

§ 421.5

home health agencies and of designating intermediaries for hospices under § 421.117 as well as for applying the performance criteria in § 421.120 and the performance standards in § 421.122 and any adverse action resulting from such application, the term intermediary also means a Blue Cross Plan which has entered into a subcontract approved by CMS with the Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association to perform intermediary functions.

[59 FR 681, Jan. 6, 1994]

§ 421.5 General provisions.

(a) *Competitive bidding not required for carriers.* CMS may enter into contracts with carriers, or with intermediaries to act as carriers in certain circumstances, without regard to section 3709 of the U.S. Revised Statutes or any other provision of law that requires competitive bidding.

(b) *Indemnification of intermediaries and carriers.* Intermediaries and carriers act on behalf of CMS in carrying out certain administrative responsibilities that the law imposes. Accordingly, their agreements and contracts contain clauses providing for indemnification with respect to actions taken on behalf of CMS and CMS is the real party of interest in any litigation involving the administration of the program.

(c) *Use of intermediaries to perform carrier functions.* CMS may contract with an intermediary to perform carrier functions with respect to services for which Part B payment is made to a provider.

(d) *Nonrenewal of agreement or contract.* Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this part, CMS has the authority not to renew an agreement or contract when its term expires.

(e) *Intermediary availability in an area.* For more effective and efficient administration of the program, CMS retains the right to expand or diminish the geographical area in which an intermediary is available to serve providers.

(f) *Provision for automatic renewal.* Agreements and contracts under this part may contain automatic renewal clauses for continuation from term to term unless either party gives notice, within timeframes specified in the

42 CFR Ch. IV (10-1-02 Edition)

agreement or contract, of its intention not to renew.

[45 FR 42179, June 23, 1980, as amended at 54 FR 4026, Jan. 27, 1989]

Subpart B—Intermediaries

§ 421.100 Intermediary functions.

An agreement between CMS and an intermediary specifies the functions to be performed by the intermediary, which must include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:

(a) *Coverage.* (1) The intermediary ensures that it makes payments only for services that are:

(i) Furnished to Medicare beneficiaries;

(ii) Covered under Medicare; and

(iii) In accordance with QIO determinations when they are services for which the QIO has assumed review responsibility under its contract with CMS.

(2) The intermediary takes appropriate action to reject or adjust the claim if—

(i) The intermediary or the QIO determines that the services furnished or proposed to be furnished were not reasonable, not medically necessary, or not furnished in the most appropriate setting; or

(ii) The intermediary determines that the claim does not properly reflect the kind and amount of services furnished.

(b) *Fiscal management.* The intermediary must receive, disburse, and account for funds in making Medicare payments.

(c) *Provider audits.* The intermediary must audit the records of providers of services as necessary to assure proper payments.

(d) *Utilization patterns.* The intermediary must assist providers to—

(1) Develop procedures relating to utilization practices;

(2) Make studies of the effectiveness of those procedures and recommend methods to improve them;

(3) Evaluate the results of utilization review activity; and

(4) Assist in the application of safeguards against unnecessary utilization of services.

(e) *Resolution of cost report disputes.* The intermediary must establish and

maintain procedures approved by CMS to consider and resolve any disputes that may result from provider dissatisfaction with an intermediary's determinations concerning provider cost reports.

(f) *Reconsideration of determinations.* The intermediary must establish and maintain procedures approved by CMS for the reconsideration of its determinations to deny payments to an individual or to the provider that furnished services to the individual. The QIO performs reconsideration of cases in which it made a determination subject to reconsideration.

(g) *Information and reports.* The intermediary must furnish to CMS any information and reports that CMS requests in order to carry out its responsibilities in the administration of the Medicare program.

(h) *Other terms and conditions.* The intermediary must comply with all applicable laws and regulations and with any other terms and conditions included in its agreement.

(i) *Dual intermediary responsibilities.* With respect to the responsibility for service to provider-based HHAs and provider-based hospices, where the HHA or hospice and its parent provider will be served by different intermediaries under § 421.117 of this part, the designated regional intermediary will process bills, make coverage determinations and make payments to the HHAs and hospices. The intermediary serving the parent provider will perform all fiscal functions, including audits and settlement of the Medicare cost reports and the HHA and hospice supplement worksheets.

[45 FR 42179, June 23, 1980, as amended at 48 FR 7178, Feb. 18, 1983; 49 FR 3659, Jan. 30, 1984; 51 FR 43198, Dec. 1, 1986; 53 FR 17944, May 19, 1988; 54 FR 4026, Jan. 27, 1989]

§ 421.103 Options available to providers and CMS.

(a) Except for hospices (which are covered under § 421.117), a provider may elect to receive payment for covered services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries—

(1) Directly from CMS (subject to the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section); or

(2) Through an intermediary, when both CMS and the intermediary consent.

(b) Whenever CMS determines it appropriate, it may contract with any organization (including an intermediary with which CMS has previously entered into an agreement under § 421.105 and § 421.110 or designated as a regional or alternative regional intermediary under § 421.117) for the purposes of making payments to any provider that does not elect to receive payment from an intermediary.

[49 FR 3659, Jan. 30, 1984; 49 FR 9174, Mar. 12, 1984]

§ 421.104 Nominations for intermediary.

(a) *Nomination by groups or associations of providers.* (1) An association of providers, except for hospices, may nominate an organization or agency to serve as intermediary for its members.

(2) The nomination is not binding on any member of the association if it notifies CMS of its nonconcurrence with the nomination.

(3) The nomination must be made in writing, to CMS, and must—

(i) Identify the proposed intermediary by giving the complete name and address;

(ii) Include, or furnish as an attachment, the name, address, and bed capacity (or patient care capacity in the case of home health agencies) of each member of the association;

(iii) List the members that have concurred in the nomination of the proposed intermediary; and

(iv) Be signed by an authorized representative of the association.

(b) *Action by nonmembers or non-concurring members.* Providers that non-concur in their association's nomination, or are not members of an association, may—

(1) Form a group of 2 or more providers for the specific purpose of nominating an intermediary, in accordance with provisions of paragraph (a) of this section;

(2) Elect to receive payments from a fiscal intermediary with which CMS already has an agreement, if CMS and the intermediary agree to it (see § 421.106); or