## Food and Drug Administration, HHS

## §520.2184 Sodium sulfachloropyrazine

 monohydrate.(a) Chemical name. 2-Sulfamido-6chloroxyrazine, sodium.
(b) Sponsor. See Nos. 010042 in $\S 510.600$ (c) of this chapter.
(c) Related tolerances. See $\S 556.625$ of this chapter.
(d) Conditions of use. It is used in the drinking water of broilers, breeder flocks, and replacement chickens as follows:
(1) Amount. 0.03 percent.
(2) Indications for use. Treatment of coccidiosis.
(3) Limitations. Administer in drinking water for 3 days as sole source of drinking water and sulfonamide medication; withdraw 4 days prior to slaughter; not to be administered to chickens producing eggs for human consumption.
[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 50 FR 41489, Oct. 11, 1985; 54 FR 12188, Mar. 24, 1989; 55 FR 8460, Mar. 8, 1990; 64 FR 15684, Apr. 1, 1999]
§ 520.2200 Sulfachlorpyridazine oral dosage forms.

## § 520.2200a Sulfachlorpyridazine

 bolus.(a) Chemical name. $N^{\prime}-6$-(Chloro-3pyridazinyl) sulfanilamide.
(b) Specifications. Melting point range: $190^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $191^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
(c) Sponsor. See No. 053501 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
(d) Related tolerances. See §556.630 of this chapter.
(e) Conditions of use. It is used in calves as follows:
(1) Amount. 30 to 45 milligrams per pound body weight per day.
(2) Indications for use. Treatment of diarrhea caused or complicated by $E$. coli (colibacillosis).
(3) Limitations. Administer in a bolus containing 2 grams of sulfachlorpyridazine for 1 to 5 days in divided doses twice daily; treated calves must not be slaughtered for food during treatment or for 7 days after the last treatment.
[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 50 FR 41489, Oct. 11, 1985]

## §520.2200c

## § 520.2200b Sulfachlorpyridazine medi-

 cated milk and drinking water.(a) Chemical name. $\mathrm{N}^{\prime}$-(6-Chloro-3pyridazinyl) sulfanilamide.
(b) Specifications. Melting point range: $190^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $191^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
(c) Sponsor. See No. 053501 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
(d) Related tolerances. See $\S 556.630$ of this chapter.
(e) Conditions of use. It is used as follows:
(1) Calves-(i) Amount. 30 to 45 milligrams per pound body weight per day.
(ii) Indications for use. Treatment of diarrhea caused or complicated by $E$. coli (colibacillosis).
(iii) Limitations. Administer as the sodium salt of sulfachlorpyridazine in milk or milk-replacer formulations for 1 to 5 days in divided doses twice daily; treated calves must not be slaughtered for food during treatment or for 7 days after the last treatment.
(2) Swine-(i) Amount. 20 to 35 milligrams per pound body weight per day.
(a) Indications for use. Treatment of diarrhea caused or complicated by $E$. coli (colibacillosis).
(b) Limitations. Administer as the sodium salt of sulfachlorpyridazine in drinking water for 1 to 5 days; for individual treatment, administer orally in divided doses twice daily; treated swine must not be slaughtered for food during treatment or for 4 days after the last treatment.
(ii) Amount. 20 to 35 milligrams per pound body weight per day.
(a) Indications for use. Treatment of diarrhea caused or complicated by $E$. coli (colibacillosis).
(b) Limitations. Administer individually in an oral suspension containing 50 milligrams of sulfachlorpyridazine per milliliter in divided doses twice daily for 1 to 5 days; treated swine must not be slaughtered for food during treatment or for 4 days after the last treatment.
[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 50 FR 41489, Oct. 11, 1985]

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[^0]:    §520.2200c Sulfachlorpyridazine tablets.
    (a)

    Specifications.
    Sulfachlorpyridazine tablets contain 250 milligrams of sulfachlorpyridazine per tablet.

