

## Federal Management Regulation

## § 102-118.30

102-118.595 May my agency appeal a prepayment audit decision by the GSBICA?

### TRANSPORTATION SERVICE PROVIDER (TSP) AND AGENCY APPEAL PROCEDURES FOR POSTPAYMENT AUDITS

102-118.600 When a TSP disagrees with a Notice of Overcharge resulting from a postpayment audit, what are the appeal procedures?

102-118.605 What if a TSP disagrees with the Notice of Indebtedness?

102-118.610 Is a TSP notified when GSA allows a claim?

102-118.615 Will GSA notify a TSP if they internally offset a payment?

102-118.620 How will a TSP know if the GSA Audit Division disallows a claim?

102-118.625 Can a TSP request a reconsideration of a settlement action by the GSA Audit Division?

102-118.630 How must a TSP refund amounts due to GSA?

102-118.635 Can the Government charge interest on an amount due from a TSP?

102-118.640 If a TSP fails to pay or to appeal an overcharge, what actions will GSA pursue to collect the debt?

102-118.645 Can a TSP file an administrative claim on collection actions?

102-118.650 Can a TSP request a review of a settlement action by the Administrator of General Services?

102-118.655 Are there time limits on a TSP request for an administrative review by the GSBICA?

102-118.660 May a TSP appeal a postpayment audit decision of the GSBICA?

102-118.665 May my agency appeal a postpayment audit decision by the GSBICA?

### TRANSPORTATION SERVICE PROVIDER (TSP) NON-PAYMENT OF A CLAIM

102-118.670 If a TSP cannot immediately pay a debt, can they make other arrangements for payment?

102-118.675 What recourse does my agency have if a TSP does not pay a transportation debt?

AUTHORITY: 31 U.S.C. 3726; and 40 U.S.C. 481, *et seq.*

SOURCE: 65 FR 24569, Apr. 26, 2000, unless otherwise noted.

## Subpart A—General

### INTRODUCTION

**§ 102-118.5 What is the purpose of this part?**

The purpose of this part is to interpret statutes and other policies that

assure that payment and payment mechanisms for agency transportation services are uniform and appropriate. This part communicates the policies clearly to agencies and transportation service providers (TSPs). (See § 102-118.35 for the definition of TSP.)

**§ 102-118.10 What is a transportation audit?**

A transportation audit is a thorough review and validation of transportation related bills. The audit must examine the validity, propriety, and conformity of the charges with tariffs, quotations, agreements, or tenders, as appropriate. Each agency must ensure that its internal transportation audit procedures prevent duplicate payments and only allow payment for authorized services, and that the TSP's bill is complete with required documentation.

**§ 102-118.15 What is a transportation payment?**

A transportation payment is a payment made by an agency to a TSP for the movement of goods or people and/or transportation related services.

**§ 102-118.20 Who is subject to this part?**

All agencies and TSPs defined in § 102-118.35 are subject to this part. Your agency is required to incorporate this part into its internal regulations.

**§ 102-118.25 Does GSA still require my agency to submit its overall transportation policies for approval?**

GSA no longer requires your agency to submit its overall transportation policies for approval. However, as noted in § 102-118.325, agencies must submit their prepayment audit plans for approval. In addition, GSA may from time to time request to examine your agency's transportation policies to verify the correct performance of the prepayment audit of your agency's transportation bills.

**§ 102-118.30 Are Government corporations bound by this part?**

No, Government corporations are not bound by this part. However, they may choose to use it if they wish.

## DEFINITIONS

**§ 102-118.35 What definitions apply to this part?**

The following definitions apply to this part:

*Agency* means Executive agency, but does not include:

- (1) A Government Controlled Corporation;
  - (2) The Tennessee Valley Authority;
  - (3) The Virgin Islands Corporation;
  - (4) The Atomic Energy Commission;
  - (5) The Central Intelligence Agency;
  - (6) The Panama Canal Commission;
- and
- (7) The National Security Agency, Department of Defense.

NOTE TO THE DEFINITION OF AGENCY: All agencies' payments for transportation services are subject to the transportation audit provisions of section 322 of the Transportation Act of 1940, as amended (31 U.S.C. 3726).

*Agency claim* means any demand by an agency upon a TSP for the payment of overcharges, ordinary debts, fines, penalties, administrative fees, special charges, and interest.

*Bill of lading*, sometimes referred to as a commercial bill of lading (but includes GBLs), is the document used as a receipt of goods, and documentary evidence of title. It is also a contract of carriage when movement is under 49 U.S.C. 10721 and 49 U.S.C. 13712.

*Document reference number* means the unique number on a bill of lading, Government Bill of Lading, Government Transportation Request, or transportation ticket, used to track the movement of shipments and individuals.

*EDI signature* means a discrete authentication code which serves in place of a paper signature and binds parties to the terms and conditions of a contract in electronic communication.

*Electronic commerce* means electronic techniques for performing business transactions (ordering, billing, and paying for goods and services), including electronic mail or messaging, Internet technology, electronic bulletin boards, charge cards, electronic funds transfers, and electronic data interchange.

*Electronic data interchange* means electronic techniques for carrying out transportation transactions using electronic transmissions of the informa-

tion between computers instead of paper documents. These electronic transmissions must use established and published formats and codes as authorized by the applicable Federal Information Processing Standards.

*Electronic funds transfer* means any transfer of funds, other than transactions initiated by cash, check, or similar paper instrument, that is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephone, computer, or magnetic tape, for the purpose of ordering, instructing, or authorizing a financial institution to debit or credit an account. The term includes Automated Clearinghouse transfers, Fed Wire transfers, and transfers made at automatic teller machines and point of sale terminals.

*Government Bill of Lading (GBL)* means Optional Forms 1103 and 1203, the transportation documents issued by GSA and used as a receipt of goods, evidence of title, and generally a contract of carriage.

*Government contractor-issued charge card* means both an individually billed travel card, which the individual is required to pay, and a centrally billed account for paying travel expenses, which the agency is required to pay.

*Government Transportation Request (GTR)* means Optional Form 1169, the Government document used to buy transportation services. The document normally obligates the Government to pay for the transportation services provided.

*Offset* means agency use of money owed by the agency to a transportation service provider (TSP) to cover a previous debt incurred to the agency by the TSP.

*Ordinary debt* means an amount that a TSP owes an agency other than for the repayment of an overcharge. Ordinary debts include, but are not limited to, payments for transportation services ordered and not provided (including unused transportation tickets), duplicate payments, and amounts for which a TSP is liable because of loss and/or damage to property it transported.

*Overcharge* means those charges for transportation and travel services that exceed those applicable under the contract for carriage. This also includes charges more than those applicable