

transport, act as a broker for the sale or transport of, or otherwise deal in, shoes made in the FRY (S&M).

(2) A U.S. person may not, within the United States or abroad, conduct transactions of any nature whatsoever with an entity that the U.S. person knows or has reason to know is operated from the FRY (S&M) or owned or controlled by the Government of the FRY (S&M).

[58 FR 13201, Mar. 10, 1993, as amended at 60 FR 34146, June 30, 1995]

**§ 585.409 Transshipments through the United States prohibited.**

(a) The prohibitions in § 585.205 apply to the importation into the United States, for transshipment or transit, of goods which are intended or destined for the FRY (S&M), or an entity operated from the FRY (S&M), or to the Government of the FRY (S&M) in any country.

(b) The prohibitions in § 585.204 apply to the importation into the United States, for transshipment or transit, of goods originating in the FRY (S&M) which are intended or destined for third countries.

(c) Goods in which the Government of the FRY (S&M) has an interest that are imported into or transshipped through the United States are blocked pursuant to § 585.201.

**§ 585.410 Imports from third countries of goods originating in the FRY (S&M); transshipments.**

Importation into the United States from third countries of goods containing raw materials or components originating in the FRY (S&M) is prohibited. In light of the universal prohibition in UNSC Resolution 757 on the importation of goods exported from the FRY (S&M) after May 30, 1992, substantial transformation or incorporation of such goods in a third country does not exempt the third-country products from the prohibitions contained in this part.

**§ 585.411 Exports to third countries; transshipments.**

Exportation of goods or technology (including technical data and other information) from the United States to third countries is prohibited if the ex-

porter knows, or has reason to know, that the goods or technology are intended for reexportation or transshipment to the FRY (S&M), including passage through, or storage in, intermediate destinations. The exportation of goods and technology intended specifically for incorporation or substantial transformation into a third-country product is also prohibited if the particular product is to be used in the FRY (S&M), is being specifically manufactured to fill an order from the FRY (S&M), or if the manufacturer's sales of the particular product are predominantly to the FRY (S&M).

**§ 585.412 Release of goods originating in the FRY (S&M) from a bonded warehouse or foreign trade zone.**

Section 585.204 does not prohibit the release from a bonded warehouse or foreign trade zone of goods originating in the FRY (S&M) imported into a bonded warehouse or a foreign trade zone either prior to the effective date or in a transaction authorized pursuant to this part after the effective date.

(NOTE: property blocked pursuant to § 585.201 may not be released unless authorized or licensed by the Office of Foreign Assets Control.)

[58 FR 13201, Mar. 10, 1993, as amended at 60 FR 34146, June 30, 1995]

**§ 585.413 Imports of goods originating in the FRY (S&M), and purchases of goods from the FRY (S&M).**

Goods originating in the FRY (S&M) imported into the United States pursuant to an authorization or license are not blocked by the provisions of § 585.201. However, any payment in connection with such importation is subject to the prohibitions contained in §§ 585.201 and 585.210.

[58 FR 13201, Mar. 10, 1993, as amended at 60 FR 34146, June 30, 1995]

**§ 585.414 Services performed in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) or by the Government of the FRY (S&M).**

Services performed in the FRY (S&M), or by the Government of the FRY (S&M), as defined in § 585.312, are imported into the United States when the benefit of such services is received