

Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior

§ 39.79

no longer in use except where such expenditure is the most cost effective way of temporarily replacing other destroyed facilities.

(3) Temporary replacement of facilities or replacement of equipment which has simply become outmoded and obsolete, or which has been "condemned" or declared unserviceable by administrative procedures, which is either still in existence or has been razed or destroyed as the result of an administrative decision.

(4) Costs of continued normal program operations which are not increased by a disaster.

(5) Personnel costs, except for temporary personnel hired to meet an emergency situation.

(6) Start-up costs for new or expanding school programs.

(7) Costs of repairs necessitated by neglect, or failure to provide routine scheduled maintenance and minor repair.

(8) Replacement costs of personal property of school employees, regardless of value or circumstances of destruction.

(9) General budgetary shortfalls due to improper fiscal management.

(10) Budgetary shortfalls from a past fiscal period, after funds have been carried forward in the SDCF to a new fiscal period.

(11) Costs of replacement of items stolen or destroyed by deliberate vandalism, neglect, or abandonment.

(12) Costs of items, services or activities for which budgetary provisions are made in other budget categories of the Bureau not subject to distribution under the Indian School Equalization Program.

(b) Temporary replacement costs for the following structure types shall not be paid or reimbursed from the SDCF:

(1) Recreational structures, such as auditoriums, field houses, clubs, canteens, chapels, student centers, grandstands, gymnasiums, etc.

(2) Auxiliary buildings not used in student instructional or dormitory programs, such as warehouses, storage sheds, garages, firehouses, maintenance shops, law enforcement centers, instructional materials and audio-visual centers, and employees' clubs.

(3) Temporary replacement costs shall be paid or reimbursed only to the extent necessary to permit expeditious continued operation of the school dormitory care programs affected by the destruction of facilities.

§ 39.77 Transfer of funds from Facilities Engineering for other contingencies.

In order to reimburse schools for the costs of unforeseen and extraordinary procurement costs and for major repairs of reconstruction resulting from the disaster, the Director may request a transfer of funds from funds appropriated for Bureau Facilities Engineering to the School Disaster Contingency Fund for such purposes. When a separate formula is established by regulation for school maintenance and operations, an appropriate separate contingency fund shall be established to cover such costs.

§ 39.78 Establishment of a formula implementation set-aside fund.

There shall be set aside an amount not to exceed \$2 million dollars to be used during fiscal year 1980 by the Director to facilitate the implementation of formula funding under this part. The fund is to provide the means of adjusting particular local school entitlements which are allocated in error due to underprojections, data error, misclassification of students, and similar reporting errors, or to provide for the initial funding of new schools under the formula, which have been started after the spring ADM counts, without reducing allotments made for other schools. Balances in this set-aside fund shall be apportioned through the formula during the first week in April by the Director or at such earlier time as he or she deems that significant ADM reporting fluctuations have ceased.

§ 39.79 Prohibition.

The formula implementation set-aside fund shall not be used as a discretionary fund by the Director for any purpose, and it shall be allocated solely through the Indian School Equalization Formula.