

the year following the year in which the participant becomes age 70½. If that date has already passed when the participant makes an election, the participant cannot choose a future date.

(c) If the withdrawal method chosen for future payment is a single payment or monthly payments (and the date specified for payment is more than four months in the future on the date the election form is processed), the participant will be notified before the date chosen that such payments are scheduled to begin. If the payments are eligible roll-over distributions, the participant may choose to transfer all or part of the payments to an Individual Retirement Arrangement (IRA) or another eligible retirement plan.

(d) If the withdrawal method chosen for future payment is an annuity (and the date specified for payment is more than four months in the future on the date the election form is processed), the participant will be notified before the date chosen. At that time, the participant will be sent information asking him or her to choose an annuity method, name a beneficiary (if the cash refund or 10-year certain feature is chosen), and provide any necessary spousal waiver or spousal information.

§ 1650.15 Required withdrawal date.

(a)(1) A participant must withdraw his or her account under §1650.10 or begin receiving payments under §§1650.11 or 1650.12 by April 1 of the year following the later of the year in which:

- (i) The participant turns 70½; or
- (ii) The participant separates from Government employment.

(2) However, in no event will a withdrawal be required under paragraph (a)(1) of this section until 1998.

(b) A separated participant may elect to withdraw his or her account or begin receiving payments before the date described in paragraph (a) of this section, but is not required to do so.

(c) In the event that a participant does not withdraw his or her account or begin receiving payments in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section, the Board will transfer all of the funds in the participant's account not already invested in the Government Securities Investment Fund (G Fund) to

that Fund. A notice of this action will be sent to the participant with a warning that his or her account will be declared abandoned and forfeited unless the participant comes into compliance with paragraph (a) of this section within 90 days of the date of the notice.

(d) If the participant does not take the appropriate withdrawal action within the 90 day period provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the Board will purchase an annuity for the participant after the following steps have been taken:

(1) The account has been declared abandoned and the funds in the account have been forfeited;

(2) A notice of this action has been sent to the participant;

(3) The participant reclaims the account balance that was abandoned, but decides against a withdrawal pursuant to §§1650.10 or 1650.11; and

(4) The participant provides the information that the Board needs to purchase an annuity pursuant to §1650.12.

[62 FR 49113, Sept. 18, 1997, as amended at 64 FR 31062, June 9, 1999]

§ 1650.16 Changes and cancellation of withdrawal election.

Subject to the rules relating to spouses' rights in subpart G of this part, a participant who has separated from Government employment can change his or her withdrawal election to any other withdrawal election or can cancel his or her withdrawal election if the change or cancellation can be processed before the withdrawal is disbursed.

Subpart C—Procedures for Post-Employment Withdrawals

§ 1650.20 Information to be provided by agency.

(a) *Information to be provided to the TSP.* When a TSP participant separates from Government employment, his or her employing agency must report the separation (including the date of separation) to the TSP record keeper. Until the TSP record keeper receives this information from the employing agency, it cannot process a post-employment withdrawal for the participant. A post-employment withdrawal cannot occur until at least 30 full calendar days have