

**§ 200.42**

(b) Interstate and intrastate coordination of the State MEP and its local projects with other relevant programs and local projects in the State and in other States;

(c) Procedures for providing for educational continuity for migratory children through the timely transfer of educational and health records, beyond that required generally by State and local agencies.

(d) Collecting and using information for accurate distribution of subgrant funds; and

(e) Development and implementation of a statewide plan for needs assessment and service delivery.

(f) Supervision of instructional and support staff.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6392, 6511)

**§ 200.42 Responsibilities of SEAs and operating agencies for assessing the effectiveness of the MEP.**

(a) Each SEA and operating agency receiving funds under the MEP has the responsibility to determine the effectiveness of its program and projects in providing migratory students with the opportunity to meet the same challenging State content and performance standards, required under § 200.2, that the State has established for all children.

(b) To determine the effectiveness of its program and projects, each SEA and operating agency receiving MEP funds shall, wherever feasible, use the same high-quality yearly student assessments or transitional assessments that the State establishes for use in meeting the requirements of § 200.4.

(c) In a project where it is not feasible to use the same student assessments that are being used to meet the requirements of § 200.4 (e.g., in a summer-only project, or in a project where no migratory students are enrolled at the time the State-established assessment takes place), the SEA must ensure that the relevant operating agency carries out some other reasonable process or processes for examining the effectiveness of the project.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6394)

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**§ 200.43 Responsibilities of SEAs and operating agencies for improving services to migratory children.**

While the specific school improvement requirements of section 1116 of the statute do not apply to the MEP, SEAs and local operating agencies receiving MEP funds shall use the results of the assessments carried out under § 200.42 to improve the services provided to migratory children.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6394)

**§ 200.44 Use of MEP funds in schoolwide projects.**

Funds available under part C of title I of the Act may be used in a schoolwide program subject to the requirements of § 200.8(c)(3)(ii)(B)(1).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6396)

**§ 200.45 Responsibilities for participation of children in private schools.**

An SEA and its operating agencies shall conduct programs and projects under this subpart in a manner consistent with the basic requirements of section 1120 of the Act.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6394)

**§§ 200.46–200.49 [Reserved]**

**Subpart D—Prevention and Intervention Programs for Children and Youth Who Are Neglected, Delinquent, or At-Risk of Dropping Out**

**§ 200.50 Program definitions.**

(a) The following definitions apply to the programs authorized in part D, subparts 1 and 2 of title I of the Act:

*Children and Youth* means the same as *children* as that term is defined in § 200.65(a).

(b) The following definitions apply to the programs authorized in part D, subpart 1 of title I of the Act:

*Institution for delinquent children and youth* means, as determined by the SEA, a public or private residential facility that is operated primarily for the care of children and youth who—

(1) Have been adjudicated to be delinquent or in need of supervision; and

(2) Have had an average length of stay in the institution of at least 30 days.

*Institution for neglected children and youth* means, as determined by the SEA, a public or private residential facility, other than a foster home, that is operated primarily for the care of children and youth who—

(1) Have been committed to the institution or voluntarily placed in the institution under applicable State law due to abandonment, neglect, or death of their parents or guardians; and

(2) Have had an average length of stay in the institution of at least 30 days.

*Regular program of instruction* means an educational program (not beyond grade 12) in an institution or a community day program for neglected or delinquent children that consists of classroom instruction in basic school subjects such as reading, mathematics, and vocationally oriented subjects, and that is supported by non-Federal funds. Neither the manufacture of goods within the institution nor activities related to institutional maintenance are considered classroom instruction.

(c) The following definitions apply to the local agency program authorized in part D, subpart 2 of title I of the Act:

*Immigrant children and youth* and *Limited English Proficiency* have the same meanings as those terms are defined in section 7501 of the Act, except that the terms *individual* and *children and youth* used in those definitions mean *children and youth* as defined in this section.

*Locally operated correctional facility* means a facility in which persons are confined as a result of a conviction for a criminal offense, including persons under 21 years of age. The term also includes a local public or private institution and community day program or school not operated by the State that serves delinquent children and youth.

*Migrant youth* means the same as *migratory child* as that term is defined in § 200.40(d).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6432, 6472)

**§ 200.51 SEA counts of eligible children.**

To receive an allocation under part D, subpart 1 of title I of the Act, an SEA must provide the Secretary with a

count of children and youth under the age of 21 enrolled in a regular program of instruction operated or supported by State agencies in institutions or community day programs for neglected or delinquent children and youth and adult correctional institutions as specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section:

(a) *Enrollment.* (1) To be counted, a child or youth must be enrolled in a regular program of instruction for at least—

(i) 20 hours per week if in an institution or community day program for neglected or delinquent children; or

(ii) 15 hours per week if in an adult correctional institution.

(2) The State agency shall specify the date on which the enrollment of neglected or delinquent children is determined under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, except that the date specified shall be—

(i) Consistent for all institutions or community day programs operated by the State agency; and

(ii) Represent a school day in the calendar year preceding the year in which funds become available.

(b) *Adjustment of enrollment.* The SEA shall adjust the enrollment for each institution or community day program served by a State agency by—

(1) Multiplying the number determined in paragraph (a) of this section by the number of days per year the regular program of instruction operates; and

(2) Dividing the result of paragraph (b)(1) of this section by 180.

(c) *Date of submission.* The SEA must annually submit the data in paragraph (b) of this section no later than January 31.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6432)

**§§ 200.52–200.59 [Reserved]**

**Subpart E—General Provisions**

**§ 200.60 Reservation of funds for State administration and school improvement.**

(a) *State administration.* An SEA may reserve for State administration activities authorized in section 1603 of the Act no more than—