

§ 406.4

State or local entities that have successfully designed, established, and operated tech-prep education programs.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2394a, 2394b)

[57 FR 36763, Aug. 14, 1992, as amended at 59 FR 38514, July 28, 1994]

§ 406.4 What regulations apply?

The following regulations apply to the State-Administered Tech-Prep Education Program:

- (a) The regulations in this part 406.
- (b) The regulations in 34 CFR part 400.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2394-2394e)

§ 406.5 What definitions apply?

(a) The definitions in 34 CFR 400.4 apply to this part.

(b) The following definitions also apply to this part:

Articulation agreement means a commitment to a program designed to provide students with a non-duplicative sequence of progressive achievement leading to competencies in a tech-prep education program.

Community college—

(1) Has the meaning provided in 34 CFR 400.4 for the term *Institution of higher education* for an institution that provides not less than a two-year program that is acceptable for full credit toward a bachelor's degree; and

(2) Includes tribally controlled community colleges.

Institution of higher education includes an institution offering apprenticeship programs of at least two years beyond the completion of secondary school, and includes, in addition to the institutions covered by the definition of the term *institution of higher education* in 34 CFR 400.4, a—

(1) Proprietary institution of higher education;

(2) Postsecondary vocational institution;

(3) Department, division, or other administrative unit in a college or university that provides primarily or exclusively an accredited program of education in professional nursing and allied subjects leading to the degree of bachelor of nursing, or to be an equivalent degree, or to a graduate degree in nursing; and

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(4) Department, division, or other administrative unit in a junior college, community college, college, or university that provides primarily or exclusively an accredited two-year program of education in professional nursing and allied subjects leading to an associate degree in nursing or an equivalent degree.

Tech-prep education program means a combined secondary and postsecondary program that—

(1) Leads to an associate degree or two-year certificate;

(2) Provides technical preparation in at least one field of engineering technology, applied science, mechanical, industrial, or practical art or trade, or agriculture, health, or business;

(3) Builds student competence in mathematics, science, and communications (including through applied academics) through a sequential course of study; and

(4) Leads to placement in employment.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1088 and 2394e)

Subpart B—How Does a State Apply for a Grant?

§ 406.10 What must the State application contain?

To receive a grant under this program, a State board shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, as the Secretary prescribes. The State board may submit an application along with the State plan submitted in accordance with 34 CFR 403.30. The application must include a description of—

(a) The requirements for State board approval of funding of a local tech-prep education project, including—

(1) Whether the State board intends to make awards on a competitive basis or on the basis of a formula; and

(2) If a formula is to be used, a description of that formula;

(b) How the State board will perform the following:

(1) Approve applications based on their potential to create an effective tech-prep education program as described in § 406.3(b).

(2) Give special consideration to applicants that—

(i) Provide for effective employment placement activities or transfer of students to four-year baccalaureate degree programs;

(ii) Are developed in consultation with business, industry, labor unions, and institutions of higher education that award baccalaureate degrees; and

(iii) Address effectively the issues of dropout prevention and re-entry and the needs of minority youth of limited English proficiency, youth with disabilities, and disadvantaged youth;

(3) Ensure an equitable distribution of assistance between urban and rural consortium participants;

(c) How the State board will ensure that local recipients meet the requirements of this program; and

(d) How activities under this program will be coordinated with other tech-prep education programs, services, and activities provided under the State plan.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control No. 1830-0029)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2394c (b)-(e))

[57 FR 36763, Aug. 14, 1992, as amended at 59 FR 38514, July 28, 1994]

Subpart C—How Does the Secretary Make a Grant to a State?

§ 406.20 How does the Secretary make allotments?

The Secretary determines the amount of each State's allotment according to a formula in section 101(a)(2) of the Act.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2394a(b)(1))

§ 406.21 How does the Secretary make reallocations?

(a)(1) If the Secretary determines that any amount of a State's allotment under § 406.20 will not be required for any fiscal year for carrying out the program under this part, the Secretary reallocates those funds to one or more States that demonstrate a current need for additional funds and the ability to use them promptly and effectively upon reallocation.

(2) The Secretary announces in the FEDERAL REGISTER the dates on which funds will be reallocated.

(b)(1) No funds reallocated under paragraph (a) of this section may be used for any purpose other than the purposes for which they were appropriated.

(2) Any amount reallocated to a State under paragraph (a) of this section remains available for obligation during the succeeding fiscal year and is deemed to be part of the State's allotment for the fiscal year in which the reallocated funds are obligated.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2311(a) and (d) and 2394a(b)(1))

Subpart D—What Conditions Must Be Met After a State Receives an Award?

§ 406.30 Who is eligible to apply to a State for an award?

(a) A State board shall provide subgrants or contracts to consortia between—

(1) A local educational agency, intermediate educational agency, area vocational education school serving secondary school students, or secondary school funded by the Bureau of Indian Affairs; and

(2) A nonprofit institution of higher education that—

(i) Is qualified as an institution of higher education as defined in § 406.5, including institutions receiving assistance under the Tribally Controlled Community College Assistance Act of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*);

(ii) Is not prohibited from receiving assistance under part B of the Higher Education Act of 1965 pursuant to the provisions of section 435(a)(3) of that Act; and

(iii) Offers a two-year associate degree program, a two-year certificate program, or a two-year apprenticeship training program that follows secondary instruction; or

(3) A proprietary institution of higher education that—

(i) Is qualified as an institution of higher education as defined in § 406.5;

(ii) Is not subject to a default management plan required by the Secretary; and

(iii) Offers a two-year associate degree program.

(b) A consortia must include at least one entity from paragraph (a)(1) of this