

the agency, and within the same local commuting area;

(14) Movement of excepted service employees within an agency;

(15) A placement under 5 U.S.C. 8337 or 8451 to allow continued employment of an employee who has become unable to provide useful and efficient service in his or her current position because of a medical condition;

(16) A placement that is a “reasonable offer” as defined in 5 U.S.C. 8336(d) and 8414(b);

(17) Career ladder promotions or position changes resulting from reclassification actions, e.g., accretion of duties, or application of new position classification standards;

(18) Recall of seasonal or intermittent employees from nonpay status;

(19) The internal placement of an injured or disabled worker whose agency has identified a position for which he or she can be reasonably accommodated;

(20) An action taken by the agency head or his designee pursuant to the settlement of a formal complaint, grievance, appeal, or other litigation;

(21) An action taken to return an employee to his or her original or similar position during a supervisory probationary period;

(22) The retention of individuals whose positions are brought into the competitive service under §316.701 or §316.702 of this chapter and subsequent conversion, when applicable, under §315.701 of this chapter;

(23) The retention of an employee for whom OPM has approved a rule 5.1 variation;

(24) At the agency’s discretion, the selection of an employee from within a component of an agency within the local commuting area, after all eligible surplus and displaced applicants of that component who are eligible under CTAP within the local commuting area have been accorded selection priority;

(25) The reemployment of a former agency employee who retired under a formal trial retirement and reemployment program, and who seeks reemployment with that agency under the program’s provisions, and within the program’s applicable time limits;

(26) Extensions of temporary or term actions, up to the full period allowed,

provided that the original action, upon which the extension is based, was made on or before February 29, 1996; or for actions initially made after February 29, 1996, the original vacancy announcement must have specified that the position was open to CTAP candidates and that if they were found well-qualified, would be afforded selection priority. The original announcement must have stated that an extension was possible without further announcement;

(27) Noncompetitive movement of employees between agencies as a result of interagency reorganization, interagency transfer of function, or interagency mass transfer; and

(28) The placement of a member of the Senior Executive Service under 5 U.S.C. 3594.

(29) The voluntary transfer of employees from one agency to another under a Memorandum of Understanding or similar type of agreement when both agencies and the affected employees agree to the transfer.

(30) The reassignment of an employee whose position description or other written mobility agreement provides for reassignments outside the commuting area as part of a planned rotational program within the agency.

[62 FR 31320, June 9, 1997, as amended at 64 FR 40509, July 27, 1999]

**§ 330.607 Notification of surplus and displaced employees.**

(a) In addition to meeting the requirements of §330.602(a)(1)(iv), at the time it issues a specific RIF separation notice, certificate of expected separation, or other official agency certification that identifies an employee as being likely to be separated by RIF, or by adverse action procedures for declining a directed reassignment or transfer of function outside of the local commuting area, an agency must give each of its eligible employees information in writing about the special selection priority available to them under the agency’s Career Transition Assistance Plan. Such information must contain guidance to the employee on how to apply for vacancies under the CTAP, and what documentation is generally required as proof of eligibility.

(b) Agencies must take reasonable steps to ensure eligible employees are

notified of all vacancies the agency is filling in locations where there are CTAP eligibles, and what is required for them to be determined well-qualified for the vacancies. Vacancy announcements within an agency must contain information on how eligible employees within the agency can apply, what proof of eligibility is required, and the agency's definition of "well-qualified". If there are no CTAP eligibles in a local commuting area, the agency may document this fact as an alternative to posting the vacancy under the CTAP program.

(c) Each agency is required to advise, in writing, their surplus and displaced employees who apply for specific vacancies within its local commuting area of the results of their application, and whether or not they were found well-qualified. If they are not found well-qualified, such notice must include information on the results of an independent, second review conducted by the agency. If an applicant is found well-qualified, and another well-qualified surplus or displaced candidate is selected, the applicant must be so advised.

[62 FR 31320, June 9, 1997, as amended at 64 FR 40509, July 27, 1999; 65 FR 47829, Aug. 4, 2000]

#### § 330.608 Application and selection.

##### (a) Application.

(1) To receive this special selection priority, an eligible employee must apply for a specific agency vacancy in the same local commuting area as the position the employee occupies within the prescribed time frames, attach the appropriate proof of eligibility as described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, and be determined well-qualified by the agency for the specific vacancy.

(2) Employees may submit the following as proof of eligibility for the special selection priority:

(i) RIF separation notice or notice of proposed removal for declining a directed reassignment or transfer of function outside the local commuting area;

(ii) Certificate of expected separation or other official notice from the agency indicating that the employee is surplus or eligible for discontinued service retirement; or

(iii) Other official agency certification identifying the employee as being in a surplus organization or occupation.

(b) *Selection.* An agency may decide the specific order of selection of its eligible employees within the provisions set forth in § 330.606(a) (e.g., the agency may decide to select displaced employees before surplus employees or may select surplus and/or displaced employees from within a particular component of the agency before selecting surplus and/or displaced employees from another component of the agency).

(c) An agency cannot select any other candidate from within or outside the agency if eligible employees are available for the vacancy or vacancies.

(d) If two or more eligible employees apply for a vacancy and are determined to be well-qualified, any of these eligible employees may be selected.

(e) If no eligible employees apply or none is deemed well-qualified, the agency may select another agency employee without regard to this subpart.

#### § 330.609 Qualification reviews.

Agencies will ensure that a documented, independent second review is conducted whenever an otherwise eligible employee is determined to be not well-qualified. The applicant must be advised in writing of the results of the second review.

#### § 330.610 [Reserved]

#### § 330.611 Oversight.

OPM provides advice and assistance to agencies in implementing their Career Transition Assistance Programs. OPM is also responsible for oversight of agency CTAPs and may conduct reviews of the plans at any time.

### Subpart G—Interagency Career Transition Assistance Plan for Displaced Employees

AUTHORITY: Presidential memorandum dated September 12, 1995, entitled "Career Transition Assistance for Federal Employees".

SOURCE: 62 FR 31323, June 9, 1997, unless otherwise noted.