

shall not be applicable. Documentary material must be of a size consistent with ease of handling, transportation, and filing. Large exhibits may be used during the hearing, but copies of such exhibits must be provided in reduced size for submission as evidence. Two copies of all documentary evidence must be furnished to the presiding officer during the hearing;

(9) Briefs may be presented to the presiding officer by parties who have entered an appearance. Three copies of such briefs shall be filed with the presiding officer within 10 days of the completion of the hearing; and

(10) Procedures for transcripts are as follows:

(i) All hearings will be transcribed. Persons interested in transcripts of the hearings may inspect them at the U.S. Department of Commerce in Washington, D.C., or purchase copies as provided in 15 CFR part 4, Public Information; and

(ii) Confidential business information as determined by EDA shall not be a part of the transcripts. Any confidential business information may be submitted directly to the presiding officer prior to the hearing. Such information shall be labeled Confidential Business Information. For the purpose of the public record, a brief description of the nature of the information shall be submitted to the presiding officer during the hearing.

§ 315.12 Termination of certification and procedure.

(a) Whenever EDA determines that a certified firm no longer requires adjustment assistance or for other good cause, EDA will terminate the certification and promptly publish notice of such termination in the FEDERAL REGISTER. The termination will take effect on the date specified in the Notice.

(b) EDA shall immediately notify the petitioner and shall state the reasons for such termination.

§ 315.13 Loss of certification benefits.

A firm may fail to obtain benefits of certification, regardless of whether its certification is terminated for any of the following reasons:

(a) Failure to submit an acceptable adjustment proposal within 2 years

after date of certification. While approval of an adjustment proposal may occur after the expiration of such 2-year period, an acceptable adjustment proposal must be submitted before such expiration;

(b) Failure to submit documentation necessary to start implementation or modify its request for adjustment assistance consistent with its adjustment proposal within 6 months after approval of the adjustment proposal and 2 years have elapsed since the date of certification. If the firm anticipates that a longer period will be required to submit documentation, such longer period should be indicated in its adjustment proposal. If the firm becomes unable to submit its documentation within the allowed time, it should notify EDA in writing of the reasons for the delay and submit a new schedule. EDA has the discretion to accept or refuse a new schedule;

(c) If the firm's request for adjustment assistance has been denied, the time period allowed for the submission of any documentation in support of such request has expired, and 2 years have elapsed since the date of certification; or

(d) Failure to diligently pursue an approved adjustment proposal, and 2 years have elapsed since the date of certification.

Subpart D—Assistance to Industries

§ 315.14 Assistance to firms in import-impacted industries.

(a) Whenever the International Trade Commission makes an affirmative finding under section 202(B) of the Trade Act that increased imports are a substantial cause of serious injury or threat thereof with respect to an industry, EDA shall provide to the firms in such industry, assistance in the preparation and processing of petitions and applications for benefits under programs which may facilitate the orderly adjustment to import competition of such firms.

(b) EDA may provide technical assistance, on such terms and conditions as EDA deems appropriate for the establishment of industry wide programs for new product development, new

process development, export development or other uses consistent with the purposes of this part.

(c) Expenditures for technical assistance under this section may be up to \$10,000,000 annually per industry and shall be made under such terms and conditions as EDA deems appropriate.

PART 316—GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

- Sec.
- 316.1 Environment.
 - 316.2 Excess capacity.
 - 316.3 Nonrelocation.
 - 316.4 Procedures in disaster areas.
 - 316.5 Project servicing for loans and loan guarantees.
 - 316.6 Public information.
 - 316.7 Relocation assistance and land acquisition policies.
 - 316.8 Additional requirements; Federal policies and procedures.
 - 316.9 Amendments and changes.
 - 316.10 Preapproval award costs.
 - 316.11 Intergovernmental review of projects.
 - 316.12 Fees for paying attorneys and consultants.
 - 316.13 Economic development information clearinghouse.
 - 316.14 Project administration, operation, and maintenance.
 - 316.15 Maintenance of standards.
 - 316.16 Records and audits.
 - 316.17 Acceptance of certifications by applicants.
 - 316.18 Reports by recipients.
 - 316.19 Project administration by District organization.

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 3211, 42 U.S.C. 5141; 19 U.S.C. 2341, *et seq.*, Department of Commerce Organization Order 10-4.

SOURCE: 64 FR 5482, Feb. 3, 1999, unless otherwise noted.

§ 316.1 Environment.

(a) The purpose of this section is to ensure proper environmental review of EDA's actions under PWEDA and the Trade Act and to comply with the Federal environmental statutes and regulations in making a determination that balances economic development and environmental enhancement and mitigates adverse environmental impacts to the extent possible.

(b) Environmental assessments of EDA actions will be conducted in accordance with the statutes, regulations, and Executive Orders listed

below. This list will be supplemented and modified, as applicable, in EDA's annual FY NOFA.

(1) Requirements under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), Pub. L. 91-190, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.* as implemented under 40 CFR parts 1500 *et seq.* including the following:

(i) The implementing regulations of NEPA require EDA to provide public notice of the availability of project specific environmental documents such as environmental impact statements, environmental assessments, findings of no significant impact, records of decision etc., to the affected public as specified in 40 CFR 1506.6(b); and

(ii) Depending on the project location, environmental information concerning specific projects can be obtained from the Environmental Officer in the appropriate Washington, D.C. or regional office listed in the NOFA;

(2) Clean Air Act, Pub. L. 88-206 as amended, 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*;

(3) Clean Water Act (Federal Water Pollution Control Act), c. 758, 62 Stat. 1152 as amended, 33 U.S.C. 1251 *et seq.*;

(4) Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), Pub. L. 96-510, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 9601 *et seq.* and the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA), Pub. L. 99-499, as amended;

(5) Floodplain Management Executive Order 11988 (May 24, 1977);

(6) Protection of Wetlands Executive Order 11990 (May 24, 1977);

(7) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, Pub.L. 94-580 as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6901 *et seq.*;

(8) Historical and Archeological Data Preservation Act, Pub. L. 86-523, as amended, 16 U.S.C. § 469a-1 *et seq.*;

(9) National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, Pub. L. 89-665, as amended, 16 U.S.C. § 470 *et seq.*;

(10) Endangered Species Act of 1973, Pub. L. 93-205, as amended, 16 U.S.C. § 1531 *et seq.*;

(11) Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, Pub. L. 92-583, as amended, 16 U.S.C. § 1451 *et seq.*;

(12) Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, Pub. L. 93-234, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 4002 *et seq.*;