

§ 700.40

(4) Misusing conservation materials or services.

(5) Adopting a land use or practice during the contract period which tends to defeat the purposes of the program.

(b) *Contract termination as a result of violations.* (1) The participant agrees to forfeit all rights to further cost-sharing payments under a contract and to refund all cost-share payments received if the County ASC Committee with the concurrence of the State ASC Committee, determines that:

(i) There was a violation of the contract during the time the participant had control of the land.

(ii) The violation was of such a nature as to warrant termination of the contract.

(2) The participant shall be obligated to refund all cost-share payments, including those paid to vendors for materials and services.

(c) *Payment adjustments and refunds resulting from violations.* (1) The participant agrees to refund cost-share payments received under the contract or to accept payment adjustments if the County ASC Committee determines and the State ASC Committee concurs that:

(i) There was a violation of the contract during the time the participant had control of the land.

(ii) The nature of the violation does not warrant termination of the contract.

(2) Payment adjustments may include decreasing the rate of the cost share, or deleting from the contract a cost-share commitment, or withholding cost-share payments earned but not paid. The participant who signs the contract may be obligated to refund cost-share payments.

Subpart D—Monitoring and Evaluation

§ 700.40 General program monitoring and evaluation.

(a) *Requirement.* All approved RCWP projects will be monitored in sufficient detail to determine BMP application progress and to generally document water quality improvement trends through the life of the project. This will include, among others, data on BMP installation progress, payments

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made, refunds and periodic water quality monitoring for addressing short and long-term trends in water quality.

(b) *Monitoring Report.* A water quality monitoring report will be submitted as a part of the annual progress report. The initial report will include:

(1) A description of water quality monitoring strategy for the area.

(2) Data collection schedule.

(3) Parameters being monitored (and baseline values).

(4) Collection and analytical methods.

(5) A summary of existing data and trends.

Subsequent reports will update the initial data and report any significant changes in water quality land use.

(c) *Program Monitoring Funding.* The project application and the proposed monitoring plan are to include an estimate of the local and State financial and technical support. General monitoring will not be financed with RCWP funds.

§ 700.41 Comprehensive USDA/EPA joint project water quality monitoring, evaluation, and analysis.

(a) *Requirement.* The Secretary and Administrator, EPA will jointly select a limited number of projects to be comprehensively monitored and evaluated from a list of projects recommended by the NCC. The NCC will develop criteria for selecting the project areas.

(b) *Project Selection.* The NCC will recommend projects for this comprehensive program. The project areas are to be representative of the agricultural and silvicultural nonpoint source pollution problems.

(c) *Plan Development.* After a project is selected for the comprehensive monitoring and evaluation, the SCC is to submit within 90 days, a plan for USDA–EPA review and approval. USDA and EPA will have 30 days for the plan review and approval process.

(d) *Plan Requirements.* In general, the comprehensive monitoring plan will address and include the following:

(1) *Objective.* Define the purpose and scope of the monitoring program and establish clear objectives for each activity proposed.

(2) *Monitoring Strategy.* Define the basic hydrological and meteorological