## §520.2158b

may develop a tolerance for streptomycin. Consult a veterinarian or animal pathologist for diagnosis.

- (2) *Chickens*—(i) *Amount*. 10 to 15 mg/pound of body weight (0.6 to 0.9 grams per gallon).
- (ii) *Indications for use*. Treatment of nonspecific infectious enteritis caused by organisms susceptible to streptomycin.
- (iii) Limitations. Chickens: Do not administer for more than 5 days. Withdraw 4 days before slaughter. Do not administer to chickens producing eggs for human consumption. Prepare fresh solution daily. As sole source of streptomycin. Warning: Certain strains of bacteria may develop a tolerance for streptomycin. Consult a veterinarian or animal pathologist for diagnosis.

[57 FR 37327, Aug. 18, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 47211, Sept. 8, 1993; 63 FR 51821, Sept. 29, 1998]

### § 520.2158b Dihydrostreptomycin tablets.

- (a) Specifications. Each tablet contains 37.5 milligrams dihydrostreptomycin (as the sulfate) with 375 milligrams chlorhexidine dihydrochloride.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 000856 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §§ 556.120 and 556.200 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. Calves—(1) Amount. 150 milligrams of dihydrostreptomycin and 1.5 grams of chlorhexidine dihydrochloride per 100 pounds of body weight per day.
- (2) *Indications for use*. Treatment of bacterial scours in calves.
- (3) Limitations. Administer orally once a day for 5 days; withdraw 3 days before slaughter.

[57 FR 37327, Aug. 18, 1992; 57 FR 42623, Sept. 15, 1992]

# § 520.2158c Dihydrostreptomycin oral suspension.

- (a) Specifications. Each milliliter contains 1.25 milligrams dihydrostreptomycin (as the sulfate) with 12.5 milligrams chlorhexidine dihydrochloride.
- (b) *Sponsor*. See No. 000856 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §§ 556.120 and 556.200 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. Calves—(1) Amount. 150 milligrams of dihydro-

streptomycin and 1.5 grams of chlorhexidine dihydrochloride per 100 pounds of body weight per day.

- (2) Indications for use. Treatment of bacterial scours in calves.
- (3) Limitations. Administer orally once a day for 5 days; withdraw 3 days before slaughter.

[57 FR 37327, Aug. 18, 1992]

### § 520.2160 Styrylpyridinium, diethylcarbamazine oral dosage forms.

#### § 520.2170 Sulfabromomethazine sodium boluses.

- (a) Specifications. Each bolus contains 15 grams of sulfabromomethazine sodium.
- (b)  $Related\ tolerance.$  See §556.620 of this chapter.
- (c) Sponsor. See No. 050604 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (d) NAS/NRC status. These conditions of use are NAS/NRC reviewed and found effective. NADA's for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by §514.111 of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.
- (e) Conditions of use. Cattle—(1) Amount. 90 milligrams per pound body weight.
- (2) Indications for use. Treatment of necrotic pododermatitis (foot rot) and calf diphtheria caused by Fusobacterium necrophorum; colibacillosis (scours) caused by Escherichia coli; bacterial pneumonia and bovine respiratory disease complex (shipping fever complex) associated with Pasteurella spp.; acute metritis and acute mastitis caused by Streptococcus spp.
- (3) Limitations. Administer orally; repeat in 48 hours if necessary; milk taken from animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) of latest treatment must not be used for food; do not administer within 18 days of slaughter; discontinue use if hematuria, crystalluria or severe depression are noticed; if signs persist after 2 or 3 days consult a veterinarian.

 $[47 \ FR \ 30243, \ July \ 13, \ 1982, \ as \ amended \ at \ 62 \ FR \ 63270, \ Nov. \ 28, \ 1997]$