

§ 433.40

42 CFR Ch. IV (10-1-02 Edition)

(ii) On the date CMS receives written notice from the State that it is withdrawing its appeal on all of the disallowed funds; or

(iii) If the agency withdraws its appeal on part of the funds, on (A) the date CMS receives written notice from the agency that it is withdrawing its appeal on a specified part of the disallowed funds for the part on which the agency withdraws its appeal; and (B) the date of the final determination by the Board on the part for which the agency pursues its appeal; or

(iv) The date CMS receives written notice from the agency that it no longer chooses to retain the funds.

(2) CMS will not charge interest on FFP retained by an agency for more than 12 months for disallowances of FFP made between October 1, 1980 and August 13, 1981.

[48 FR 29485, June 27, 1983]

§ 433.40 Treatment of uncashed or cancelled (voided) Medicaid checks.

(a) Purpose. This section provides the rules to ensure that States refund the Federal portion of uncashed or cancelled (voided) checks under title XIX.

(b) Definitions. As used in this section—

Cancelled (voided) check means a Medicaid check issued by a State or fiscal agent which prior to its being cashed is cancelled (voided) by the State or fiscal agent, thus preventing disbursement of funds.

Check means a check or warrant that a State or local agency uses to make a payment.

Fiscal agent means an entity that processes or pays vendor claims for the Medicaid State agency.

Uncashed check means a Medicaid check issued by a State or fiscal agent which has not been cashed by the payee.

Warrant means an order by which the State agency or local agency without the authority to issue checks recognizes a claim. Presentation of a warrant by the payee to a State officer with authority to issue checks will result in release of funds due.

(c) Refund of Federal financial participation (FFP) for uncashed checks—(1) General provisions. If a check remains uncashed beyond a period of 180 days

from the date it was issued; i.e., the date of the check, it will no longer be regarded as an allowable program expenditure. If the State has claimed and received FFP for the amount of the uncashed check, it must refund the amount of FFP received.

(2) Report of refund. At the end of each calendar quarter, the State must identify those checks which remain uncashed beyond a period of 180 days after issuance. The State agency must refund all FFP that it received for uncashed checks by adjusting the Quarterly Statement of Expenditures for that quarter. If an uncashed check is cashed after the refund is made, the State may file a claim. The claim will be considered to be an adjustment to the costs for the quarter in which the check was originally claimed. This claim will be paid if otherwise allowed by the Act and the regulations issued pursuant to the Act.

(3) If the State does not refund the appropriate amount as specified in paragraph (c)(2) of this section, the amount will be disallowed.

(d) Refund of FFP for cancelled (voided) checks—(1) General provision. If the State has claimed and received FFP for the amount of a cancelled (voided) check, it must refund the amount of FFP received.

(2) Report of refund. At the end of each calendar quarter, the State agency must identify those checks which were cancelled (voided). The State must refund all FFP that it received for cancelled (voided) checks by adjusting the Quarterly Statement of Expenditures for that quarter.

(3) If the State does not refund the appropriate amount as specified in paragraph (d)(2) of this section, the amount will be disallowed.

[51 FR 36227, Oct. 9, 1986]

Subpart B—General Administrative Requirements State Financial Participation

SOURCE: 57 FR 55138, Nov. 24, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

§ 433.50 Basis, scope, and applicability.

(a) Basis. This subpart interprets and implements—