

## Food and Nutrition Service, USDA

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funds. Advances made by the State agency to local agencies shall also conform to these same standards.

(j) *Local agency financial management.* The State agency shall ensure that all local agencies develop and implement a financial management system consistent with the requirements prescribed by the State agency pursuant to the requirements of this section.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0584-0063)

[46 FR 6341, Jan. 21, 1981, as amended at 47 FR 746, Jan. 7, 1982]

### § 247.10 Caseload assignment and administrative funding.

(a) *State agency caseload assignment.* (1) FNS shall assign caseload to State agencies on December 1 of each year or within 30 days after enactment of appropriations legislation covering the full fiscal year, whichever comes later. In the event appropriations legislation for the year is not enacted by December 1, caseload assignments for the previous caseload cycle shall remain in effect, subject to the availability of sufficient funding, until assignments are made for the current caseload cycle. Any caseload assigned for a period beyond the end of the current fiscal year shall be available only to the extent that program funds are appropriated for the next fiscal year.

(2) To the extent that funds are available, FNS shall assign caseload to State agencies in the following order.

(i) State agencies for the three elderly feeding projects in Detroit, New Orleans, and Des Moines shall be assigned caseload equal to the level of participation for each project in December 1985.

(ii) Currently participating State agencies, except those entering their second cycle of program service, shall receive caseload in amounts equal to the greatest of their total participation of women, infants, and children, and elderly persons (except for caseload equal to the December 1985 level of participation at the three elderly feeding projects) during September, or monthly average participation for the period July through September, or for the prior fiscal year; provided, however, that a State agency shall not receive caseload under this paragraph in excess of caseload assigned for the preceding

caseload cycle. State agencies entering their second caseload cycle of program service shall receive caseload equal to the caseload level assigned for their first cycle of program service.

(iii) Requests from currently participating State agencies to expand service to women, infants, and children, and the elderly, shall be addressed in the following manner. Expansion requests to increase service to women, infants, and children shall receive priority over expansion requests to increase service to the elderly.

(A) State agencies shall be eligible to receive expansion caseload only if, during the preceding September, the period July through September, or the prior fiscal year, their monthly average participation equaled at least 90 percent of their assigned caseload level for the preceding caseload cycle.

(B) State agencies requesting expansion caseload to increase service to women, infants, and children shall be assigned the lesser of an equal share of available caseload or the amount of expansion caseload FNS has determined that the State agency needs and can effectively manage. If any State agencies' shares exceed their approved requests, the excess caseload shall be divided equally among State agencies whose approved requests exceed their shares.

(C) State agencies requesting expansion caseload to increase service to the elderly shall be assigned the lesser of an equal share of available caseload or the amount of expansion caseload FNS has determined that the State agency needs and can effectively manage. If any State agencies' shares exceed their approved requests, the excess caseload shall be divided equally among State agencies whose approved requests exceed their shares.

(iv) Requests from State agencies to initiate program service for women, infants, and children, and the elderly shall be addressed in the following manner. Requests to initiate service to women, infants, and children shall receive priority over requests to initiate service to the elderly.

(A) State agencies with approved State plans incorporating requests for program initiation to provide service to women, infants, and children shall

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be assigned caseload in the same manner described in paragraph (a)(2)(iii)(B) of this section.

(B) State agencies with approved State plans incorporating requests for program initiation to provide service to the elderly shall be assigned caseload in the same manner described in paragraph (a)(2)(iii)(C) of this section.

(b) *Administrative funding.* This subsection provides the policies and procedures for payment by FNS of funds for administrative costs to participating State agencies and disbursement by State agencies to local agencies. Funds shall be paid to State agencies as specified in § 247.9, Financial Management Systems. As a prerequisite to the receipt of such funds each fiscal year, the State agency shall have executed a written agreement with the Department and shall have received FNS approval of its State Plan.

(1) Funds for total State administrative costs for each fiscal year shall be allocated by FNS based on 15 percent of the sum of the annual appropriation for the program and the value of commodities provided without charge or credit by the Department to States and distributed by local agencies as part of, and in addition to, the food package.

(2) From the portion of program funds equal to 15 percent of the annual appropriation, each State shall receive an administrative grant proportionate to its share of the total caseload assigned. Each State agency shall receive its share of this funding on a quarterly basis.

(3) In addition to the funding provided under paragraph (b)(2) of this section, States shall receive administrative funding to support distribution of commodities provided without charge or credit by the Department to States and distributed as part of, and in addition to, the program food package. Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, FNS shall estimate the value of such commodities expected to be distributed to participants by local agencies in each State during the fiscal year. Fifteen percent of this estimated amount shall be provided to each State agency. Funds provided under this paragraph shall be identified and accounted for by FNS separately from funds provided under paragraph (b)(2)

of this section. After the end of the fiscal year, FNS shall compute the actual value of such commodities reported as distributed to participants by local agencies in each State. Unit values of such commodities shall be provided by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service. FNS shall make whatever adjustments are necessary to ensure that each State agency has received administrative funding equal to 15 percent of the value of such commodities reported as distributed to participants by its local agencies during the fiscal year.

