

Subpart G—Spousal Rights**§ 1650.60 Spousal rights pertaining to post-employment withdrawals.**

(a) The spousal rights described in this section only apply to post-employment withdrawals when the participant's vested TSP account balance exceeds \$3,500.

(b) The spouse of a CSRS participant is entitled to notice when the participant applies for a post-employment withdrawal, unless the participant was granted an exception under § 1650.63 to the spouse notification requirement within 90 days of the date the withdrawal form is processed by the TSP. The participant must provide the TSP record keeper with the spouse's correct address. The TSP record keeper will send the required notice by first class mail to the most recent address provided by the participant.

(c) The spouse of a FERS participant has a right to a joint and survivor annuity with a 50 percent survivor benefit, level payments, and no cash refund when the participant elects a post-employment withdrawal. The participant may make a different withdrawal election only if his or her spouse waives the right to this annuity. To show that the spouse has waived the right to this annuity, the participant must submit to the TSP record keeper Form TSP-70, Withdrawal Election, or Form TSP-11-C, Spouse Information and Waiver, signed by his or her spouse. Once a form containing the spouse's waiver has been submitted to the TSP record keeper, the spouse's waiver is irrevocable for purposes of that form.

[62 FR 49113, Sept. 18, 1997, as amended at 67 FR 17605, Apr. 11, 2002]

§ 1650.61 Spousal rights when a separated participant changes post-employment withdrawal election.

(a) The spousal rights described in this section only apply to post-employment withdrawals when the participant's vested TSP account balance exceeds \$3,500.

(b) The spouse of a CSRS participant is entitled to notice if the participant changes his or her post-employment withdrawal election, unless the participant was granted an exception under

§ 1650.63 to the spouse notification requirement within 90 days of the date the form requesting the change is processed by the TSP. The participant must provide the TSP record keeper with the spouse's current address. The TSP record keeper will send the required notice by first class mail to the most recent address provided by the participant.

(c)(1) A married FERS participant who has made a post-employment withdrawal election and who wants to elect another withdrawal method (other than the annuity required in § 1650.60(c)) must obtain a waiver from the spouse to whom he or she is married on the date the new withdrawal form is signed, unless:

(i) That spouse previously signed a waiver of the required annuity in connection with an earlier post-employment withdrawal election made by the participant; or

(ii) The participant was granted within 90 days of the date on which the new withdrawal form is received by the TSP an exception under § 1650.64 to the requirement to obtain that spouse's signature for an in-service or post-employment withdrawal election.

(2) Once a form containing the spouse's waiver has been submitted to the TSP record keeper, the spouse's consent is irrevocable for purposes of that form.

[62 FR 49113, Sept. 18, 1997, as amended at 67 FR 17605, Apr. 11, 2002]

§ 1650.62 Spousal rights pertaining to in-service withdrawals.

(a) The spousal rights described in this section apply to all in-service withdrawals and do not depend on the amount of the participant's vested account balance or the amount requested to be withdrawn.

(b) The spouse of a CSRS participant is entitled to notice when the participant applies for an in-service withdrawal, unless the participant was granted within 90 days of the date on which the withdrawal form is received by the TSP an exception to the notice requirement under § 1650.63. The participant must provide the TSP record keeper with the spouse's correct address. The TSP record keeper will send the required notice by first class mail