

Office of the Assistant Secretary, HUD

§ 901.200

RMC's management assessment, or other relevant areas identified as problematic;

(2) Describe the procedures that will be followed to correct each deficiency; and

(3) Provide a timetable for the correction of each deficiency.

(e) The State/Area Office will approve or deny a PHA's or RMC's Improvement Plan, and notify the PHA of its decision. A PHA must notify the RMC in writing, immediately upon receipt of the State/Area Office notification, of the State/Area Office approval or denial of the RMC's Improvement Plan.

(f) An Improvement Plan that is not approved will be returned to the PHA with recommendations from the State/Area Office for revising the Improvement Plan to obtain approval. A revised Improvement Plan shall be resubmitted by the PHA or RMC within 30 calendar days of its receipt of the State/Area Office recommendations.

(g) If a PHA or RMC fails to submit an acceptable Improvement Plan, or to correct deficiencies within the time specified in an Improvement Plan or such extensions as may be granted by HUD, the State/Area Office will notify the PHA of its or the RMC's non-compliance. The PHA, or the RMC through the PHA, will provide HUD its reasons for lack of progress in submitting or carrying out the Improvement Plan within 30 calendar days of its receipt of the noncompliance notification. HUD will advise the PHA as to the acceptability of its reasons for lack of progress and, if unacceptable, will notify the PHA that it will be subject to sanctions provided for in the ACC and HUD regulations.

§ 901.150 PHAs troubled with respect to the program under section 14 (mod-troubled PHAs).

(a) PHAs that achieve a total weighted score of less than 60% on indicator #2, modernization, may be designated as mod-troubled.

(b) PHAs designated as mod-troubled may be subject, under the Comprehensive Grant Program, to a reduction of formula allocation or other sanctions (24 CFR §968, Subpart C) or under the Comprehensive Improvement Assistance Program to disapproval of new

funding or other sanctions (24 CFR §968, Subpart B).

§ 901.155 PHMAP public record.

The State/Area Office will maintain PHMAP files, including certifications, the records of exclusion and modification requests, appeals, and designations of status based on physical condition and neighborhood environment, as open records, available for public inspection for three years consistent with the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and in accordance with any procedures established by the State/Area Office to minimize disruption of normal office operations.

§ 901.200 Events or conditions that constitute substantial default.

(a) The Department may determine that events have occurred or that conditions exist that constitute a substantial default if a PHA is determined to be in violation of Federal statutes, including but not limited to, the 1937 Act, or in violation of regulations implementing such statutory requirements, whether or not such violations would constitute a substantial breach or default under provisions of the relevant ACC.

(b) The Department may determine that a PHA's failure to satisfy the terms of a Memorandum of Agreement entered into in accordance with §901.135 of this part, or to make reasonable progress to meet time frames included in a Memorandum of Agreement, are events or conditions that constitute a substantial default.

(c) The Department shall determine that a PHA that has been designated as troubled and does not show significant improvement (10 percentage point increase) in its PHMAP score within one year after final notification of its PHMAP score are events or conditions that constitute a substantial default:

(1) A PHA shall be notified of such a determination in accordance with §901.205(c).

(2) A PHA may waive, in writing, receipt of explicit notice from the Department as to a finding of substantial default, and voluntarily consent to a determination of substantial default. The PHA must concur on the existence of substantial default conditions which

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can be remedied by technical assistance, and the PHA shall provide the Department with written assurances that all deficiencies will be addressed by the PHA. The Department will then immediately proceed with interventions as provided in § 901.210.

(d) The Department may declare a substantial breach or default under the ACC, in accordance with its terms and conditions.

(e) The Department may determine that the events or conditions constituting a substantial default are limited to a portion of a PHA's public housing operations, designated either by program, by operational area, or by development(s).

§ 901.205 Notice and response.

(a) If information from an annual assessment, as described in § 901.100, a management review or audit, or any other credible source indicates that there may exist events or conditions constituting a substantial breach or default, the Department shall advise a PHA of such information. The Department is authorized to protect the confidentiality of the source(s) of such information in appropriate cases. Before taking further action, except in cases of apparent fraud or criminality, and/or in cases where emergency conditions exist posing an imminent threat to the life, health, or safety of residents, the Department shall afford the PHA a timely opportunity to initiate corrective action, including the remedies and procedures available to PHAs designated as "troubled PHAs," or to demonstrate that the information is incorrect.

(b) In any situation determined to be an emergency, or in any case where the events or conditions precipitating the intervention are determined to be the result of criminal or fraudulent activity, the Assistant Secretary is authorized to intercede to protect the residents' and the Department's interests by causing the proposed interventions to be implemented without further appeals or delays.

(c) Upon a determination or finding that events have occurred or that conditions exist that constitute a substantial default, the Assistant Secretary shall provide written notification of

such determination or finding to the affected PHA. Written notification shall be transmitted to the Executive Director, the Chairperson of the Board, and the appointing authority(s) of the Board, and shall include, but need not necessarily be limited to:

(1) Identification of the specific covenants, conditions, and/or agreements under which the PHA is determined to be in noncompliance;

(2) Identification of the specific events, occurrences, or conditions that constitute the determined noncompliance;

(3) Citation of the communications and opportunities to effect remedies afforded pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section;

(4) Notification to the PHA of a specific time period, to be not less than 10 calendar days, except in cases of apparent fraud or other criminal behavior, and/or under emergency conditions as described in paragraph (a) of this section, nor more than 30 calendar days, during which the PHA shall be required to demonstrate that the determination or finding is not substantively accurate; and

(5) Notification to the PHA that, absent a satisfactory response in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section, the Department will take control of the PHA, using any or all of the interventions specified in § 901.210, and determined to be appropriate to remedy the noncompliance, citing § 901.210, and any additional authority for such action.

(d) Upon receipt of the notification described in paragraph (c) of this section, the PHA must demonstrate, within the time period permitted in the notification, factual error in the Department's description of events, occurrences, or conditions, or show that the events, occurrences, or conditions do not constitute noncompliance with the statute, regulation, or covenants or conditions to which the PHA is cited in the notification.

§ 901.210 Interventions.

(a) Interventions under this part (including an assumption of operating responsibilities) may be limited to one or more of a PHA's specific operational