncrating, transportation to and from place of storage, charges while in storage, and other necessary charges directly relating to the storage.

(3) *Partial storage.* The employee or new appointee may be authorized to have a portion of his/her goods transported to the official station unless it is a station to which he/she is not authorized to take, or at which he/she is unable to use, any of the goods. However, the weight of the goods stored plus the weight of the goods transported shall not exceed the maximum applicable weight allowance for which the employee is eligible.

(4) *Change in type of storage.* Authority may also be granted for the conversion of household goods from temporary to nontemporary storage at Government expense, and from storage at personal expense to nontemporary storage at Government expense, if the employee or new appointee is otherwise eligible.

(d) *Time limitations.* Nontemporary storage at Government expense may be authorized for a period not to exceed the length of the employee's tour of duty at the overseas station plus 1 month prior to the time the tour begins. The storage period may be extended for subsequent service or tours of duty at the same or other overseas stations if the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section continue to be met. When an employee ceases to be eligible for the allowance, storage at Government expense may continue until the beginning of the second month after the month in which his/her eligibility terminates, unless to avoid inequity the agency extends the period. Eligibility shall be deemed to terminate on the last day of active duty at the overseas station.

§ 302-9.3 Storage during school recess for Department of Defense overseas teachers.

(a) *Description.* The Department of Defense Overseas Teachers Pay and Personnel Practices Act (20 U.S.C. 905) provides authority for the storage of the household goods of Department of Defense overseas teachers during the recess period between 2 consecutive school years.

(b) *Regulations.* Storage of household goods of Department of Defense overseas teachers may be allowed at Government expense under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense in accordance with this part.

(c) *Authorization and conditions—(1) Authorization.* Storage during the school recess should be authorized prior to the close of the school year. However, storage may be approved at a later date if all the required terms and conditions have been fulfilled.

(2) *Agreement.* To be eligible for recess storage, a teacher serving at the close of a school year must agree in writing to serve as a teacher for the next school year.

(3) *Forfeited entitlements.* The storage shall be instead of quarters or quarters allowance authorized by 20 U.S.C. 905 and any other storage of household goods to which the teacher might be entitled through employment in another position during any recess period between 2 school years.

(d) *Allowable storage—(1) Place of storage.* The property may be stored either in available Government-owned space or in suitable commercial or privately owned space if Government-owned space is not available or if commercial or privately owned space obtained by the Government is more economical or suitable because of location, difference of transportation costs, or other reasons.

(2) *Allowable costs.* Allowable costs for storing the property include the cost of necessary packing, crating, unpacking, uncrating, transportation to and from place of storage, charges while in storage, and other necessary charges directly relating to the storage.

(3) *Weight limitations.* The weight of the household goods stored during the recess period shall not exceed the weight authorized for the employee less the weight of household goods stored under § 302-9.2.

(e) *Time limitation.* The period of storage shall not exceed the period of the recess between the 2 school years.

(f) *Breach of agreement.* If the teacher does not report for service at the beginning of the next school year, except for reasons beyond his/her control and acceptable to the Department of Defense, he/she shall be obligated to reimburse