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stress, or recovering from surgery. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[49 FR 5615, Feb. 14, 1984, as amended at 59 FR 26942, May 25, 1994]

§520.534 Decoquinate.

- (a) Specifications. The drug is a powder containing 0.8 percent decoquinate.
- (b) *Sponsor*. See No. 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.170 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. Calves—(1) Amount. Feed 22.7 milligrams per 100 pounds of body weight (0.5 milligram per kilogram) per day.
- (2) Indications for use. For the prevention of coccidiosis in ruminating and nonruminating calves, including veal calves, caused by Eimeria bovis and E. zuernii.
- (3) Limitations. Feed in whole milk at the rate of 22.7 milligrams per 100 pounds body weight daily (0.5 milligram per kilogram) for at least 28 days.

[64 FR 10103, Mar. 2, 1999, as amended at 64 FR 30386, June 8, 1999]

\$520.540 Dexamethasone oral dosage forms.

§520.540a Dexamethasone powder.

- (a) Specifications. Dexamethasone powder is packaged in packets containing 10 milligrams of dexamethasone.
- (b) *Sponsor*. See No. 000061 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use. (1) Dexamethasone powder is indicated in cases where cattle and horses require additional steroid therapy following its parenteral administration. The drug is used as supportive therapy for management or inflammatory conditions such as acute arthritic lameness, and for various stress conditions where corticosteroids are required while the animal is being treated for a specific condition.
- (2) The drug is administered at a dosage level of 5 to 10 milligrams per animal the first day then 5 milligrams per day as required by drench or by sprinkling on a small amount of feed.
- (3) Clinical and experimental data have demonstrated that corticosteroids administered orally or parenterally to animals may induce the first stage of

parturition when administered during the last trimester of pregnancy and may precipitate premature parturition followed by dystocia, fetal death, retained placenta, and metritis.

(4) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975; 41 FR 9149, Mar. 3, 1976; 52 FR 7832, Mar. 13, 1987]

§ 520.540b Dexamethasone tablets and boluses.

- (a)(1) Specifications. Each bolus is half-scored and contains 10 milligrams of dexamethasone.
- (2) *Sponsor*. See No. 000061 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (3) Conditions of use. (i) Dexamethasone bolus is indicated in cases where cattle and horses require additional steroid therapy following its parenteral administration. The drug may be used as supportive therapy for management of inflammatory conditions such as acute arthritic lamenesses, and for various stress conditions where corticosteroids are required while the animal is being treated for a specific condition.
- (ii) Administered orally, 5 to 10 milligrams for the first day, then 5 milligrams per day as required.
- (iii) Do not use in viral infections during the viremic stage. With bacterial infections, appropriate antibacterial therapy should be used.
- (iv) Do not use in animals with chronic nephritis and hypercorticalism (cushingoid syndrome), except for emergency therapy.
- (v) Clinical and experimental data have demonstrated that corticosteroids administered orally or by injection to animals may induce the first stage of parturition when administered during the last trimester of pregnancy and may precipitate premature parturition followed by dystocia, fetal death, retained placenta, and metritis.
- (vi) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (b)(1) Specifications. Each tablet contains 0.25 milligram of dexamethasone 1
- (2) Sponsors. See Nos. 000061 and 061133 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.