

ounces. A liter is divided into 1,000 milliliters. Milliliter or milliliters may be abbreviated as "ml".

Person. An individual, a trust, estate, partnership, association or other unincorporated organization, fiduciary, company, or corporation, or the District of Columbia, a State, or a political subdivision thereof (including a city, county, or other municipality).

Place, or place of business. The entire office, plant, or area of the business in any one location under the same proprietorship; and passageways, streets, highways, rail crossings, waterways, or partitions dividing the premises shall not be deemed a separation for special tax purposes, if the various divisions are otherwise contiguous.

Reclaim. To grind up a liquor bottle or container and use the ground up material to make products other than liquor bottles or containers.

Recycle. To grind up a liquor bottle or container and use the ground up material to make new liquor bottles or containers.

Regional director (compliance). The principal ATF regional official responsible for administering regulations in this part.

Sale at retail or retail sale. Sale of liquors to a person other than a dealer.

Sale at wholesale or wholesale sale. Sale of liquors to a dealer.

Special tax. The occupational tax imposed on a dealer in liquors or a dealer in beer.

Tax year. The period from July 1 of one calendar year through June 30 of the following year.

U.S.C. The United States Code.

Wine. When used without qualification, the term includes every kind (class and type) of product produced on bonded wine premises from grapes, other fruit (including berries), or other suitable agricultural products and containing not more than 24 percent of alcohol by volume. The term includes all imitation, other than standard, or artificial wine and compounds sold as wine. A wine product containing less than one-half of one percent alcohol by vol-

ume is not taxable as wine when removed from the bonded wine premises.

(26 U.S.C. 7805 (68A Stat. 917, as amended) 27 U.S.C. 205 (49 Stat. 981, as amended))

[T.D. ATF-48, 43 FR 13541, Mar. 31, 1978, as amended by T.D. ATF-50, 43 FR 37180, Aug. 22, 1978; 44 FR 55843, Sept. 28, 1979; T.D. ATF-62, 44 FR 71693, Dec. 11, 1979; T.D. ATF-114, 47 FR 43949, Oct. 5, 1982; T.D. ATF-344, 58 FR 40355, July 28, 1993]

Subpart C—Special (Occupational) Taxes

§ 194.21 Basis of tax.

Special taxes are imposed on persons engaging in or carrying on the business or occupation of selling or offering for sale alcoholic liquors fit for use as a beverage or any alcoholic liquors sold for use as a beverage. The classes of liquor dealer business on which special occupational tax is imposed and the conditions under which such tax is incurred are specified in §§ 194.23 through 194.26. No person shall engage in any business on which the special tax is imposed until he has filed a special tax return as provided in § 194.26 of this part and paid the special tax for such business.

(72 Stat. 1346; 26 U.S.C. 5142)

[25 FR 6270, July 2, 1960. Redesignated at 40 FR 16835, Apr. 15, 1975, and amended by T.D. ATF-271, 53 FR 17552, May 17, 1988]

§ 194.22 Selling or offering for sale.

Whether the activities of any person constitute engaging in the business of selling or offering for sale is to be determined by the facts in each case, but any course of selling or offering for sale, though to a restricted class of persons or without a view to profit, is within the meaning of the statute.

DEALERS CLASSIFIED

§ 194.23 Retail dealer in liquors.

(a) *General.* Every person who sells or offers for sale distilled spirits, wines, or beer to any person other than a dealer is, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, a retail dealer in liquors. Every retail dealer in liquors shall pay special tax at the rate

§ 194.24

27 CFR Ch. I (4-1-02 Edition)

specified in § 194.101 for such dealer, unless such dealer is exempt from such special tax as provided in paragraph (c) of this section.

(b) *Persons not deemed to be retail dealers in liquors.* The following persons are not deemed to be retail dealers in liquors within the meaning of 26 U.S.C. Chapter 51, and are not required to pay special tax as such dealer:

(1) A retail dealer in beer as defined in § 194.25,

(2) A limited retail dealer as specified in § 194.27, or

(3) A person who only sells or offers for sale distilled spirits, wines, or beer as provided in § 194.188 through § 194.190 or § 194.191(a).

(c) *Persons exempt from special tax.* The following persons are exempt from special tax as retail dealers in liquors:

(1) A wholesale dealer in liquors selling or offering for sale distilled spirits, wines, or beer, whether to dealers or persons other than dealers, at any place where such wholesale dealer in liquors is required to pay special tax as such dealer.

(2) A wholesale dealer in beer selling or offering for sale beer only, whether to dealers or persons other than dealers, at any place where such wholesale dealer in beer is required to pay special tax as such dealer, or

(3) A person who is exempt from special tax under the provisions of §§ 194.181–194.184, 194.187, or 194.187a.

(72 Stat. 1340, 1343, 1344; 26 U.S.C. 5113, 5121, 5122)

[25 FR 6270, July 2, 1960. Redesignated at 40 FR 16835, Apr. 15, 1975, and amended by T.D. ATF-48, 44 FR 55843, Sept. 28, 1979; T.D. ATF-271, 53 FR 17552, May 17, 1988]

§ 194.24 Wholesale dealer in liquors.

(a) *General.* Every person who sells or offers for sale distilled spirits, wines, or beer to another dealer is, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, a wholesale dealer in liquors. Every wholesale dealer in liquors is required to pay special tax at the rate specified in § 194.101 for such dealer, unless such dealer is exempt from such special tax as provided in paragraph (c) of this section.

(b) *Persons not deemed to be wholesale dealers in liquors.* The following persons are not deemed to be wholesale dealers

in liquors within the meaning of 26 U.S.C., Chapter 51, and are not required to pay special tax as such dealer:

(1) A wholesale dealer in beer as defined in § 194.26,

(2) A person who only sells or offers for sale distilled spirits, wines, or beer as provided in §§ 194.188 through 194.190 or § 194.192, or

(3) A person returning liquors for credit, refund, or exchange as provided in § 194.193.

(c) *Persons exempt from special tax.* (1) The following persons are exempt from special tax as wholesale dealers in liquors:

(i) A retail dealer in liquors who consummates sales of distilled spirits, beer or wine, or any combination thereof, to a limited retail dealer at the place where such retail dealer in liquors has paid the special tax as such dealer for the current tax year,

(ii) A retail dealer in beer who, having paid the special tax as such dealer for the current tax year, consummates sales at his place of business of beer to a limited retail dealer, or

(iii) A person who is exempt from such tax under the provision of §§ 194.181 through 194.184.

(2) A wholesale dealer in liquors who has paid the special tax as such dealer at the place or places, from which he conducts his selling operations is exempt from additional special tax on account of his sales of beer or wines to other dealers at the places of business of such dealers.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1340, as amended, 1344, as amended; sec. 1905, Pub. L. 94-455, 90 Stat. 1819 (26 U.S.C. 5111, 5112, 5113, 5123))

[25 FR 6270, July 2, 1960. Redesignated at 40 FR 16835, Apr. 15, 1975, as amended by T.D. ATF-21, 40 FR 56887, Dec. 5, 1975; T.D. ATF-42, 42 FR 8369, Feb. 10, 1977]

§ 194.25 Retail dealer in beer.

(a) *General.* Every person who sells or offers for sale beer, but not distilled spirits or wines, to any person other than a dealer is, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, a retail dealer in beer. Every retail dealer in beer shall pay special tax at the rate specified in § 194.101 for such dealer, unless such dealer is exempt from such