

Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA

§ 1493.300

(1) A written statement that exports under the facility payment guarantee have been completed;

(2) The information requested in §1493.280(a) for the shipment(s) included in the final report; and

(3) The combined total of all dollar amounts reported under §1493.280 (a) and (b) for all reports.

(c) *Time limit for submission of evidence of export report.* Unless extended by CCC for good cause, the exporter must submit to CCC an evidence of export report:

(1) Within 60 days of the date goods are exported by rail or truck;

(2) Within 30 days of the date goods are exported by any other carrier; or

(3) Within 30 days of the date of export of services.

(d) *Late reports.* If the evidence of export report is not received by CCC within the time period for filing, the facility payment guarantee will become null and void only if and only to the extent that failure to make timely filing resulted, or would likely result, in:

(1) Significant financial harm to CCC;

(2) The undermining of an essential regulatory purpose of the FGP;

(3) The obstruction of the fair administration of the FGP; or

(4) A threat to the integrity of the FGP.

§ 1493.290 Proof of entry.

(a) *Diversion.* The diversion of goods covered by a facility payment guarantee to a country other than that shown on the facility payment guarantee is prohibited, unless expressly authorized by the GSM.

(b) *Records of proof of entry.* Exporters must obtain and maintain records of an official or customary commercial nature and grant authorized USDA officials access to such documents or records as may be necessary to demonstrate the arrival of the goods authorized by the facility payment guarantee. Records demonstrating proof of entry must be in English or be accompanied by a certified or other translation acceptable to CCC. Records acceptable to meet this requirement include:

(1) For goods: An original certificate, signed by a duly authorized customs or port official of the emerging market, by the importer, by an agent or representative of the vessel or ship line which delivered the goods to the emerging market, or by a private surveyor in the emerging market, or other documentation deemed acceptable by CCC:

(i) Showing that the goods entered the emerging market;

(ii) Identifying the export carrier;

(iii) Describing the goods; and

(iv) Indicating date and place the goods were unloaded in the emerging market.

(2) [Reserved]

§ 1493.300 Notice of default and claims for loss.

(a) *Notice of default.* If the foreign bank issuing the letter of credit fails to make payment pursuant to the terms of the foreign bank letter of credit or related obligation, the exporter or the exporter's assignee must submit a notice of default to CCC as soon as possible, but not later than ten days after the date that payment was due from the foreign bank (the due date). A notice of default must be submitted in writing to the Treasurer, CCC, at the address specified in the Contacts P/R. If the exporter or the exporter's assignee fails to promptly notify CCC of defaults in accordance with this paragraph, CCC may make the facility payment guarantee null and void with respect to any payment(s) applicable to such default. This time limit may be extended only under extraordinary circumstances and if approved by the Controller, CCC. The notice of default must include:

(1) Facility payment guarantee number;

(2) Name of the emerging market;

(3) Name of the defaulting bank;

(4) Payment due date;

(5) Total amount of the defaulted payment due, indicating separately the amounts for principal and interest;

(6) Date of foreign bank's refusal to pay, if applicable; and

(7) Reason for the foreign bank's refusal to pay, if known.

(b) *Filing a claim for loss.* A claim for a loss by the exporter or the exporter's

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assignee will not be paid if it is made later than six months from the due date of the defaulted payment. A claim for loss must be submitted in writing to the Treasurer, CCC, at the address specified in the Contacts P/R. The claim for loss must include the following information and documents:

(1) Facility payment guarantee number;

(2) A certification that the scheduled payment has not been received;

(3) A certification of the amount of accrued interest in default, the date interest began to accrue and the interest rate on the foreign bank obligation applicable to the claim; and

(4) A copy of each of the following documents, with a cover document containing a signed certification by the exporter or the exporter's assignee that each page of each document is a true and correct copy:

(i)(A) The foreign bank's letter of credit securing the export sale, and;

(B) If applicable, the document(s) evidencing the related obligation owed by the foreign bank to the assignee financial institution which is related to the foreign bank's letter of credit issued in favor of the exporter.

(ii) Depending upon the method of shipment, the negotiable ocean carrier or intermodal bill(s) of lading signed by the shipping company with the on-board ocean carrier date for each shipment, the airway bill; or, if shipped by rail or truck, the entry certificate or similar document signed by an official of the emerging market;

(iii) The exporter's sales invoice(s) showing the value and basis of sale (e.g., FOB, CFR, or CIF) or, if services are billed separately, documents that the exporter or its assignee relied upon in extending the credit to the issuing foreign bank;

(iv) An instrument, in form and substance satisfactory to CCC, subrogating to CCC the respective rights of the exporter and the exporter's assignee, if applicable, to the amount of payment in default. The instrument must reference the applicable foreign bank letter of credit and the related obligation, if applicable; and

(v) A copy of the evidence of export report(s) previously submitted by the exporter to CCC pursuant to §1493.280.

(c) *Subsequent claims for defaults on installments.* The exporter or an exporter's assignee need only provide one claim which meets full documentation requirements relating to a covered transaction. For subsequent claims relating to such failures of the foreign bank to make scheduled installments on the same export, the exporter or the exporter's assignee need only submit to CCC a notice of such failure containing the information stated in paragraphs (b) (1), (2), and (3) of this section; an instrument of subrogation as per paragraph (b)(4)(iv) of this section, and the date the original claim was filed with CCC.

§ 1493.310 **Payment for loss.**

(a) *Determination of CCC's liability.* Upon receipt in good order of the information and documents required under §1493.300, CCC will determine whether or not a loss has occurred for which CCC is liable under the facility payment guarantee, this subpart, program announcement(s) and notice(s) to participants. If CCC determines that it is liable to the exporter or the exporter's assignee, CCC will pay the exporter or the exporter's assignee in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.

(b) *Amount of CCC's liability.* CCC's maximum liability for any claims for loss submitted with respect to any facility payment guarantee, not including any late interest payments due in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section, will be limited to the lesser of:

(1) The guaranteed value as stated in the facility payment guarantee, plus eligible interest; or

(2) The guaranteed percentage (as indicated in the facility payment guarantee) of the exported value indicated in the evidence of export report (§1493.280(a)(7)), plus eligible interest.

(c) *Late interest payment.* If a claim is not paid within one day of receipt of a claim which CCC has determined to be in good order, late interest will accrue in favor of the exporter or the exporter's assignee beginning with the first day after the claim was found by CCC to be in good order and continuing until and including the date that payment is made by CCC. Late interest will be paid on the guaranteed amount,