

§ 86.001-22

40 CFR Ch. I (7-1-03 Edition)

control effectiveness of vehicles operating at high altitude or other conditions not experienced within the US06 (aggressive driving) and SC03 (air conditioning) test cycles.

(b)(1)(i)(C)(I) through (b)(1)(ii)(C) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.094-21.

(b)(2) Projected U.S. sales data sufficient to enable the Administrator to select a test fleet representative of the vehicles (or engines) for which certification is requested, and data sufficient to determine projected compliance with the standards implementation schedules of § 86.000-8 and 86.000-9. Volume projected to be produced for U.S. sale may be used in lieu of projected U.S. sales.

(b)(3) A description of the test equipment and fuel proposed to be used.

(b)(4)(i) For light-duty vehicles and light-duty trucks, a description of the test procedures to be used to establish the evaporative emission and/or refueling emission deterioration factors, as appropriate, required to be determined and supplied in § 86.001-23(b)(2).

(b)(4)(ii) through (b)(5)(iv) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.094-21.

(b)(5)(v) For light-duty vehicles and applicable light-duty trucks with non-integrated refueling emission control systems, the number of continuous UDDS cycles, determined from the fuel economy on the UDDS applicable to the test vehicle of that evaporative/refueling emission family-emission control system combination, required to use a volume of fuel equal to 85% of fuel tank volume.

(b)(6) through (b)(8) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.094-21.

(b)(9) For each light-duty vehicle, light-duty truck, evaporative/refueling emission family or heavy-duty vehicle evaporative emission family, a description of any unique procedures required to perform evaporative and/or refueling emission tests, as applicable, (including canister working capacity, canister bed volume, and fuel temperature profile for the running loss test) for all vehicles in that evaporative and/or evaporative/refueling emission family, and a description of the method used to develop those unique procedures.

(10) For each light-duty vehicle or applicable light-duty truck evaporative/refueling emission family, or each

heavy-duty vehicle evaporative emission family:

(i) Canister working capacity, according to the procedures specified in § 86.132-96(h)(1)(iv);

(ii) Canister bed volume; and

(iii) Fuel temperature profile for the running loss test, according to the procedures specified in § 86.129-94(d).

(c) through (j) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.094-21.

(k) and (l) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.096-21.

[61 FR 54886, Oct. 22, 1996]

**§ 86.001-22 Approval of application for certification; test fleet selections; determinations of parameters subject to adjustment for certification and Selective Enforcement Audit, adequacy of limits, and physically adjustable ranges.**

Section 86.001-22 includes text that specifies requirements that differ from § 86.094-22. Where a paragraph in § 86.094-22 is identical and applicable to § 86.001-22, this may be indicated by specifying the corresponding paragraph and the statement "[Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.094-22."

(a) through (c) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.094-22.

(d) *Approval of test procedures.* (1) The Administrator does not approve the test procedures for establishing the evaporative or refueling emission deterioration factors for light-duty vehicles and light-duty trucks. The manufacturer shall submit the procedures as required in § 86.098-21(b)(4)(i) prior to the Administrator's selection of the test fleet under § 86.098-24(b)(1), and if such procedures will involve testing of durability data vehicles selected by the Administrator or elected by the manufacturer under § 86.098-24(c)(1), prior to initiation of such testing.

(d)(2) through (g) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.094-22.

[59 FR 16283, Apr. 6, 1994]

**§ 86.001-23 Required data.**

Section 86.001-23 includes text that specifies requirements that differ from § 86.095-23, § 86.098-23 or § 86.000-23. Where a paragraph in § 86.095-23, § 86.098-23 or § 86.000-23 is identical and