

§ 655.215

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shall be subject to provisions of 8 CFR 214.2(h)(3)(i).

(b) The Hearing Officer, within five working days after receipt of the case file shall, on the basis of the written record and due consideration of any written memorandums of law submitted, either affirm, reverse or modify the RA's denial by written decision. The decision of the Hearing Officer shall specify the reasons for the action taken and shall be immediately provided to the employer, RA, Administrator, and INS by means normally assuring next-day delivery. The Hearing Officer's decision shall be the final decision of the Department of Labor and no further review shall be given to the temporary labor certification determination by any Department of Labor official.

[59 FR 41876, Aug. 15, 1994]

§ 655.215 Territory of Guam.

Subpart C of this part does not apply to temporary employment in the Territory of Guam, and the Department of Labor does not certify to the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) the temporary employment of nonimmigrant aliens under H-2B visas in the Territory of Guam. Pursuant to INS regulations, that function is performed by the Governor of Guam, or the Governor's designated representative within the Territorial Government.

[56 FR 56876, Nov. 6, 1991]

Subpart D—Attestations by Facilities Using Nonimmigrant Aliens as Registered Nurses

SOURCE: 59 FR 882, 897, Jan. 6, 1994, unless otherwise noted.

§ 655.300 Purpose and scope of subparts D and E.

(a) *Purpose.* The Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) establishes the H-1A program to provide relief for the nursing shortage crisis. Subpart D of this part sets forth the procedure by which health care facilities seeking to use nonimmigrant registered nurses may submit attestations to the Department of Labor relating to the effects of the nursing shortage on their oper-

ations, their efforts to recruit and retain United States workers as registered nurses and certain information on wages and working conditions for nurses at the facility. Subpart E of this part sets forth complaint, investigation, and penalty provisions with respect to such attestations.

(b) *Procedure.* The INA establishes a procedure for health care facilities to follow in seeking admission to the United States for, or use of, nonimmigrant nurses under H-1A visas. The procedure is designed to reduce reliance on nonimmigrant nurses in the future, and calls of the health care facility to attest, and be able to demonstrate, that, e.g., there would be substantial disruption to health services without the nonimmigrant nurses and that it is taking timely and significant steps to develop, recruit, and retain U.S. nurses. Subparts D and E of this part set forth the specific requirements for those procedures.

(c) *Applicability.* (1) Subparts D and E of this part apply to all facilities that seek the temporary admission or use of nonimmigrants as registered nurses.

(2) During the period that the provisions of appendix 1603.D.4 of Annex 1603 of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) apply, subparts D and E of this part shall apply to the entry of a nonimmigrant who is a citizen of Mexico under and pursuant to the provisions of section D of Annex 1603 of NAFTA.

§ 655.301 Overview of process.

This section provides a context for the attestation process, to facilitate understanding by health care facilities that may seek nonimmigrant nurses under H-1A visas.

(a) *Federal agencies' responsibilities.* The United States Department of Labor (DOL), Department of Justice, and Department of State are involved in the H-1A visa process. Within DOL, the Employment and Training Administration (ETA) and the Employment Standards Administration (ESA) have responsibility for different aspects of the process.

(b) *Health care facility's attestation responsibilities.* Each health care facility seeking one or more H-1A nurses shall, as the first step, submit an attestation