

Coast Guard (Great Lakes Pilotage), DOT

§ 404.5

APPENDIX A TO PART 404—RATEMAKING ANALYSES AND METHODOLOGY

APPENDIX B TO PART 404—RATEMAKING DEFINITIONS AND FORMULAS

APPENDIX C TO PART 404—PROCEDURES FOR ANNUAL REVIEW OF BASE PILOTAGE RATES

AUTHORITY: 46 U.S.C. 2104(a), 8105, 9303, 9304; 49 CFR 1.46 (mmm).

§ 404.1 General ratemaking provisions.

(a) The purpose of this part is to provide guidelines and procedures for Great Lakes pilotage ratemaking. Included in this part are explanations of the steps followed in developing a pilotage rate adjustment, the analysis used, and the guidelines followed in arriving at the pilotage rates contained in part 401 of this chapter.

(b) Great Lakes pilotage rates shall be reviewed annually in accordance with the procedures detailed in Appendix C to this part. The Director shall review Association audit reports annually and, at a minimum, the Director shall complete a thorough audit of pilot association expenses and establish pilotage rates in accordance with the procedures detailed in § 404.10 of this part at least once every five years. An interested party or parties may also petition the Director for a review at any time. The petition must present a reasonable basis for concluding that a review may be warranted. If the Director determines, from the information contained in the petition, that the existing rates may no longer be reasonable, a full review of the pilotage rates will be conducted. If the full review shows that pilotage rates are within a reasonable range of their target, no adjustment to the rates will be initiated.

[60 FR 18370, Apr. 11, 1995, as amended at 61 FR 21084, May 9, 1996. Redesignated and amended at 61 FR 32655, June 25, 1996, and further redesignated and amended by USCG-1998-3976, 63 FR 35139, 35140, June 29, 1998]

§ 404.5 Guidelines for the recognition of expenses.

(a) The following is a listing of the principal guidelines followed by the Director when determining whether expenses will be recognized in the ratemaking process:

(1) Each expense item included in the rate base is evaluated to determine if it is necessary for the provision of pilotage service, and if so, what dollar

amount is reasonable for that expense item. Each Association is responsible for providing the Director with sufficient information to show the reasonableness of all expense items. The Director will give the Association the opportunity to defend any expenses that are questioned. However, subject to the terms and conditions contained in other provisions of this part, expense items that the Director determines are not reasonable and necessary for the provision of pilotage services will not be recognized for ratemaking purposes.

(2) In determining reasonableness, each expense item is measured against one or more of the following:

(i) Comparable or similar expenses paid by others in the maritime industry,

(ii) Comparable or similar expenses paid by other industries, or

(iii) U.S. Internal Revenue Service guidelines.

(3) Lease costs for both operating and capital leases are recognized for ratemaking purposes to the extent that they conform to market rates. In the absence of a comparable market, lease costs are recognized for ratemaking purposes to the extent that they conform to depreciation plus an allowance for return on investment (computed as if the asset had been purchased with equity capital). The portion of lease costs that exceed these standards is not recognized for ratemaking purposes.

(4) For each Association, a market-equivalent return-on-investment is allowed for the net capital invested in the Association by its members. Assets subject to return on investment provisions are subject to reasonableness provisions. If an asset or other investment is not necessary for the provision of pilotage services, the return element is not allowed for ratemaking purposes.

(5) For ratemaking purposes, the revenues and expenses generated from Association transactions that are not directly related to the provision of pilotage services are included in ratemaking calculations as long as the revenues exceed the expenses from these transactions. For non-pilotage transactions that result in a net financial loss for the Association, the amount of