(4) To ensure that State agencies can properly budget for program operations, FNS guarantees that 75 percent of the administrative funding provided to each State under paragraph (b)(2) of this section will be protected from recoveries during the current fiscal year.

(5) The State agency may retain a percentage of administrative funding for State level use, based on the following formula: 15 percent of the first \$50,000; plus 10 percent of the next \$100,000; plus 5 percent of the next \$250,000. The State may retain a maximum amount of \$30,000 annually for its administrative expenditures. However, if the State agency provides warehousing services, FNS approval may be requested at the beginning of the applicable fiscal year for funds greater than those allowed under the formula, provided that the State agency can document the need and ensure that the increase will not impose undue hardship on local agencies. The remaining funds and any unused funds at the State level shall be distributed to the local agencies.

(6) The State agency, in providing administrative funds to local agencies, shall apportion such funds among the local agencies on the basis of their respective needs so as to ensure that those local agencies evidencing higher administrative costs, while demonstrating prudent management and fiscal controls, receive a greater portion of the administrative funds.

(c) *Reallocation.* FNS reserves the right to periodically recover and redistribute unused caseload slots and unspent administrative funds (subject to the limitation in paragraph (b)(4) of

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this section). In the event that case-load slots are recovered, they shall be allocated in accordance with the order of funding established in § 247.10(a)(2).

[51 FR 32901, Sept. 17, 1986, as amended at 53 FR 4840, Feb. 18, 1988; 62 FR 55145, Oct. 23, 1997]

### § 247.11 Administrative costs.

(a) *General.* Funds provided to State and local agencies may be used to cover administrative costs identified under FMC 74-4 which State agencies determine to be necessary to carry out the Program within their jurisdiction.

(b) *Allowable costs.* The following costs are specifically identified as illustrative of costs allowable under the Program:

(1) The cost of certification procedures including: (i) Laboratory fees incurred for tests conducted to determine the eligibility of persons to participate in the Program; (ii) expendable medical supplies necessary to determine the eligibility of persons to participate in the Program; and (iii) centrifuges, measuring boards, skin fold calipers, spectrophotometers, hematofluorometers, hemoglobinometers, and scales used for determining the eligibility of persons, provided that expenditure limits will be set by FNS for each piece of equipment and expenditures which exceed the limits shall receive prior approval by the FNS Regional Office.

(2) The cost of nutrition education services provided to participants and parents and guardians of participants, and used for training local agency staff members;

(3) The cost of transporting food and of administering the food distribution system;

(4) The cost of interpreters and translators for Program materials;

(5) The cost of outreach services;

(6) The cost of audits and fair hearings;

(7) General administration of the State and local agencies including, but not limited to, personnel, warehousing, and insurance;

(8) The cost of monitoring and reviewing Program operations; and

(9) The cost of transportation for participants to and from the local agency when the local agency has determined

and documented the need for such assistance.

(c) *Restrictions on allowable costs.* The following costs are allowable only with the prior approval of FNS.

(1) Automatic Data Processing equipment and system purchases whether by outright purchase, rental-purchase agreement or other method of purchase;

(2) Capital expenditures over \$2,500.00 such as the cost of facilities, equipment, other capital assets and any repairs that materially increase the value or useful life of capital assets, provided that any subsequent sale of real or personal properties, purchased in whole or in part with Program funds, shall be used to reimburse FNS in an amount computed by applying to the sale proceeds the percentage of FNS participation in the original acquisition costs;

(3) Occupancy of space under rental-purchase or a lease with option to purchase agreements;

(4) Equipment rental costs where the agreement provides for rental-purchase or a lease with option to purchase; and

(5) Management studies performed by agencies or departments other than the State or local agency or those performed by outside consultants under contract with the State or local agency.

(d) *Unallowable costs.* Expenditures by a State agency or local agencies which result in costs that may not be applicable to the Program objectives are "unallowable costs." A State agency's system for financial management shall identify such unallowable costs. In addition to unallowable costs identified in FMC 74-4 the following are specifically unallowable costs for reimbursement by FNS:

(1) Costs incurred for rearrangement and alteration of facilities not required specifically for the program;

(2) Actual losses which could have been covered by permissible insurance (through an approved self-insurance program or otherwise).

### § 247.12 Program income.

Program income means gross income the State agency or local agencies earn from grant supported activities, with the exception of income from the sale