

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, HHS**

**§ 435.121**

(3) They meet the income and resource requirements of the State's approved AFDC plan.

[52 FR 43071, Nov. 9, 1987, as amended at 55 FR 48607, Nov. 21, 1990; 58 FR 48614, Sept. 17, 1993]

**§ 435.117 Newborn children.**

(a) The agency must provide categorically needy Medicaid eligibility to a child born to a woman who is eligible as categorically needy and is receiving Medicaid on the date of the child's birth. The child is deemed to have applied and been found eligible for Medicaid on the date of birth and remains eligible as categorically needy for one year so long as the woman remains eligible as categorically needy and the child is a member of the woman's household. If the mother's basis of eligibility changes to medically needy, the child is eligible as medically needy under § 435.301(b)(1)(iii).

(b) The requirements under paragraph (a) of this section apply to children born on or after October 1, 1984.

[52 FR 43071, Nov. 9, 1987]

**MANDATORY COVERAGE OF QUALIFIED FAMILY MEMBERS**

**§ 435.119 Qualified family members.**

(a) *Definition.* A *qualified family member* is any member of a family, including pregnant women and children eligible for Medicaid under § 435.116 of this subpart, who would be receiving AFDC cash benefits on the basis of the unemployment of the principal wage earner under section 407 of the Act had the State not chosen to place time limits on those benefits as permitted under section 407(b)(2)(B)(i) of the Act.

(b) *State plan requirement.* The State plan must provide that the State makes Medicaid available to any individual who meets the definition of "qualified family member" as specified in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) *Applicability.* The provisions in this section are applicable in the 50 States and the District of Columbia from October 1, 1990, through September 30, 1998. The provisions are applicable in American Samoa from October 1, 1992, through September 30, 1998.

[58 FR 48614, Sept. 17, 1993]

**MANDATORY COVERAGE OF THE AGED, BLIND, AND DISABLED**

**§ 435.120 Individuals receiving SSI.**

Except as allowed under § 435.121, the agency must provide Medicaid to aged, blind, and disabled individuals or couples who are receiving or are deemed to be receiving SSI. This includes individuals who are—

(a) Receiving SSI pending a final determination of blindness or disability;

(b) Receiving SSI under an agreement with the Social Security Administration to dispose of resources that exceed the SSI dollar limits on resources; or

(c) Receiving benefits under section 1619(a) of the Act or in section 1619(b) status (blind individuals or those with disabling impairments whose income equals or exceeds a specific Supplemental Security Income limit). (Regulations at 20 CFR 416.260 through 416.269 contain requirements governing determinations of eligibility under this provision.) For purposes of this paragraph (c), this mandatory categorically needy group of individuals includes those qualified severely impaired individuals defined in section 1905(q) of the Act.

[55 FR 33705, Aug. 17, 1990]

**§ 435.121 Individuals in States using more restrictive requirements for Medicaid than the SSI requirements.**

(a) *Basic eligibility group requirements.*  
(1) If the agency does not provide Medicaid under § 435.120 to aged, blind, and disabled individuals who are SSI recipients, the agency must provide Medicaid to aged, blind, and disabled individuals who meet eligibility requirements that are specified in this section.

(2) Except to the extent provided in paragraph (a)(3) of this section, the agency may elect to apply more restrictive eligibility requirements to the aged, blind, and disabled that are more restrictive than those of the SSI program. The more restrictive requirements may be no more restrictive than those requirements contained in the State's Medicaid plan in effect on January 1, 1972. If any of the State's 1972 Medicaid plan requirements were more liberal than of the SSI program, the