

for the purpose of evading the obligation to provide relocation assistance;

(ii) The person moved into the property after the date described in paragraph (h)(1)(i) of this section, but before commencing occupancy, received written notice of the project, its possible impact on the person (e.g., that the person may be displaced, temporarily relocated, or suffer a rent increase) and the fact that he or she would not qualify as a “displaced person” (or for assistance under this section) as a result of the project;

(iii) The person is ineligible under 49 CFR 24.2(g)(2); or

(iv) HUD determines that the person was not displaced as a direct result of acquisition, rehabilitation, or demolition for the project.

(3) The PHA may, at any time, ask HUD to determine whether a displacement is or would be covered by this section.

(i) *Definition of initiation of negotiations.* For purposes of this section, the term “initiation of negotiations” means:

(1) For conventional or acquisition projects:

(i) Where the PHA purchases the real property through an arm’s-length transaction (as described in 49 CFR 24.101(a)(1)), the seller’s acceptance of the PHA’s written offer to purchase the property (i.e., the seller’s execution of form HUD-51971-II), provided the PHA later purchases the property; or such other date, as may be determined by the PHA with the approval of the HUD Field Office; or

(ii) Where the PHA’s purchase of the real property does not qualify as an arm’s-length transaction under 49 CFR 24.101(a)(1), the delivery of the initial written purchase offer from the PHA to the Owner of the property (i.e., the PHA executed form HUD-51971-II). However, if the PHA issues a notice of intent to acquire the property, and a person moves after that notice, but before the initial written purchase offer, the “initiation of negotiations” is the actual move of the person from the property;

(2) For turnkey projects, HUD Field Office approval of the PHA’s proposal incorporating the developer’s proposal,

provided the contract of sale is later executed; or

(3) For major reconstruction of obsolete projects, the PHA’s issuance of the invitation for bids for the project.

(Approved by Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Number 2506-0121)

[59 FR 29344, June 6, 1994]

#### § 941.208 Other Federal requirements.

(a) *General.* The PHA shall be subject to all statutory, regulatory, and executive order requirements applicable to public housing development (see, e.g., 24 CFR parts 5, 8, 35, 50, and 965), as may be more fully described by HUD in notices, handbooks, or other guidance.

(b) *Lead-based paint.* The relevant requirements of the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821-4846), the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851-4856), and implementing regulations at part 35, subparts A, B, L, and R of this title apply to the program.

[61 FR 38018, July 22, 1996, as amended at 64 FR 50228, Sept. 15, 1999]

#### § 941.209 Audit.

All PHAs that receive funds under this part for the development of low-income housing shall comply with audit requirements in 24 CFR part 44.

[50 FR 39092, Sept. 27, 1985; 51 FR 30480, Aug. 27, 1986]

### Subpart C—Application and Proposal

SOURCE: 61 FR 38018, July 22, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 941.301 Application.

If funding is made available for public housing development, HUD will provide information about fund allocation, application deadline, and selection criteria and procedures through a Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA).

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 61 FR 38018, July 22, 1996, § 941.301 was revised. This section contains information collection and record-keeping requirements and will not become effective until approval has been given by the Office of Management and Budget. When