

§ 17.135

§ 17.135 Procedures for salary offset: types of collection.

A debt will be collected in a lump-sum or in installments. Collection will be by lump-sum collection unless the employee is financially unable to pay in one lump-sum, or if the amount of the debt exceeds 15 percent of disposable pay. In these cases, deduction will be by installments.

§ 17.136 Procedures for salary offset: methods of collection.

(a) *General.* A debt will be collected by deductions at officially-established pay intervals from an employee's current pay account, unless the employee and the Secretary agree to alternative arrangements for repayment. The alternative arrangement must be in writing, signed by both the employee and the Secretary.

(b) *Installment deductions.* Installment deductions will be made over a period not greater than the anticipated period of employment. The size and frequency of installment deductions will bear a reasonable relation to the size of the debt and the employee's ability to pay. However, the amount deducted for any period will not exceed 15 percent of the disposable pay from which the deduction is made, unless the employee has agreed in writing to the deduction of a greater amount. If possible, the installment payment will be sufficient in size and frequency to liquidate the debt in three years. Installment payments of less than \$25 per pay period or \$50 a month will be accepted only in the most unusual circumstances.

(c) *Sources of deductions.* The Department will make deductions only from basic pay, special pay, incentive pay, retired pay, retainer pay, or in the case of an employee not entitled to basic pay, other authorized pay.

§ 17.137 Procedures for salary offset: imposition of interest.

Interest will be charged in accordance with § 17.72.

§ 17.138 Non-waiver of rights.

So long as there are no statutory or contractual provisions to the contrary, no employee involuntary payment (of all or a portion of a debt) collected under these regulations will be inter-

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preted as a waiver of any rights that the employee may have under 5 U.S.C. 5514.

§ 17.139 Refunds.

The Department will refund promptly to the appropriate individual amounts offset under these regulations when:

(a) A debt is waived or otherwise found not owing the United States (unless expressly prohibited by statute or regulation); or

(b) The Department is directed by an administrative or judicial order to refund amounts deducted from the employee's current pay.

§ 17.140 Miscellaneous provisions: correspondence with the Department.

The employee shall file an original and two copies of a request for a hearing with the Clerk, Office of the Chief Administrative Law Judge, Room 2158, Department of HUD, Washington, DC 20410, on official work days between the hours of 8:45 a.m. and 5:15 p.m. All other correspondence shall be submitted to the Department Claims Officer, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, DC 20410. Documents may be filed by personal delivery or mail. All documents shall be printed, typewritten, or otherwise processed in clear, legible form and on letter-size paper.

IRS TAX REFUND AND FEDERAL PAYMENT OFFSET PROVISIONS AND ADMINISTRATIVE WAGE GARNISHMENT

SOURCE: Sections 17.150 through 17.161 appear at 51 FR 39750, Oct. 31, 1986, unless otherwise noted.

§ 17.150 Scope.

(a) The standards set forth in §§ 17.150 through 17.161 are the Department's procedures for requesting the Department of the Treasury to offset Federal payments due debtors who have a past-due debt obligation to the Department. These procedures apply to the collection of debts under common law, 31 U.S.C. 3716 or other statutory authority.

(b) The Secretary will use the Department of the Treasury's Federal payment offset to collect claims which

are certain in amount, past due and legally enforceable, and which are eligible for tax refund or Federal payment offset under regulations issued by the Secretary of the Treasury.

(c) The Secretary will report debts to the Department of the Treasury for the purpose of using the offset procedures described in §§17.150 through 17.161. Debts of less than \$100.00, exclusive of interest and other charges, will not be reported.

(d) If not legally enforceable because of lapse of statute of limitations but otherwise valid, the debt will be reported to the IRS as a cancelled debt on Form 1099C. (Form 1099C is an information return which Government agencies file with the IRS and the Department of the Treasury to report forgiven debt, and the forgiven amount is considered income to the taxpayer.) (See §17.159.)

[67 FR 47435, July 18, 2002]

§ 17.151 Notice requirements before offset.

A request for deduction from a Federal payment will be made only after the Secretary makes a determination that an amount is owed and past due and provides the debtor with 65 calendar days written notice. This Notice of Intent will state:

(a) The nature and amount of the debt;

(b) That unless the debt is repaid within 65 days from the date of the Notice, the Secretary intends to collect the debt by requesting the Department of Treasury to reduce any amounts payable to the debtor by an amount equal to the amount of the debt and all accumulated interest and other charges;

(c) That the debtor has a right to obtain review within the Department of the Secretary's initial determination that the debt is past due and legally enforceable (see §17.152);

(d) That the debtor has a right to inspect and copy departmental records related to the debt as determined by the Secretary and will be informed as to where and when the inspection and copying can be done after the Department receives notice from the debtor

that inspection and copying are requested. (See §17.155.)

[51 FR 39750, Oct. 31, 1986, as amended at 67 FR 47435, July 18, 2002]

§ 17.152 Review within the Department of a determination that an amount is past-due and legally enforceable.

(a) *Notification by debtor.* A debtor who receives a Notice of Intent has the right to present evidence that all or part of the debt is not past-due or not legally enforceable. The debtor should send a copy of the Notice of Intent with a letter notifying the HUD Board of Contract Appeals within 25 calendar days from the date of the Department's Notice of Intent that he or she intends to present evidence. (See §17.161(a) for address of the Board.) Failure to give this advance notice will not jeopardize the debtor's right to present evidence within the 65 days provided for in paragraph (b) of this section. If the HUD Board of Contract Appeals has additional procedures governing the review process, a copy of the procedures will be mailed to the debtor after his request for review is received and docketed by the Board.

(b) *Submission of evidence.* The debtor may submit evidence showing that all or part of the debt is not past-due or not legally enforceable along with the notification requested by paragraph (a) of this section, but in any event the evidence must be submitted to the Board of Contract Appeals within 65 calendar days from the date of the Department's Notice of Intent. Failure to submit evidence within 65 calendar days will result in a dismissal of the request for review by the HUD Board of Contract Appeals.

(c) *Review of the record.* After a timely submission of evidence by the debtor, an Administrative Judge from the HUD Board of Contract Appeals will review the evidence submitted by the Department which shows that all or part of the debt is past-due and legally enforceable. (Administrative Judges are appointed in accordance with 41 U.S.C. 607(b)(1)). The Administrative Judge shall make a determination based upon a review of the written record, except that the Administrative Judge may