

## General Services Administration

§ 105-60.305-1

Telephone: 817-978-3902

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### Rocky Mountain Region

(Comprised of the States of Colorado, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, Utah, and Wyoming)

Business Service Center, General Services Administration (8PB-B), Building 41, Denver Federal Center, Denver, CO 80225

Telephone: 303-236-7408

FAX: 303-236-7403

### Pacific Rim Region

(Comprised of the States of Hawaii, California, Nevada, Arizona, Guam, and Trust Territory of the Pacific)

Business Service Center, General Services Administration (9ADB), 525 Market Street, San Francisco, CA 941105

Telephone: 415-522-2715

FAX: 415-522-2705

### Northwest/Arctic Region

(Comprised of the States of Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington)

General Services Administration (10L), GSA Center, 15th and C Streets, SW., Auburn, WA 98002

Telephone: 206-931-7007

FAX: 206-931-7195

### National Capital Region

(Comprised of the District of Columbia and the surrounding metropolitan area)

General Services Administration (WPFA-L), 7th and D Streets SW., Washington, DC 20407

Telephone: 202-708-5854

FAX: 202-708-4655.

(b) *Time*. The offices listed above will be open to the public during the business hours of the GSA office where they are located.

(c) *Reproduction services and fees*. The GSA Central Office or the Regional Business Service Centers will furnish reasonable copying and reproduction services for available materials at the fees specified in § 105-60.305.

### § 105-60.304 Public information handbook and index.

GSA publishes a handbook for the public that identifies information regarding any matter described in § 105-60.302. This handbook also lists published information available from GSA and describes the procedures the public may use to obtain information using the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA). This handbook may be obtained without charge from any of the GSA FOIA offices listed in § 105-60.303(a), or at the GSA Internet Homepage (<http://www.gsa.gov/staff/c/ca/cai/links.htm>).

### § 105-60.305 Fees.

#### § 105-60.305-1 Definitions.

For the purpose of this part:

(a) A statute specifically providing for setting the level of fees for particular types of records (5 U.S.C. 552(a)(4)(A)(vii)) means any statute that specifically requires a Government agency to set the level of fees for particular types of records, as opposed to a statute that generally discusses such fees. Fees are required by statute to:

(1) Make Government information conveniently available to the public and to private sector organizations;

(2) Ensure that groups and individuals pay the cost of publications and other services which are for their special use so that these costs are not borne by the general taxpaying public;

(3) Operate an information dissemination activity on self-sustaining basis to the maximum extent possible; or

(4) Return revenue to the Treasury for defraying, wholly or in part, appropriated funds used to pay the cost of disseminating Government information.

(b) The term *direct costs* means those expenditures which GSA actually incurs in searching for and duplicating (and in the case of commercial requesters, reviewing and redacting) documents to respond to a FOIA request. Direct costs include, for example, the salary of the employee performing the work (the basic rate of pay for the employee plus 16 percent of that rate to cover benefits), and the cost of operating duplicating machinery. Overhead expenses such as costs of space, and heating or lighting the facility where the records are stored are not included in direct costs.

(c) The term *search* includes all time spent looking for material that is responsive to a request, including line-by-line identification of material within documents. Searches will be performed in the most efficient and least expensive manner so as to minimize costs for both the agency and the requester. Line-by-line searches will not be undertaken when it would be more efficient to duplicate the entire document. *Search* for responsive material is not the same as *review* of a record to

determine whether it is exempt from disclosure in whole or in part (see paragraph (e) of this section. Searches may be done manually or by computer using existing programming or new programming when this would not significantly interfere with the operation of the automated system in question.

(d) The term *duplication* means the process of making a copy of a document in response to a FOIA request. Copies can take the form of paper, microform audiovisual materials, or magnetic tapes or disks. To the extent practicable, GSA will provide a copy of the material in the form specified by the requester.

(e) The term *review* means the process of examining documents located in response to a request to determine if any portion of that document is permitted to be withheld and processing any documents for disclosure. See § 105-60.305-6.

(f) The term *commercial-use request* means a request from or on behalf of one who seeks information for a use or purpose that furthers the commercial, trade, or profit interests of the requester or person on whose behalf the request is made. GSA will determine whether a requester properly belongs in this category by determining how the requester will use the documents.

(g) The term *educational institution* means a preschool, a public or private elementary or secondary school, an institution of graduate higher education, an institution of undergraduate higher education, an institution of professional education, or an institution of vocational education which operates a program or programs of scholarly research.

(h) The term *noncommercial scientific institution* means an institution that is not operated on a "commercial" basis as that term is used in paragraph (f) of this section and which is operated solely for the purpose of conducting scientific research the results of which are not intended to promote any particular product or industry.

(i) The term *representative of the news media* means any person actively gathering news for an entity that is organized and operated to publish or broadcast news to the public. The term *news* means information that is about cur-

rent events or that would be of current interest to the public. Examples of news media include television or radio stations broadcasting to the public at large, and publishers of periodicals (but only in those instances when they can qualify as disseminators of "news") who make their products available for purchase or subscription by the general public. "Freelance" journalists will be regarded as working for a news organization if they can demonstrate a solid basis for expecting publication through that organization even though they are not actually employed by it.

**§ 105-60.305-2 Scope of this subpart.**

This subpart sets forth policies and procedures to be followed in the assessment and collection of fees from a requester for the search, review, and reproduction of GSA records.

**§ 105-60.305-3 GSA records available without charge.**

GSA records available to the public are displayed in the Business Service Center for each GSA region. The address and phone number of the Business Service Centers are listed in § 105-60.303. Certain material related to bids (excluding construction plans and specifications) and any material displayed are available without charge upon request.

**§ 105-60.305-4 GSA records available at a fee.**

(a) GSA will make a record not subject to exemption available at a time and place mutually agreed upon by GSA and the requester at fees shown in § 105-60.305-10. Waivers of these fees are available under the conditions described in § 105-60.305-13. GSA will agree to:

- (1) Show the originals to the requester;
  - (2) Make one copy available at a fee;
- or
- (3) A combination of these alternatives.

(b) GSA will make copies of voluminous records as quickly as possible. GSA may, in its discretion, make a reasonable number of additional copies for a fee when commercial reproduction services are not available to the requester.