

PART 421—INTERMEDIARIES AND CARRIERS**Subpart A—Scope, Definitions, and General Provisions****Subpart A—Scope, Definitions, and General Provisions**

Sec.

- 421.1 Basis and scope.
- 421.3 Definitions.
- 421.5 General provisions.

Subpart B—Intermediaries

- 421.100 Intermediary functions.
- 421.103 Options available to providers and CMS.
- 421.104 Nominations for intermediary.
- 421.105 Notification of action on nomination.
- 421.106 Change to another intermediary or to direct payment.
- 421.110 Requirements for approval of an agreement.
- 421.112 Considerations relating to the effective and efficient administration of the program.
- 421.114 Assignment and reassignment of providers by CMS.
- 421.116 Designation of national or regional intermediaries.
- 421.117 Designation of regional and alternative designated regional intermediaries for home health agencies and hospices.
- 421.118 Awarding of experimental contracts.
- 421.120 Performance criteria.
- 421.122 Performance standards.
- 421.124 Intermediary's failure to perform efficiently and effectively.
- 421.126 Termination of agreements.
- 421.128 Intermediary's opportunity for hearing and right to judicial review.

Subpart C—Carriers

- 421.200 Carrier functions.
- 421.201 Performance criteria and standards.
- 421.202 Requirements and conditions.
- 421.203 Carrier's failure to perform efficiently and effectively.
- 421.205 Termination by the Secretary.
- 421.210 Designations of regional carriers to process claims for durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics and supplies.
- 421.212 Railroad Retirement Board contracts.
- 421.214 Advance payments to suppliers furnishing items or services under Part B.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 1102 and 1871 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302 and 1395hh).

SOURCE: 45 FR 42179, June 23, 1980, unless otherwise noted.

§ 421.1 Basis and scope.

(a) This part is based on the indicated provisions of the following sections of the Act:

1124—Requirements for disclosure of certain information.

1816 and 1842—Use of organizations and agencies in making Medicare payments to providers and suppliers of services.

(b) Section 421.118 is also based on 42 U.S.C.1395b-1(a)(1)(F), which authorizes demonstration projects involving intermediary agreements and carrier contracts.

(c) The provisions of this part apply to agreements with Part A (Hospital Insurance) intermediaries and contracts with Part B (Supplementary Medical Insurance) carriers. They also state that CMS may perform certain functions directly or by contract. They specify criteria and standards to be used in selecting intermediaries and evaluating their performance, in assigning or reassigning a provider or providers to particular intermediaries, and in designating regional or national intermediaries for certain classes of providers. The provisions set forth the instances where there is the opportunity for a hearing for intermediaries and carriers affected by certain adverse actions. In some circumstances, the adversely affected intermediaries may request a judicial review of hearings decisions on—

(1) Assignment or reassignment of a provider or providers; or

(2) Designation of an intermediary or intermediaries to serve a class of providers.

[49 FR 3659, Jan. 30, 1984, as amended at 60 FR 50442, Sept. 29, 1995]

§ 421.3 Definitions.

Intermediary means an entity that has a contract with CMS to determine and make Medicare payments for Part A or Part B benefits payable on a cost basis (or under the Prospective Payment System for hospitals) and to perform other related functions. For purposes of designating regional or alternative regional intermediaries for

§ 421.5

home health agencies and of designating intermediaries for hospices under § 421.117 as well as for applying the performance criteria in § 421.120 and the performance standards in § 421.122 and any adverse action resulting from such application, the term intermediary also means a Blue Cross Plan which has entered into a subcontract approved by CMS with the Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association to perform intermediary functions.

[59 FR 681, Jan. 6, 1994]

§ 421.5 General provisions.

(a) *Competitive bidding not required for carriers.* CMS may enter into contracts with carriers, or with intermediaries to act as carriers in certain circumstances, without regard to section 3709 of the U.S. Revised Statutes or any other provision of law that requires competitive bidding.

(b) *Indemnification of intermediaries and carriers.* Intermediaries and carriers act on behalf of CMS in carrying out certain administrative responsibilities that the law imposes. Accordingly, their agreements and contracts contain clauses providing for indemnification with respect to actions taken on behalf of CMS and CMS is the real party of interest in any litigation involving the administration of the program.

(c) *Use of intermediaries to perform carrier functions.* CMS may contract with an intermediary to perform carrier functions with respect to services for which Part B payment is made to a provider.

(d) *Nonrenewal of agreement or contract.* Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this part, CMS has the authority not to renew an agreement or contract when its term expires.

(e) *Intermediary availability in an area.* For more effective and efficient administration of the program, CMS retains the right to expand or diminish the geographical area in which an intermediary is available to serve providers.

(f) *Provision for automatic renewal.* Agreements and contracts under this part may contain automatic renewal clauses for continuation from term to term unless either party gives notice, within timeframes specified in the

42 CFR Ch. IV (10-1-02 Edition)

agreement or contract, of its intention not to renew.

[45 FR 42179, June 23, 1980, as amended at 54 FR 4026, Jan. 27, 1989]

Subpart B—Intermediaries

§ 421.100 Intermediary functions.

An agreement between CMS and an intermediary specifies the functions to be performed by the intermediary, which must include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:

(a) *Coverage.* (1) The intermediary ensures that it makes payments only for services that are:

(i) Furnished to Medicare beneficiaries;

(ii) Covered under Medicare; and

(iii) In accordance with QIO determinations when they are services for which the QIO has assumed review responsibility under its contract with CMS.

(2) The intermediary takes appropriate action to reject or adjust the claim if—

(i) The intermediary or the QIO determines that the services furnished or proposed to be furnished were not reasonable, not medically necessary, or not furnished in the most appropriate setting; or

(ii) The intermediary determines that the claim does not properly reflect the kind and amount of services furnished.

(b) *Fiscal management.* The intermediary must receive, disburse, and account for funds in making Medicare payments.

(c) *Provider audits.* The intermediary must audit the records of providers of services as necessary to assure proper payments.

(d) *Utilization patterns.* The intermediary must assist providers to—

(1) Develop procedures relating to utilization practices;

(2) Make studies of the effectiveness of those procedures and recommend methods to improve them;

(3) Evaluate the results of utilization review activity; and

(4) Assist in the application of safeguards against unnecessary utilization of services.

(e) *Resolution of cost report disputes.* The intermediary must establish and