

said lands warrant issuance of a non-competitive right-of-way grant(s).

(b) A right-of-way grant issued pursuant to a competitive offer shall be awarded on the basis of the public benefit to be provided, the financial and technical capability of the bidder to undertake the project and the bid offer. Each bid shall be accompanied by the information required by the notice of realty action and a statement over the signature of the bidder or anyone authorized to sign for the bidder that he/she is in compliance with the requirements of the law and these regulations. A bid of less than the fair market rental value of the lands offered shall not be considered.

(c) The offering of public lands for right-of-way use under competitive bidding procedures shall be conducted in accordance with the following:

(1)(i) A notice of realty action indicating the availability of public lands for competitive right-of-way offering shall be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER and at least once a week for 3 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the area where the public lands are situated or in such other publication as the authorized officer may determine. The successful qualified bidder shall, prior to the issuance of the right-of-way grant, pay his/her proportionate share of the total cost of publication.

(ii) The notice of realty action shall include the use proposed for the public lands and the time, date and place of the offering, including a description of the lands being offered, terms and conditions of the grant(s), rates, bidding requirements, payment required, where bid forms may be obtained, the form in which the bids shall be submitted and any other information or requirements determined appropriate by the authorized officer.

(2) Bids may be made either by a principal or duly qualified agent.

(3) All sealed bids shall be opened at the time and date specified in the notice of realty action, but no bids shall be accepted or rejected at that time. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved. Only those bids received by the close of business on the day prior to the bid opening or at such other time stated in the notice of realty ac-

tion and made for at least the minimum acceptable bid shall be considered. Each bid shall be accompanied by U.S. currency or certified check, postal money order, bank draft or cashier's check payable in U.S. currency and made payable to the Department of the Interior—Bureau of Land Management for not less than one-fifth of the amount of the bid, and shall be enclosed in a sealed envelope which shall be marked as prescribed in the notice of realty action. If 2 or more envelopes containing valid bids of the same amount are received, the determination of which is to be considered the highest bid shall be by drawing unless another method is specified in the notice of realty action. The drawing shall be held by the authorized officer immediately following the opening of the sealed bids.

(4) In the event the authorized officer rejects the highest qualified bid or releases the bidder from such bid, the authorized officer shall determine whether the public lands involved in the offering shall be offered to the next highest bidder, withdrawn from the market or reoffered.

(5) If the highest qualified bid is accepted by the authorized officer, the grant form(s) shall be forwarded to the qualifying bidder for signing. The signed grant form(s) with the payment of the balance of the first year's rental and the publication costs shall be returned within 30 days of its receipt by the highest qualified bidder and shall qualify as acceptance of the right-of-way grant(s).

(6) If the successful qualified bidder fails to execute the grant form(s) and pay the balance of the rental payment and the costs of publication within the allowed time, or otherwise fails to comply with the regulations of this subpart, the one-fifth remittance accompanying the bid shall be forfeited.

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#### § 2803.1-4 Bonding.

The authorized officer may require the holder of a right-of-way grant or temporary use permit to furnish a bond or other security satisfactory to him, to secure the obligations imposed by

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the grant or permit and applicable laws and regulations.

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**§ 2803.1-5 Liability.**

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (f) of this section, each holder shall be fully liable to the United States for any damage or injury incurred by the United States in connection with the use and occupancy of the right-of-way or permit area by the holder.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (f) of this section, holders shall be held to a standard of strict liability for any activity or facility within a right-of-way or permit area which the authorized officer determines, in his discretion, presents a foreseeable hazard or risk of damage or injury to the United States. The activities and facilities to which such standards shall apply shall be specified in the right-of-way grant or temporary use permit. Strict liability shall not be imposed for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war, an Act of God or the negligence of the United States. To the extent consistent with other laws, strict liability shall extend to costs incurred by the United States for control and abatement of conditions, such as fire or oil spills, which threaten lives, property or the environment, regardless of whether the threat occurs on areas that are under Federal jurisdiction. Stipulations in right-of-way grants and temporary use permits imposing strict liability shall specify a maximum limitation on damages which, in the judgment of the authorized officer, is commensurate with the foreseeable risks or hazards presented. The maximum limitation shall not exceed \$1,000,000 for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

(c) In any case where strict liability is imposed and the damage or injury was caused by a third party, the rules of subrogation shall apply in accordance with the law of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

(d) Except as provided in paragraph (f) of this section, holders shall be fully liable for injuries or damages to third

parties resulting from activities or facilities on lands under Federal jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

(e) Except as provided in paragraph (f) of this section, holders shall fully indemnify or hold harmless the United States for liability, damage or claims arising in connection with the holder's use and occupancy of rights-of-way or permit areas.

(f) If a holder is a State or local government, or agency or instrumentality thereof, it shall be liable to the fullest extent its laws allow at the time it is granted a right-of-way grant or temporary use permit. To the extent such a holder does not have the power to assume liability, it shall be required to repair damages or make restitution to the fullest extent of its powers at the time of any damage or injury.

(g) All owners of any interest in, and all affiliates or subsidiaries of any holder of a right-of-way grant or temporary use permit, except for corporate stockholders, shall be jointly and severally liable to the United States in the event that a claim cannot be satisfied by the holder.

(h) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, the provision in this section for a remedy is not intended to limit or exclude any other remedy.

(i) If the right-of-way grant or temporary use permit is issued to more than one holder, each shall be jointly and severally liable under this section.

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**§ 2803.2 Holder activity.**

(a) If a notice to proceed requirement has been included in the grant or permit, the holder shall not initiate construction, occupancy or use until the authorized officer issues a notice to proceed.

(b) Any substantial deviation in location or authorized use by the holder during construction, operation or maintenance shall be made only with prior approval of the authorized officer under §2803.6-1 of this title for the purposes of this paragraph, substantial deviation means: