

§ 180.30

(h) In ruling on a request under paragraph (a) of this section, the Administrator may publish a FEDERAL REGISTER notice requesting information and views on the request, or provide other procedures as a matter of discretion.

(i) When a request is denied under this section, the administrative record consists of:

(1) The request, including all data and information submitted in support of the request.

(2) Any FEDERAL REGISTER notice requesting information and views.

(3) Any comments submitted by members of the public in response to the FEDERAL REGISTER notice requesting information and views.

(4) If the request resulted in any other procedures, the order of the Administrator providing the procedures and the administrative record of the procedure provided.

(5) All other documents or information submitted to the record.

(6) The Administrator's order and decision on the request, including all information identified by the Administrator as part of the record.

[36 FR 22540, Nov. 25, 1971, as amended at 46 FR 3020, Jan. 13, 1981; 55 FR 21200, May 23, 1990; 55 FR 50300, Dec. 5, 1990]

§ 180.30 Judicial review.

(a) It is the Agency's view that the Act does not allow a person to obtain direct judicial review of a regulation issued under this part that establishes, amends, or revokes a tolerance regulation or a regulation exempting a pesticide chemical from the need for a tolerance. However, if an objection to such action is submitted to the Administrator in the manner prescribed by part 178 of this chapter, judicial review may be obtained of the Administrator's action on the objections (see sections 408(d)(5) and 408(i) of the Act).

(b) A decision under §§ 180.29 and 180.32 that a request does not warrant the issuance of a proposed regulation is final agency action. Although the Act makes no special provision for review of such final agency action, the action may be reviewable under other provi-

40 CFR Ch. I (7-1-03 Edition)

sions of the United States Code (see e.g., 5 U.S.C. 701-706, 28 U.S.C. 1331).

[55 FR 50300, Dec. 5, 1990]

§ 180.31 Temporary tolerances.

(a) A temporary tolerance (or exemption from a tolerance) established under authority of section 408(j) of the act shall be deemed to be a tolerance (or exemption from the requirement of a tolerance) for the purposes of section 408(a) (1) or (2) of the act.

(b)(1) A request for a temporary tolerance or a temporary exemption from a tolerance by a person who has obtained an experimental permit for a pesticide chemical under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act shall be accompanied by a copy of such experimental permit, such data as are available on subjects outlined in clauses (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F), and (G) of section 408(d)(1), and an advance deposit to cover fees as provided in § 180.33(d).

(2) Before an experimental permit has been obtained, the Pesticides Tolerance Division upon request of the Environmental Protection Agency or a person who proposes to apply for an experimental permit will consider available data and discuss its adequacy for the purpose of justifying a tolerance or exemption from a tolerance.

(c) A notice of the issuance of a temporary tolerance outlining any restrictions as to use of the chemical imposed under the experimental permit under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act may be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER if the Administrator deems such publication desirable.

(d) A temporary tolerance or exemption from a tolerance may be issued for a period designed to allow the orderly marketing of the raw agricultural commodities produced while testing a pesticide chemical under an experimental permit issued under authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act when the Administrator concludes that the public health can be adequately protected during such marketing. A temporary tolerance or exemption from a tolerance may be revoked if the experimental permit is revoked, or may be revoked

Environmental Protection Agency

§ 180.32

at any time if it develops that the application for a temporary tolerance contains a misstatement of a material fact or that new scientific data or experience with the pesticide chemical indicates that it may be hazardous to the public health.

(e) Conditions under which a temporary tolerance is established shall include:

(1) A limitation on the amount of the chemical to be used on the designated crops permitted under the experimental permit.

(2) A limitation for the use of the chemical on the designated crops to bona fide experimental use by qualified persons as indicated in the experimental permit.

(3) A requirement that the person or firm which obtains the experimental permit for which the temporary tolerance is established will immediately inform the Environmental Protection Agency of any reports on findings from the experimental use that have a bearing on safety.

(4) A requirement that the person or firm which obtained the experimental permit for which the temporary tolerance is established will keep records of production, distribution, and performance for a period of 2 years and, on request, at any reasonable time, make these records available to any authorized officer or employee of the Environmental Protection Agency.

§ 180.32 Procedure for amending and repealing tolerances or exemptions from tolerances.

(a) The Administrator on his own initiative or on request from an interested person furnishing reasonable grounds therefor, may propose the issuance of a regulation amending or repealing a tolerance for a pesticide chemical on raw agricultural commodities or granting or repealing an exemption from tolerance for such chemical. Requests for such amendment or repeal shall be made in writing and accompanied by an advance deposit to cover fees as provided in § 180.33.

(b) Reasonable grounds shall include an explanation showing wherein the person has a substantial interest in such tolerance or exemption from tolerance and an assertion of facts (sup-

ported by data if available) showing that new uses for the pesticide chemical have been developed or old uses abandoned, that new data are available as to toxicity of the chemical, or that experience with the application of the tolerance or exemption from tolerance may justify its amendment or repeal. Evidence that a person has registered or has submitted an application for the registration of an economic poison under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act will be regarded as evidence that he has a substantial interest in a tolerance or exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for a pesticide chemical that consists in whole or in part of the economic poison. New data should be furnished in the form specified in § 180.7(b) for submitting petitions.

(c) The notice announcing the proposal to amend or repeal a regulation shall show whether the proposal was made on the initiative of the Administrator or at the request of an interested person, naming such person. From this point the proceedings shall be the same as prescribed by section 408(e), beginning with the second sentence of that paragraph, and the regulations applicable to section 408(d), (e), (f), and (g).

(d) In ruling on a request under paragraph (a) of this section, the Administrator may publish a FEDERAL REGISTER notice requesting information and views on the request or providing other procedures as a matter of discretion.

(e) When a request is denied under this section, the administrative record consist of:

(1) The request, including all data and information submitted in support of the request.

(2) Any FEDERAL REGISTER notice requesting information and views.

(3) Any comments submitted by members of the public in response to the FEDERAL REGISTER notice requesting information and views.

(4) If the request resulted in any other procedures, the order of the Administrator providing the procedures and the administrative record of the procedure provided.

(5) All other documents or information submitted to the record.