

§ 627.423

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(h) Service providers under agreements to conduct projects under section 123(a)(2) shall be selected in accordance with the requirements of this section.

(i) The requirements of section 204(d)(2)(B) shall be followed in entering into agreements to provide services for older individuals funded under title II, part A.

(j) Additional requirements for selection of service providers by substate grantees are described at section 313(b)(6) of the Act and § 631.52 of this chapter.

(k) Amounts for service providers. Each SDA/SSG shall ensure that, for all services provided to participants through contracts, grants, or other agreements with a service provider, such contract, grant, or agreement shall include appropriate amounts necessary for administration and supportive services (section 108(b)(5)).

(l) When a State, SDA or SSG has a policy of awarding additional points to proposals received from such organizations as minority business enterprises and women-owned businesses, and this policy is generally applicable to its other funds, the State, SDA or SSG may apply this policy to the JTPA funds.

§ 627.423 Funding restrictions for “high-risk” recipients and subrecipients.

(a) A recipient or subrecipient may be considered “high-risk” if an awarding agency determines that the recipient or subrecipient is otherwise responsible, but:

- (1) Has a history of unsatisfactory performance;
- (2) Is not financially stable;
- (3) Has a management system which does not meet the management standards set forth in this part; or
- (4) Has not conformed to terms and conditions of a previously awarded grant or subgrant.

(b) If the awarding agency determines that an award will be made to a “high-risk” recipient or subrecipient, then special funding restrictions that address the “high-risk” status may be included in the award. Funding restrictions may include, but are not limited to:

(1) Payment on a reimbursement basis;

(2) Requiring additional and/or more detailed financial or performance reports;

(3) Additional monitoring;

(4) Requiring the recipient or subrecipient to obtain specific technical or management assistance; and/or

(5) Establishing additional prior approvals.

(c) If an awarding agency decides to impose such funding restrictions, the awarding official will notify the recipient or subrecipient as early as possible, in writing, of:

(1) The nature of the funding restrictions;

(2) The reason(s) for imposing them;

(3) The corrective actions which must be taken before they will be removed and the time allowed for completing the corrective actions; and

(4) The method of requesting reconsideration of the restrictions imposed.

§ 627.424 Prohibition of subawards to debarred and suspended parties.

(a) No recipient or subrecipient shall make any awards or permit any awards at any tier to any party which is debarred or suspended or is otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in Federal assistance programs in accordance with the Department of Labor regulations at 29 CFR part 98.

(b) Recipients and subrecipients shall comply with the applicable requirements of the Department of Labor regulations at 29 CFR part 98.

§ 627.425 Standards for financial management and participant data systems.

(a)(1) *General.* The financial management system and the participant data system of each recipient and subrecipient shall provide federally required records and reports that are uniform in definition, accessible to authorized Federal and State staff, and verifiable for monitoring, reporting, audit, program management, and evaluation purposes (sections 165(a)(1) and (2), and 182).

(2) An awarding agency may review the adequacy of the financial management system and participant data system of any recipient/subrecipient as

part of a preaward review or at any time subsequent to award.

(b) *Financial systems.* Recipients and subrecipients shall ensure that their own financial systems as well as those of their subrecipients provide fiscal control and accounting procedures that are:

(1) In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable in each State including:

(i) Information pertaining to subgrant and contract awards, obligations, unobligated balances, assets, liabilities, expenditures, and income;

(ii) Effective internal controls to safeguard assets and assure their proper use;

(iii) A comparison of actual expenditures with budgeted amounts for each subgrant and contract;

(iv) Source documentation to support accounting records; and

(v) Proper charging of costs and cost allocation; and

(2) Sufficient to:

(i) Permit preparation of required reports;

(ii) Permit the tracing of funds to a level of expenditure adequate to establish that funds have not been used in violation of the applicable restrictions on the use of such funds;

(iii) As required by section 165(g), permit the tracing of program income, potential stand-in costs and other funds that are allowable except for funding limitations, as defined in § 627.480(f) of this part, Audits; and

(iv) Demonstrate compliance with the matching requirement of section 123(b)(2).

(c) *Applicant and participant data systems.* Each recipient and subrecipient shall ensure that records are maintained:

(1) Of each applicant for whom an application has been completed and a formal determination of eligibility or ineligibility made;

(2) Of each participant's enrollment in a JTPA-funded program in sufficient detail to demonstrate compliance with the relevant eligibility criteria attending a particular activity and with the restrictions on the provision and duration of services and specific activities imposed by the Act; and

(3) Of such participant information as may be necessary to develop and measure the achievement of performance standards established by the Secretary.

§ 627.430 Grant payments.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (h)(2) of this section, JTPA grant payments shall be made to the Governor in accordance with the Cash Management Improvement Act of 1990 (31 U.S.C. 6501, et seq.), Department of Treasury regulations at 31 CFR part 205, and the State Agreement entered into with the Department of the Treasury.

(b) *Basic standard.* Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, each recipient and subrecipient shall be paid in advance, provided it demonstrates the willingness and ability to limit advanced funds to the actual immediate disbursement needs in carrying out the JTPA program.

(c) *Advance payments.* To the maximum extent feasible, each subrecipient shall be provided advance payments via electronic funds transfer, following the procedures of the awarding agency.

(d) *Reimbursement.* (1) Reimbursement is the preferred method when the requirements in paragraph (b) of this section are not met.

(i) Each recipient shall submit requests for reimbursement in accordance with the provisions at 31 CFR part 205.

(ii) Each subrecipient shall submit requests for reimbursement in accordance with requirements established by the awarding agency.

(2) Each subrecipient shall be paid as promptly as possible after receipt of a proper request for reimbursement.

(e) *Working capital advance payments.* If a subrecipient cannot meet the criteria for advance payments described in paragraph (b) of this section, and the awarding agency has determined that reimbursement is not feasible because the subrecipient lacks sufficient working capital, the awarding agency may provide cash on a working capital advance payment basis. Under this procedure, the awarding agency shall advance cash to the subrecipient to cover its estimated disbursement needs for an initial period, generally geared to the subrecipient's disbursing cycle. In