used to make a medicated drinking water containing 227 or 677 milligrams of tiamulin per gallon.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 000010 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Related tolerances*. See §556.738 of this chapter.

(d) Conditions of use in swine—(1) Amount. 3.5 milligrams of tiamulin per pound of body weight for 5 days.

(i) Indications for use. For treatment of swine dysentery associated with *Treponema hyodysenteriae* susceptible to tiamulin.

(ii) *Limitations*. Use for 5 consecutive days. Withdraw 3 days before slaughter. Prepare fresh water daily. Not for use in swine over 250 pounds body weight. Use as only source of drinking water.

(2) Amount. 10.5 milligrams of tiamulin per pound of body weight for 5 days.

(i) Indications for use. For treatment of swine pneumonia due to Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae susceptible to tiamulin.

(ii) Limitations. Use for 5 consecutive days. Withdraw 7 days before slaughter. Prepare fresh water daily. Not for use in swine over 250 pounds body weight. Use as only source of drinking water. Do not allow consumption of feeds containing polyether ionophores (e.g., monensin, lasalocid, narasin or salinomycin) as adverse reactions may occur.

[52 FR 15718, Apr. 30, 1987, as amended at 58
FR 14313, Mar. 17, 1993; 62 FR 35076, June 30, 1997]

## § 520.2456 Tiamulin liquid concentrate.

(a) Specifications. A liquid concentrate containing 12.3 percent tiamulin used to make a medicated drinking water containing 227 milligrams or 681 milligrams of tiamulin per gallon.

(b) Sponsor. See 000010 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Related tolerances*. See §556.738 of this chapter.

(d) Conditions of use in swine— (1) Amount. Dysentery: 3.5 milligrams of tiamulin per pound of body weight daily. Pneumonia: 10.5 milligrams of tiamulin per pound of body weight daily. 21 CFR Ch. I (4–1–02 Edition)

(2) Indications for use. For treatment of swine dysentery associated with *Treponema hyodysenteriae* and swine pneumonia due to *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae* susceptible to tiamulin.

(3) Limitations. Use for 5 consecutive days. When a dose is 3.5 milligrams per pound of body weight daily, withdraw medication 3 days before slaughter. When a dose is 10.5 milligrams per pound of body weight daily, withdraw 7 days before slaughter. Prepare fresh medicated water daily. Not for use in swine over 250 pounds body weight. Use as only source of drinking water. Do not allow consumption of feeds containing polyether ionophores (e.g., monensin. lasalocid, narasin, or salinomycin) as adverse reactions may occur.

[58 FR 14313, Mar. 17, 1993, as amended at 62 FR 35076, June 30, 1997]

## §520.2473 Tioxidazole oral dosage forms.

## § 520.2473a Tioxidazole granules.

(a) *Specifications*. Each gram of granules contains 200 milligrams of tioxidazole.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 000061 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use—(1) Horses—(i) Amount. 5 milligrams per pound of body weight as a single dose.

(ii) Indications for use. Removal of mature large strongyles (Strongylus edentatus, S. equinus, and S. vulgaris), mature ascarids (Parascaris equorum), mature and immature (4th larval stage) pinworms (Oxyuris equi), and mature small strongyles (Triodontophorus spp.)

(iii) Limitations. For administration with feed: Sprinkle required amount of granules on a small amount of the usual grain ration and mix. Prepare for each horse individually. Withholding of feed or water not necessary. Not for use in horses intended for food. The reproductive safety of tioxidazole in breeding animals has not been determined. Consult your veterinarian for assistance in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism. It is recommended that this drug be administered with caution to sick or debilitated horses.