

## § 23.97

### § 23.97 Appeals of certification denials.

The procedures concerning the appeal of a denial of certification set forth in 49 CFR 26.89 are applicable to this subpart.

[Amdt. 1, 57 FR 18410, Apr. 30, 1992, as amended at 64 FR 5126, Feb. 2, 1999]

### § 23.99 Rationale for basing overall goals on the number of concession agreements.

(a) A sponsor who proposes to calculate the overall DBE goals as a percentage of the number of concession agreements shall submit information with the DBE plan to demonstrate that one of the following applies to the airport:

(1) In order to attain an overall DBE goal of 10 percent on the basis of gross receipts, the airport would need to award a disproportionate percentage of the opportunities to DBE's. This rationale may address a time period that extends beyond that covered by the current plan; or

(2) Other circumstances at the airport exist that do not make it feasible to use gross receipts as the basis for calculating the goals.

(b) If the FAA approves of the request, the sponsor shall not be required to provide further justification during subsequent years of the plan, unless requested by the FAA to do so.

(c) If the FAA determines that the information submitted by the sponsor fails to justify the requested goal-setting procedure, the sponsor shall resubmit the plan. The goals in the revised plan shall be calculated as a percentage of gross receipts, as outlined in paragraph (a)(2)(i) of § 23.95.

### § 23.101 Information required when none of the overall annual goals is 10 percent or more.

(a) A sponsor requesting approval for a concession plan in which none of the overall annual DBE goals is 10 percent or more shall provide information on the following points:

(1) The sponsor's efforts to locate DBE's in the relevant geographic area that are capable of operating the concessions that will become available;

(2) The sponsor's efforts to notify DBE's of concession opportunities and to encourage them to compete;

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(3) Any consideration given by the sponsor, when practical, to structuring contracting procedures so as to encourage and facilitate DBE participation. For example, a sponsor may consider using competitive means to award a concession that would otherwise be renegotiated without competition.

(4) If appropriate, an explanation why the nature of a particular concession makes DBE participation through a sublease, joint venture, partnership, or other arrangement not economically feasible.

(b) The FAA regional civil rights officer approves a plan which does not contain any overall goals of at least 10 percent if he or she determines that based on the information submitted by the sponsor under paragraph (a) of this section and any other available information;

(1) The sponsor is making all appropriate efforts to increase DBE participation in its concessions to a level of 10 percent; and

(2) Despite the sponsor's efforts, the goals submitted by the sponsor represent the reasonable expectation for DBE participation, given the availability of DBE's.

### § 23.103 Obligations of concessionaires and competitors.

(a) Sponsors may impose requirements on competitors for concession agreements as a means of achieving the DBE goals or a portion of the goals established under paragraph (a) of § 23.91 of this subpart, provided that the DBE participation specified in the solicitation or other request is an eligible arrangement, as defined in this subpart.

(b) Nothing in this subpart shall require any sponsor to modify or abrogate an existing concession agreement (one executed prior to the date the sponsor became subject to this subpart) during its term. When options to renew such agreements are exercised or when a material amendment is made to the agreement, the sponsor shall assess the potential for DBE participation and include any opportunities in the goals established under paragraph (a) of § 23.95.