

§ 301.7701-16

26 CFR Ch. I (4-1-02 Edition)

(1) Typing, reproduction, or other mechanical assistance in the preparation of a return or claim for refund.

(2) Preparation of a return or claim for refund of a person, or an officer, a general partner, or employee of a person, by whom the individual is regularly and continuously employed or in which the individual is a general partner.

(3) Preparation of a return or claim for refund for a trust or estate of which the person either is a fiduciary or is an officer, general partner, or employee of the fiduciary.

(4) Preparation of a claim for refund for a taxpayer in response to—

(i) A notice of deficiency issued to the taxpayer; or

(ii) A waiver of restriction after initiation of an audit of the taxpayer or another taxpayer if a determination in the audit of the other taxpayer affects, directly or indirectly, the liability of the taxpayer for tax under subtitle A.

For purposes of paragraph (d)(2) of this section, the employee of a corporation owning more than 50 percent of the voting power of another corporation, or the employee of a corporation more than 50 percent of the voting power of which is owned by another corporation, is considered the employee of the other corporation as well. For purposes of paragraph (d)(3) of this section, an estate, guardianship, conservatorship, committee, and any similar arrangement for a taxpayer under a legal disability (such as a minor, an incompetent, or an infirm individual) is considered a trust or estate.

[T.D. 7675, 45 FR 11468, Feb. 21, 1980]

§ 301.7701-16 Other terms.

For a definition of the term “withholding agent” see §1.1441-7(a). Any other terms that are defined in section 7701 and that are not defined in §§301.7701-1 to 301.7701-15, inclusive, shall, when used in this chapter, have the meanings assigned to them in section 7701.

(Secs. 1441(c)(4) (80 Stat. 1553; 26 U.S.C. 1441(c)(4)), 3401(a)(6) (80 Stat. 1554; 26 U.S.C. 3401(a)(6)), and 7805 (68A Stat. 917; 26 U.S.C. 7805), Internal Revenue Code of 1954)

[T.D. 7977, 49 FR 36836, Sept. 20, 1984]

§ 301.7701-17T Collective-bargaining plans and agreements (temporary).

Q-1: How did the Tax Reform Act of 1984 (TRA of 1984) change the laws with respect to plans that are maintained pursuant to collective bargaining agreements?

A-1: (a) Many of the requirements and rules applicable to deferred compensation and welfare benefit plans are different for plans maintained pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement. Prior to the TRA of 1984, the Internal Revenue Code provided no clear definition of an employee representative or whether there is a collective bargaining agreement between such employee representative and one or more employers.

(b) Section 526(c) of the TRA of 1984 added a new condition under a new section 7701(a)(46) that must be satisfied in order for a plan to be considered to be a plan maintained pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement between employee representatives and one or more employers for purposes of the Code after March 31, 1984. If more than one-half of the membership of an organization is comprised of owners, officers, and executives of employers covered by the plan, then such organization is not an employee representative for purposes of determining whether a plan is to be treated as maintained pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement between employee representatives and one or more employers. Whether an individual is an owner, officer or executive is to be determined separately with respect to each employer. Additionally, section 7701(a)(46) provides that the Internal Revenue Service shall make the determination for purposes of the Code as to whether there is a collective bargaining agreement between employee representatives and one or more employers.

Q-2: If an organization does not fail to be an employee representative under the 50 percent or less test of section 7701(a)(46), is a plan maintained pursuant to an agreement between such organization and one or more employers necessarily treated, under the Code, as a plan maintained pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement between an employee representative and one or more employers?

Internal Revenue Service, Treasury

§ 301.7701(b)-0

A-2: (a) No.

(b) Specific Code provisions generally require other conditions than that in section 7701(a)(46) to be satisfied in order for a plan to be considered to be collectively-bargained. For example, in order for a plan to be described in section 413(a), the Secretary of Labor must find that the plan is maintained pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement between employee representatives and one or more employers.

(c) Even if (1) the finding in the example in the preceding paragraph (b) is made by the Secretary of Labor, (2) the union has been recognized as exempt under section 501(c)(5), and (3) the percentage condition in section 7701(a)(46) is satisfied, the Internal Revenue Service has the authority, pursuant to section 7701(a)(46), to determine whether there is a collective bargaining agreement under the Code.

[T.D. 8073, 51 FR 4337, Feb. 4, 1986]

§ 301.7701(b)-0 Outline of regulation provision for section 7701(b)-1 through (b)-9.

This section lists the paragraphs contained in §§ 301.7701(b)-1 through 301.7701(b)-9.

§ 301.7701(b)-1 Resident alien.

- (a) Scope.
- (b) Lawful permanent resident.
 - (1) Green card test.
 - (2) Rescission of resident status.
 - (3) Administrative or judicial determination of abandonment of resident status.
- (c) Substantial presence test.
 - (1) In general.
 - (2) Determination of presence.
 - (i) Physical presence.
 - (ii) United States.
 - (3) Current year.
 - (4) Thirty-one day minimum.
 - (d) Application of section 7701(b) to the possessions and territories.
 - (1) Application to aliens.
 - (2) Non-application to citizens.
- (e) Examples.

§ 301.7701(b)-2 Closer connection exception.

- (a) In general.
- (b) Foreign country.
- (c) Tax home.
 - (1) Definition.
 - (2) Duration and nature of tax home.
- (d) Closer connection to a foreign country.
 - (1) In general.
 - (2) Permanent home.

- (e) Special rule.
- (f) Closer connection exception unavailable.
- (g) Filing requirements.

§ 301.7701(b)-3 Days of presence in the United States that are excluded for purposes of section 7701(b).

- (a) In general.
- (b) Exempt individuals.
 - (1) In general.
 - (2) Foreign government-related individual.
 - (i) In general.
 - (ii) Definition of international organization.
 - (iii) Full-time diplomatic or consular status.
 - (3) Teacher or trainee.
 - (4) Student.
 - (5) Professional athlete.
 - (6) Substantial compliance.
 - (7) Limitation on teacher or trainee and student exemptions.
 - (i) Teacher or trainee limitation in general.
 - (ii) Special teacher or trainee limitation for section 872(b)(3) compensation.
 - (iii) Limitation on student exemption.
 - (iv) Transition rule.
 - (v) Examples.
 - (8) Immediate family.
 - (c) Medical condition.
 - (1) In general.
 - (2) Intent to leave the United States.
 - (3) Preexisting medical condition.
 - (4) Examples.
 - (d) Days in transit.
 - (e) Regular commuters from Mexico or Canada.
 - (1) General rule.
 - (2) Definitions.
 - (3) Examples.
 - (f) Determination of excluded days applies beyond year of determination.

§ 301.7701(b)-4 Residency time periods.

- (a) First year of residency.
- (b) Last year of residency.
 - (1) General rule.
 - (2) Exceptions.
- (c) Rules relating to residency starting date and residency termination date.
 - (1) De minimis presence.
 - (2) Proration.
 - (3) Residency starting date for certain individuals.
 - (i) In general.
 - (ii) Determination of presence.
 - (iii) Thirty-one day period.
 - (iv) Period of continuous presence.
 - (v) Election procedure.
 - (A) Filing requirements.
 - (B) Election on behalf of a dependent child.
 - (C) Statement.
 - (vi) Penalty for failure to comply with filing requirements.
 - (A) General rule.